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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXII. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 24, 1890.—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LITTLE BEN HARRISON

AT A DISCOUNT WITH ALL THE PARTY LEADERS.

EVEN WINDOM IS COOL WITH HIM.

The Financial Question Gets All the Republican Factions by the Ears—They Do Not Know What to Do with It.

WASHINGTON, December 23.—[Special.]—It has developed since financial matters have come to the front in such bold relief that a marked coolness exists between President Harrison and his secretary of the treasury, Mr. Windom.

The latter official, when Mr. Harrison was preparing his message, impressed upon him the necessity of making finance the leading subject, and he was particularly anxious that the president should devote some space to his bond scheme. All the members of the cabinet agreed with Mr. Windom, but Mr. Harrison would not hear to it. He could only see the force bill, and made that the keynote of his message. Mr. Windom has since requested that he send a special message to congress on the subject of finance. But again the president refused, on the ground that he wanted nothing to interfere with the force bill. When that was out of the way, he said, he would consider other matters, but not before.

As a consequence Mr. Windom feels exceedingly chagrined. Indeed, he is downright mad, and there has been talk of his resignation, but that will not be.

One Cent Postage.

Chairman Bingham, of the house committee on postoffices, says there will be no bill reported by his committee this session for the reduction of letter postage to 1 cent. He says the condition of the postal revenues will not permit this reduction at present, although he hopes to see it in the near future.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas.

One of the democratic senators whose term expires on the 4th of March, and who has neither been re-elected nor has a successor elected, is Senator George K. Jones, of Arkansas.

Senator Jones has opposition but he will be re-elected, although he might have to fight for it. But, on account of the pending force bill, he will probably not be able to leave Washington. Naturally, this is an obstacle in his way, but no southern state will ever turn down a man with the reputation and ability of Senator Jones. That he will not leave his post of duty is to his credit.

Senator Jones stands second to no man on the democratic side of the senate. His speech on the force bill ten days ago was a magnificent exposure of the iniquity of that infamous measure—a speech that would convince any unprejudiced and non-partisan mind.

Senator Jones is a born orator and a genuine statesman. His defeat would cripple the democratic side of the senate, consequently every democratic senator is right now deeply interested in the Arkansas contest.

Is Brice Against Cleveland?

A member of the democratic national committee, who was in Washington recently, told a story about the enmity between Hill and Cleveland during the last campaign, which places the matter in an entirely new light from which it has heretofore been represented.

"Instead of Hill knifing Cleveland," he said, "Cleveland knifed himself. I know that Hill came to Brice and offered to do anything in his power to carry New York for Cleveland. He made all manner of overtures. Brice went to Cleveland and did all in his power to have the president meet Hill half way. Then Cleveland's innate selfishness came to the surface. He refused to do anything. He believed himself greater than his party. He felt that he had been the cause of democratic victory in '84, and believed that he would repeat it. He was determined to ignore Hill and he did it. But Brice was the most disgusted man in America. He lost all patience in Cleveland and he has not regained it yet. If Brice has a hand in the naming of the next democratic nominee it will not be Cleveland. That's a certainty."

Harrison Goes Down With His Pet.

The shelving of the force bill, which now seems certain, takes Mr. Harrison entirety out of the field as a presidential possibility in 1892. His force bill recommendations have been the leading features in both his messages, and the passage of such a bill seems to have been his highest ambition. The defeat of this measure is the defeat of Harrison. It makes his administration a total failure and it brings Mr. Blaine out prominently to the front as the biggest and brainest man in the republican party.

However, it is a long time before '92 and there are many western republicans—free coinage men—who might bulge to the front within the next two years. However, right now it looks like Blaine. E. W. B.

North Carolinians at Dinner.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 23.—[Special.]—Governor Fowle left here today for Georgetown, S. C., where he will spend the holidays as the guest of prominent South Carolinians. Colonel John D. Whiteford, of Newberne, accompanied him.

Colonel L. L. Polk, president of the national alliance, will arrive here tomorrow to spend the holidays with his family. While here he will probably appoint a private secretary.

Stamped His Life Out.

DANVILLE, Va., December 23.—A shocking tragedy occurred here today. Edward Enoch, a railroad man, and James Gravett, a carpenter, were in a saloon, and both under the influence of liquor. They began to quarrel about some trivial matter, and Gravett insulted Enoch, when the latter knocked him down and literally stamped him to death with his heavy boots. Gravett's head was crushed and he died almost instantly. Enoch was arrested.

Robbery in Union.

UNION, S. C., December 23.—[Special.]—A bold robbery was committed in our quiet city last Saturday night. Some one entered the barroom of J. W. Swink, on Main street, about 12 o'clock, and took about $25 and two suits of clothes. The thief made good his escape. No clue has yet been obtained. Although the police force have spotted one or two. No arrests have yet been made.

The Executive Clemency Exercised.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—Governor Jones this morning exercised executive clemency, and saved a lunatic from the infliction of the death sentence.

Walter Darnel was convicted in the Russell circuit court of assaulting a negro woman, Sallie Day, and was sentenced to be hung last Friday.

A Firm in Liquidation.

GREENVILLE, Miss., December 23—[Special.] S. Feld & Co., proprietors of the famous dry goods house of this city and the branch stores at Winterville and Coldwater, in this county, assigned this evening to the First National bank of this city. The assets and liabilities are not known.

Released From Custody.

GREENVILLE, Miss., December 23.—[Special.]—E. L. Smith, who killed Bob Atkinson at Arcola, last week, was today released, the grand jury failing to find a true bill against him.

NOTHING BUT AN INDIAN.

The Blanket Taken Off of the Sioux New Messiah.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., December 23. The police have arrested Messiah Doem in Red Cloud's camp. When they pulled the blanket off they found an intelligent but harmless crank, M. C. Hopkins by name, from Nashua, Ia. He claimed he was here in the interest of peace and that he has come because the Indians misterpreted his message. He wanted to go to the Bad Lands, but Agent Royer changed the address to Chadrin, starting him under an escort of police. Some of the Indians are indignant over his arrest, while others laughed and said he was a crazy fool. None of the chiefs take any stock in him, and Red Cloud came up to him and said "You go home. You are no Son of God."

The Messiah claims he will go to the Bad Lands. One hundred friendlies have left on their peace mission. They took three wagon loads of rations.

THE INDIANS SURRENDERING.

WASHINGTON, December 23.—General Schofield has received the following telegram from General Ruger, under date of St. Paul, Minn., December 22d:

Big Foot, with his following, including some of Sitting Bull's fugitives and those disaffected Indians in the Cherry creek district, Cheyenne river reservation, who joined Big Foot, surrendered yesterday to Colonel Sumner. The rest of Sitting Bull's people came to Cherry creek, with the exception of a few who may have sought shelter at Pine Ridge, and are on their way to Fort Bennett to surrender. The Big Foot people will be sent to Fort Meade, those surrendering at Bennett, probably to Sully. The surrender and disarmament of these two factions practically ends the probability of any serious trouble with the Indians of Cheyenne river and Standing Rock reservation, and is a good step towards ending the whole trouble.

TILLMAN'S APPOINTEES.

There Is Quite a Stew in Charleston About Them.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 23.—[Special.]—The governor's appointment of officers for the county has raised a howl, not only among the retormers, or Tillmanites, but also among a large class of what are known as the regulars, or the ring. It turns out that the rumors of a deal between Irby, the chairman of the Tillman committee, and the executive committee here, was true, Irby promising for Tillman that in case Charleston county was carried for Tillman, the Charleston delegation in the legislature would have the naming of the appointive offices. Tillman kept the bargain with one exception, removing trial Justice Bolger and appointing in his stead J. F. Britton, a Tillmanite. This makes Bolger mad, as it was said he would be reappointed if he could prove that he voted for Tillman. It seems he was the only one of the ring, or regulars, who voted for Haskell.

THE WHITE VOTERS INCENSED.

The reformers say that they were entirely abandoned by Tillman. A very large class of white voters is also incensed at the reappointment of William Ingless, a mulatto, as jury commissioner. Some of the personal friends of the late F. W. Dawson regard this recommendation by the Charleston legislative delegation as a direct insult to the memory of their friend. Ingless was the jury commissioner, it is believed, who packed the jury box to acquit McDow, Dawson's slayer. At any rate, it occurred during that court, for the first time in the history of Charleston, that seventeen out of thirty-six jurors were negroes, and as the colored people were offended at the murdered man for some fancied injury, Ingless, it is thought, managed to get in the unusual number of negro names in the box.

PEOPLE WILL GET TIRED OF THIS.

A very notable feature of the New England Society banquet last night was the fact that when the toast to South Carolina was proposed, it was drunk standing and in silence, just as is the custom to drink the memory of the dead. The New England Society and its banquet is very cosmopolitan as to policies and the incident was very marked.

A BOTTLE OF LAUDANUM

Chilled the Life-Blood of John Floyd, a Lee County Farmer.

OPELIKA, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—The citizens of Opelika were astounded beyond measure this morning by the announcement that Mr. John Floyd, the son of a prosperous Lee county farmer, had ended his own life by taking the contents of a small vial supposed to contain laudanum, during the night.

Yesterday Mr. Floyd drank a large quantity of cider, though several gentlemen who saw and conversed with him late yesterday evening say he seemed perfectly rational. For some time past he has threatened to end his existence, but nobody paid any attention to him, considering his threat an idle boast. Being tired of living is the only cause he assigned for wishing himself dead. He went to an undertaker's establishment yesterday, and selected a handsome metallic coffin, and remarked that as he would soon need it, to remember that that was the kind he wished to be buried in. He is a carpenter by trade, and, while in the establishment, helped complete an unfinished coffin. After leaving this establishment he went to several friends, and asked that they attend his funeral, at the same time bidding them goodbye. Everyone thought him jesting, and paid no attention to him. The reporter saw and conversed with the deceased a few days since, and he seemed perfectly sound both in body and mind. He comes of an excellent family, and his untimely end is deeply deplored. Mr. Floyd was about forty-five years old, being just in the prime of life.

THE STILLS DESTROYED,

And the Moonshiners Brought in and Put in Prison.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—A posse of revenue officers returned tonight from an exciting, but successful raid on moonshiners in Winston county. Last night they found a seventy-gallon still in full operation, and after a struggle arrested the three men in charge of it. The prisoners are Albert Barnett, Josh Moberly and Bill Holt, all old offenders, who have given the officers much trouble. The officers could not travel with their prisoners last night, and this morning they learned that a rescuing party were lying in wait for them on the road to the railroad station. They succeeded in dodging the rescuing party and after a long tramp through the woods, reached the railroad in safety, only one shot being fired at them. The still and all the stock on hand was destroyed.

The Fire of Saturday Night.

OPELIKA, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—The Saturday night fire in Opelika only destroyed an old wooden building, containing about $1,000 worth of furniture, belonging to Cooper Bro's., in the rear of the Opelika house. The Opelika house caught, but the flames were promptly extinguished by our gallant fire company without material damage to that excellent hotel.

New Buildings in Opelika.

OPELIKA, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—About fifteen handsome residences are being erected in Opelika, notwithstanding the stringency of the money market. There is quite a demand for residences and people are moving in regularly.

There are now about 6,000 bales of cotton in the Opelika warehouses, the largest quantity for years.

General Spinner Dying.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., December 23.—General Francis E. Spinner, ex-treasurer of the United States, is slowly dying at the residence of his son-in-law in this city. His disease is cancer on the face, and it is rapidly sapping away his vitality. Already it has eaten a deep hole near his eyes and nose, through which the pulsations of the brain are plainly perceptible.

THE CLOTURE TALK.

SENATOR ALDRICH INTRODUCES HIS RESOLUTION

TO CUT OFF DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

Hoar Chuckling Over His Prospect of Getting a Vote on the Force Bill, but the End Is Far Off Yet.

WASHINGTON, December 23.—[Special.]—Granny Hoar has, at last, succeeded in getting a gag rule resolution before the senate.

But it is as far from being adopted as ever.

Mr. Ingalls having deadlocked the committee on rules, there was no possibility of having that committee report a rule, but, at Hoar's earnest solicitation, Senator Aldrich today introduced the resolution, which contemplates a dastardly outrage upon the old established and virtuous rules and precedents of the senate.

The Cloture Resolution.

The resolution reads as follows:

Resolved, That for the remainder of this session, the rules of the senate be amended by adding thereto the following:

"When any bill or resolution, or other question, shall have been under consideration for a reasonbie time, it shall be in order for any senator to demand that debate thereon shall be closed. On such demands, no debate shall be in order, and pending such demand no other motion, except one motion to adjourn, shall be made. If such demand be seconded by a majority of the senators present, the vote shall forthwith be taken thereon without debate. If the senate shall decide to close debate on any bill, resolution or other question, the measure shall take precedence of all other business whatever and the question shall be on all pending amendments, if any are then pending, and upon the measure in its successive stages, according to the rules of the senate, but without further debate, except that every senator who may desire shall be permitted to speak upon the measure, including all the amendments, not more than once, and not exceeding thirty minutes. If the senate shall have decided to close debate as herein provided, no motion shall be in order but a motion to adjourn or to take a recess, when such motions shall be seconded by a majority of the senate. When either of such motions shall have been lost, or shall have failed of a second, it shall not be in order to renew the same until one senator shall have spoken upon the pending measure, or one vote upon the same has intervened pending the proceedings. Under the foregoing rules no proceedings in respect to a quorum shall be in order until it shall have appeared upon a division or on taking a yea and nay vote, that a quorum is not present and voting. All questions of order whether upon a bill or otherwise, shall be decided without debate; and pending proceedings under the foregoing rules, no obstructive or dilatory motions or proceedings of any kind shall be in order. For the said purpose, the following rules, namely: the seventh, eighth, nineth, tenth, twelfth, nineteenth, twenty-second, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, thirty-fifth and fortieth are modified.

To apply the above rule to the pending election bill, Mr. Aldrich also presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That a vote shall be taken on the bill of the house of representatives, 11,045 (the election bill), at successive stages, and all pending amendments at — o'clock on the day of ——, without further debate, and no other business shall be considered for such time until the bill and amendments are finally disposed of.

A Vote Not Asked For.

Neither Aldrich nor Hoar, however, had the temerity to ask a vote. Both knew it could not be passed, but they looked upon it as a step toward a final vote on the force bill.

Indeed, Senator Aldrich gave notice that he would not call the resolution up for action or debate for some time, and when he did contemplate such action he would give forty-eight hours' notice, for it has been decided that the senate shall take a recess from tomorrow afternoon until Saturday, when it simply meets again to adjourn over until Monday. Even now there is not a quorum of senators in the city, and on Monday it is expected the attendance will be so small the senate will again adjourn until the 2d of January.

When the senate meets again for actual business, Hoar and Aldrich will make an attempt to push the gag rule. But they will find the western silver senators with the track so blocked that the force bill will be ditched.

The Action on the Silver Bill.

The westerners are indignant today at the action of the senate finance committee. That committee early this morning reported the caucus financial bill to the senate, but it had been so changed as to give all the pie to the east, and leave the western men only to feast upon a vacuum. The fourth clause providing for the purchasing of silver to replace retired national bank notes, was stricken out, and the Windom 2 per cent bond scheme, the falacy of which was shown in Monday's CONSTITUTION, inserted in its stead.

This scheme is purely in the interest of the rich man who can deposit his money in the treasury and draw 2 per cent per annum on it, with the privilege of withdrawing it when he chooses. Thus the only encouragement to the silver men in the bill was withdrawn. They are consequently indignant.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who has the courage of his convictions, followed the reporting of this Wall street measure by the introduction of a free coinage amendment. Thus the issue has been squarely made.

The eastern men want their financial bill and the force bill. The westerners will accept nothing but free coinage, and their programme now is to swamp the gag rule and the force bill when the senate gets down to business again, and take up this financial bill, hoping to adopt free coinage. The majority of westerners would possibly trade their opposition to the force bill for free coinage, but the anti-free coinage men, while they would trade almost anything else for the force bill, would rather see that infamy a corpse than accept free coinage.

Thus the chances are that the eastern element will now have their hands full to prevent free coinage, and in this fight the gag rule and force bill will be knocked to smithereens.

A month having gone by, even with the force bill and the financial bill out of the way, the senate will have its hands full of appropriation and other important bills to get through by the 4th of March.

The Only Precedent.

Such a plan of procedure as the cloture or gag rule introduced by Senator Aldrich, was never attempted but once in the senate, and that was during the exciting period of the civil war. In 1863, as an exigency of war, President Lincoln had suspended the writ of habeas corpus. Before assuming to exercise that power, he had sought to obtain the approval of congress, but it had been refused. Subsequently a bill was introduced to approve the president's act, and to "indemnify" him, the term indemnify being employed because of the doubts entertained by many republicans as to the legality of the suspension, and the apprehensions that suits for damages would be instituted by parties alleging injury. The object of the bill was to relieve President Lincoln of all responsibility. The bill was opposed in both houses of congress by the republicans, as well as all the democrats then in congress. The time was drawing near the expiration of congress by limitation on March 4th. The two houses were sitting continuously. After midnight on March 1st, 1863, Senator Trumbull, of Illinois, submitted a conference report on the bill approving suspension of habeas corpus.

The Critical Moment.

The small coterie of democrats had prepared to fight the measure and to filibuster until the expiration of congress. Senator Powell, of Kentucky, was leading the democrats. Senator James A. J. Bayard, of Delaware, was detailed to open the fight of talk against time. Mr. Bayard was to speak from 1 o'clock until 6 o'clock a. m., and was to be succeeded by Senator Davis, of Kentucky. Senator Davis went home to get some sleep in order that he might be ready for a six-hour's speech at 6 o'clock a. m. Senator Bayard began, with Senator Powell on hand to relieve him occasionally by motions to adjourn, which necessitated roll calls, during which Senator Bayard could get a few minutes rest.

Senator Powell remained in the cloakroom, only going in the hall every hour to move an adjournment. The other democrats were absent. Senator Bayard spoke on until 4 o'clock, when Senator Powell made another motion to adjourn to relieve him.

The roll was called.

The Delaware senator being quite deaf, could hear little of the proceedings. Meantime, and prior to this rollcall, Senator Pomeroy, of Kansas, had been called to the chair.

THE BIG VILLIAN ON HAND.

As the rollcall proceeded Senator Bayard kept his eye on the presiding officer, expecting the usual recognition at the termination of the roll call.

Senator Pomeroy, who had had his cue, and, fully aware of Bayard's deafness, instead of again recognizing the Deleware senator, put the motion on the adoption of the conference report. It was promptly adopted by republican votes. Senator Powell, prior to the roll call, feeling easy as to the situation, having resumed his nap in the cloakroom. Immediately following the adoption of the report the republicans adjourned the senate, and it was not until the senators were preparing to leave the hall that Mr. Bayard comprehended that something unusual had occurred. He demanded recognition but was curtly advised by the chair that the senate had adjourned. Mr. Bayard protested vigorously but his protest was ignored.

This incident actually induced the resignation of Senator Bayard. He regarded his treatment as a personal insult, and an affront to the dignity of the senate. Immediately upon his resignation he was succeeded by his son, Thomas F. Bayard, Mr. Cleveland's secretary of state.

The Port Royal Dry Dock.

The contract for the construction of a dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., has been awarded to Justin McCarthy, of Washington, for $418,915.

All the Georgians except Senator Colquitt, Judge Crisp, Mr. Clements, Mr. Blount and Mr. Grimes have gone home for Christmas.

Mr. Clements called on the president this morning with some of his colleagues on the appropriations committee to give the president some facts about Rome and request that he sign the Rome public building bill. Mr. Clements jocularly suggested that he would accept the president's signature to his bill as his white house Christmas gift.

Capt. Harry Jackson spent today in Washington.

Gen. P. M. B. Young and Judge Twiggs, of Augusta, are also here.

Miss Mary R. Mason, of Georgia, has been promoted to a $1,200 clerkship in the pension office.

The bill to grant a pension of $20 to Mrs. E. J. Baldy, of Griffin, was reported to the senate today. E. W. B.

STEPHENS'S OLD TUTOR.

The Last Resting Place of Alexander Hamilton Webster.

WASHINGTON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.] One of the notable graves at Washington, Ga., is that of Alexander Hamilton Webster, the man who prepared the late Alexander Hamilton Stephens for his entrance into college. When the ladies of Washington, moved by the evident ability of young Aleck Stephens, decided to educate him, he was sent to Mr. Webster, a young Presbyterian minister, who had moved to Washington from the north. The two became very great friends, but were separated by the death of Mr. Webster, which occurred in 1828. It was the custom in those days to bury a deceased pastor near his church. Accordingly, visitors to the Presbyterian church at Washington can now see in the vestibule a marble box and slab marking the grave of Mr. Webster. In addition to the name and dates, the inscription is simply "A Congregation in Tears and a Pastor in Glory." The inscription was composed by Daniel Chandler. It is generally believed that Mr. Stephens was named for the great Alexander Hamilton. Not so. His name originally was Alexander Stephens, and he was named for his grandfather. His love for his teacher was so great, however, that he took a part of his name, calling himself Alexander Hamilton Stephens. Alexander Hamilton was a federalist. Alexander Hamilton Stephens was a Jeffersonian democrat.

A VERITABLE KING OF BIRDS.

An Eagle Which Beats any Bird of Its Kind.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—A negro on Mr. W. H. Jewell's place, a few miles above this city, killed an eagle on Saturday that, in point of size, outranks anything of the kind ever seen in this section. He was a king of birds, indeed, and his gigantic claws had thinned out the best crop of sheep and goats that has been raised in the neighborhood in years. The negro was given a Winchester rifle and was placed out to guard the flock, when the great intruder was discovered. He fired at him once and crippled him, then fired six other shots before he was killed. The bird measured about seven feet two inches from tip to tip. His claws were as large as a laborers's hand, and his head was as large and as hard as a brick. He weighed about fifty pounds, and was a giant in every respect. There is a mate to this bird in that locality, and an effort will be made to capture it alive.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, December 23.—Futures opened slightly dearer, presently declined, further declined, closing steady at a decline of eleven points on near, and five to seven points on other months from yesterday's closing prices. The early improvement of two or three points, was due to the fact that Liverpool did not follow our decline of yesterday as much as the old bears expected, hence some buying to cover contracts.

This done, renewed weakness was developed, and then the bulls renewed the process of unloading with fresh vigor. The decline in spot cotton, although our stock is quite small, was due mainly to pressure from the south to sell for prompt shipment. But it had a potent influence in causing a decline in January options. The difference between January and February increased to twenty points, and it must be a stout bull to stand this. Spot cotton was ⅛ c lower and dull.

The Compress at Work.

OPELIKA, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—The Opelika compress began work on the 15th instant, and is doing an excellent business. It has a daily capacity of 1,500 bales, and is one of the best and largest compresses in the south.

HENNESSEY ELECTED

BUT PARNELL SAYS HE WILL KEEP UP THE FIGHT,

AND WILL COME OUT VICTORIOUS.

Parnell Took His Defeat Calmly and Received an Ovation—But Scully Protests Against His Election.

KILKENNY, December 23.—The result of the election held yesterday to fill the seat for north Kilkenny in the house of commons, made vacant by the death of Mr. Marum, was announced at noon today. The polling resulted in a victory for the anti-Parnellites, their candidate, Sir John Pope Hennessy, being returned.

A revision of the count shows that the vote cast for Hennessy should be 2,527 instead of 2,502, as at first announced. It is stated here that Dr. Tanner is bringing suit against Mr. Parnell for libels contained in speeches made by the latter during the late political campaign. Leading members of the Parnellite party in this section, after the announcement of the defeat of Scully, were to be seen dolefully parading the courthouse passages, apparently being in a very despondent state of mind. As a matter of fact, the Parnellites were not so discouraged as they might be expected, for it is admitted that it was a victory for the priests, and that had they not adopted the tactics they did the result of the election might have been different.

PARNELL CARRIED BY HIS MEN.

Immediately after the sheriff had officially announced the result of the polling, the Parnellites present moved in a body to the front of the courthouse, and then, with cheers, they hoisted Parnell upon their shoulders and gave him a rousing reception. Parnell was upon the point of making a speech, when Timothy and Maurice Healy appeared among the crowd. The Parnellites resented the intrusion by assuming a menacing attitude, threatening personal violence to the Healys in case they did not leave.

Finally Parnell, in order to prevent what seemed likely to be a disgraceful row, asked the police to induce the Healys to withdraw. The police promptly acted upon Parnell's suggestion and the Healys were prevailed upon to depart under police protection. While the Healys were being escorted out of danger, Parnell diverted the attention of the crowd by resuming his attempt to make a speech, saying that he would not be turned aside from his determination to do his duty to Ireland, seeing that the result of the contest in north Kilkenny was brought about by conspiracy. Parnell added that he would go through Ireland fighting every election, and that he felt confident of eventual triumph.

AN ORDERLY ELECTION.

In spite of the excitement caused during the past week by the political struggle and though the actual result of the battle, was practically in doubt up to the hour of noon today, there was little or no excitement in the streets of Kilkenny this morning. Peace and quiet outwardly, at least, seemed to reign on all sides, the streets being the quietest portion of the town. Opposite and about the courthouse a small crowd gathered. Parnell, Harrington, Redmond, Scully, Hennessy and Healy were inside the courthouse at an early hour awaiting the actual announcement of the result. Though the Parnellites claimed up to the last moment that victory was hovering over their banners, the defeat of their candidate was virtually admitted long before the close of the polls yesterday. In view of the almost vital importance to both sides of the exciting political contest just decided, both parties deserve great credit for the fact that no collision took place and that the last day of the campaign, at least, was conspicuous for almost the entire absence of personal abuse which has recently been exchanged.

During the morning, as has been the case since the polls closed, the door of the "counting room," in the court house, was strictly guarded by the police, but there was no attempt to create any disturbance.

PARNELL SPEAKS.

Friendly demonstrations were made at most of the places at which Parnell stopped on his journey from Kilkenny to Dublin. He made several brief addresses on the trip, in which he declared that the fight had not been an equal one and that the electors had been misled. But the fall of the first fence, he said, need not cause despair. His friends had been forcibly prevented from doing their part at Kilkenny, where 1,300 electors voted blindly against him. He would not falter in his fight against the Davitt-Stead conspiracy. These men in their heart were enemies of the Irish movement.

SCULLY CONTESTS THE ELECTION.

Vincent Scully has lodged a petition protesting against the election of Hennessy on the ground of influence on the part of priests, particularly referring to the priests' action in connection with the illiterate voters of Castle Comer. It is stated that over 200 votes are challenged by the Parnellites.

CITY OFFICERS ELECTED.

The Men Who Will Conduct Macon's Affairs This Year.

MACON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The election for city officers took place tonight. For several of the places there were heated contests, and much interest was centered in them. The election resulted as follows: Clerk, Bridges Smith; treasurer, A. R. Tinsley; chief police, O. T. Kenan; chief fire department, L. M. Jones; recorder, M. R. Freeman; attorney, R. W. Patterson; sexton, D. A. Keating; market clerk, W. T. Nelson; bridge keeper, John Martin; magazine keeper, R. M. Smith; superintendent streets, James Denton; city physician, W. A. O'Daniel; city assessors, H. S. Edwards, T. S. Harris, H. B. Erminger.

The mayor appointed the following aldermen to the chairmanship of the different committees: Finance, J. T. Ware; public property, W. T. Shinholzer; encroachments, W. T. Morgan; fire, G. C. Connor; water, G. C. Connor; cemeteries, J. Van; lights, L. J. Lielenthal; charities, W. F. Carroll; ordinances, T. O. Chestery. This will place Messrs. Smith and Wine on the sewerage commission.

EXECUTION OF A WOMAN.

Mrs. Nellie Pearcy Hanged for the Murder of Mrs. Hogg.

LONDON, December 23.—Mrs. Nellie Pearcy was hanged this morning for the murder of Mrs. Hogg and her baby. Mrs. Hogg was the wife of a London porter. The crowd outside the prison walls set up a loud cheer when the black flag showing that the woman was hanging on the scaffold was raised upon the prison flagstaff. During the night the unfortunate woman was quiet and resigned and for several hours prayed in company with the prison chaplain. To the latter she confessed that the sentence passed upon her was a just one, though, she said the evidence upon which she was convicted was false.

The Nomination in Campbell.

FAIRBURN, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The primary election for county officers passed off quietly. It was held by order of the democratic executive committee on the 20th instant. The nominees are: J. L. Camp, sheriff; M. H. Wooddall, clerk; R. C. Rhodes, tax collector; J. J. Miles, tax receiver; A. J. Short, treasurer; J. B. Cleckler, surveyor; Dr. I. E. C. W. Smith, coroner. Andrew Jackson Short is one of our oldest citizens. He is seventy years old. He has lived in this county for nearly sixty years. He is better known in this and adjoining counties perhaps than any man in it.

A SAD DEATH.

Mrs. Calista S. Moon Passes Away After a Long Illness.

Monday morning at 5:15 o'clock, Mrs. Calista L. Moon, wife of Mr. Edward L. Moon, a compositor on THE CONSTITUTION, passed peacefully away at their home, No. 1 Washington street.

Mrs. Moon had been long an invalid. She was attacked with consumption several years ago, at their home in Ohio, and Mr. Moon brought her to Atlanta for the benefit of her health in November, 1889. But the insidious disease had gone too far to be arrested, and she slowly failed from day to day, despite the kindest ministration of loving hands until death claimed her.

She left no children, and her only near relative is Hon. George W. Glick, of Athison, Kas., the only democrat ever elected governor of that state, and a very prominent man in the west.

She was a devoted Christian, a member of the First Methodist church, and through all her long illness she bore up with Christian fortitude and resignation.

Mrs. Moon was born in Somerset, O., fifty-seven years ago, and next Friday, thirty-one years ago, she became the wife of Mr. Moon, in Fremont, O., whither she moved when quite young.

Services were conducted at the residence by Rev. Dr. Anderson, of the First Methodist, and Rev. Dr. I. S. Hopkins, yesterday afternoon.

Today Mr. Moon will start for Fremont with the remains of his beloved dead, and they will be laid to rest in that city Friday, the thirty-first anniversary of their wedding.

Mr. Moon will then visit his mother in Indiana before his return to the city.

During her entire illness Mrs. Moon was the recipient of many kindnesses from the neighbors, and her last days were soothed and comforted by them in every possible manner.

MALLON SOCIETY.

An Enjoyable Programme at the Girls' High School This Morning.

The Christmas holiday exercises of the Browning Society of the Girls' High School will be held in Browning hall this morning at 11 o'clock.

All the entertainments at the high school are occasions of rare enjoyment, and it goes without saying that Browning hall will be crowded this morning.

Complete preparations have been made for the entertainment which marks the close of the school for the holiday vacation, and the young ladies who will take part in the programme are certain to win the applause of all who attend their exercises.

Those who have been selected to participate in the programme are among the most talented pupils in the school, including the brightest young ladies in the senior and all the other classes.

Here is the programme to be given:

PROGRAMME.

Instrumental Music—"A Winter's Tale," Miss Marie Clowe, first class A.

Composition—"Christmas," Miss Nellie O'Donnelly, fourth class.

Recitation—"Brier Rose," Miss Cora Bacon, first class C.

Song—"Never to Know," Miss Beatrice Oliver, B C, Sr.

Recitation—"My Father's Ways," Miss Brightie Rowe, second class B.

Song—"My Cottage Home," by the fourth class.

Recitation—"Warden, Keep a Place For Me," Miss Mary Foute, second class A.

Recitation—"Betsy Hamilton's School Days," Miss Bessie Kimball, second class B.

Song—"Under the Dalsies," Miss Blanche Durant, third class.

Composition—"Peace on Earth and Good Will to Men," Miss Virginia Johnson.

SHOT HIS WIFE.

The Result of the Careless Handling of a Gun.

NORWOOD, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—Mr. C. L. Cason, a young farmer, formerly a member of the firm of McGinty & Cason, who resides near Cadley, about five miles from this place, accidentally shot and seriously wounded his wife this morning about 11 o'clock. Mr. Cason took his gun down from the rack, preparatory for hunting, and while carelessly handling it, it was discharged, the load taking effect under his wife's right arm, two shot striking her in the face, inflicting an ugly wound. Mrs. Cason at this writing is doing very well, and her condition is not considered dangerous. Mr. Cason is wild with grief over the sad tragedy.

The City Council of Stone Mountain.

STONE MOUNTAIN, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—At an election held here today for mayor and councilmen, the following gentlemen were elected: Mayor, Dr. C. L. Summey; councilmen, J. A. Campbell, J. X. Beauchamp, Dr. G. W. Maddox, J. R. Scruggs, J. S. Rankin and J. M. Goldsmith.

There was but very little opposition to the ticket. All of the gentlemen elected are wide-awake and progressive, so for twelve months at least, Stone Mountain will have a good council.

The Masons at Work.

FORT VALLEY, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The Masonic fraternity of Fort Valley Lodge No. 110, is preparing to celebrate December 27th, St. John's Day, in a very appropriate manner.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

A regular blizzard is raging in northwest Minnesota.

Jamison's Diary will be published in London today. He bitterly attacks Stanley.

Dr. Brennan has been appointed by the pope as bishop of Dallas, Tex.

Eight storehouses were burned in a fire in London on Monday night. The loss is heavy.

The pope yesterday received congratulations upon the fifty-third anniversary of his first celebration of mass.

The sugar house of Courtright Eustee, on the Pusier plantation, Louisiana, burned yesterday morning. Loss $100,000; insurance $50,000.

The strike in Scotland continues to extend. Traffic is now hopelessly behind almost everywhere along the lines of roads.

A tragedy occurred in Bartow, Fla., yesterday, in which two men named Shirly and Saunders were shot fatally by a man named Rice.

"The Atlantic Coast Line" has purchased property at the corner of Sixth street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, and will erect a fine building for general offices.

The next meeting of the Southern Educational Association will be held at Chattanooga one week before the meeting of the National Educational Association.

Dr. E. H. Riggan, a prominent resident of Mecklenburg county, Virginia, was murdered by negroes on last Saturday. The murderers were arrested and there are threats of lynching.

There was a decided earthquake shock at Knoxville, Tenn., yesterday morning about 6 o'clock. People from the surrounding country report that houses were shaken and dishes rattled.

An old wall of Armour's packing houses at Chicago stock yards was being demolished yesterday, when it collapsed, burying a number of men in the ruins. Two were taken out dead.

Wesley Tullis, a prominent young business man of New Corydon, Ind., yesterday shot and killed Miss Verona Travel, a young lady to whom he had been paying attention. He afterwards committed suicide.

Pat Fahey and Cornelius Sullivan, railroad section men, at Lexington, Ky., quarreled over the Parnell situation. Fahey struck Sullivan with an ax handle, when the latter cut Fahey's throat and stabbed him to the heart.

Mrs. Frances Willard, of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, publishes a letter in the Chicago papers, intimating that the failure of the bnker, Kean, was brought about by enemies of prohibition, the banker having worked so long and faithfully for the cause.

The president yesterday nominated Henry B. Brown, of Michigan, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, vice Samuel F. Miller, deceased. Also Colonel Chas. H. Sutherland, surgeon, to be surgeon general with the rank of brigadier general, vice PERKINS, deceased.

CLEVELAND'S SPEECH

AT THE BANQUET OF THE REFORM CLUB.

"THE CAMPAIGN OF EDUCATION."

The Ex-President Responds to the Toast. Mrs. Cleveland Cheered by the Assemblage—"Cleveland and '92."

NEW YORK, December 23.—The long-heralded dinner of the Reform Club took place tonight in the new concert hall of Madison Square Garden, and was attended with all the dignity and importance which months of careful arrangement on the part of the club could effect.

There were about 500 diners in the hall. The speakers' table was on a raised dais at the western end of the hall. Directly over the head of the chairman were six American flags, gracefully grouped with the flag of the state of New York in the center.

CHEERING MRS. CLEVELAND.

At 8:30 Mrs. Cleveland and party entered ne of the boxes. Her appearance was the signal for every man at the tables to rise to his feet, and amid the waving of handkerchiefs, Mrs. Cleveland was given three cheers. The lady arose and bowed, looking as pretty as ever in her figured satin gown of light cream, with puffed sleeves.

It was a brilliant scene at 9 o'clock when the chairman introduced Ex-President Grover Cleveland as the first speaker of the evening.

Mr. President and Gentlemen: I suppose I have a correct understanding of what is meant by "The Campaign of Education." Assuming this to be so, I desire before going further to acknowlege the valiant services in this campaign, of the organization whose invitation brings us together tonight. I may be permitted I hope to make this acknowledgement as a citizen interested in all that promises the increased prosperity of the country; and I shall also venture to do so as a democrat who recognizes the principle for which the campaign has thus far proceeded, a cardinal and vital doctrine of democratic creed. If I thus acknowledge the useful services in a democratic cause, of any who have not claimed long affiliation with my party, I feel that my democratic allegiance is strong enough to survive such an indulgence in fairness and decency. I am, too, at all times willing that the democratic party should be enlarged; and as tending in that direction, I am willing to accept and acknowledge in good faith honest help from any quarter when a struggle is pending for the supremacy of democratic principles. Indeed, I have an idea that in the campaign of education it was deemed important to appeal to the reason and judgment of the American people to the end that the democratic party should be reinforced as well as that the activity and zeal of those already in our ranks should be stimulated. If this be treason in the sight of those who, clothed in democratic uniform, would be glad to stand at the entrance of our camp and drive back recruits, I cannot help it. I have come here tonight, among other things, to rejoice in the numerous accessions we have received in aid of democratic endeavor and to give credit wherever it is due for the work of conversion.

The grand and ultimate object of the campaign of education was the promotion of the welfare of the country and the relief of the people from unjust burdens. In aid of this purpose and, of course, subordinate and accessory to its accomplishment, it became necessary first of all to arouse the democratic organization to an apprehension of the fact that the campaign involved a democratic principle, in the advocacy of which the party should be active and aggressive.

Let it be here confessed that we, as a party, had, in these latter days, been tempted by the successes our opponents had gained solely by temporary shifts and by appeals to prejudice and selfish interests, into paths which avoided too much the honest insistence upon definite and clearly defined principle and fundamental democratic doctrine. To be sure, some earnest men in the party could but ill conceal their dissatisfaction with the manner in which cardinal principles were relegated to the rear and expediency substituted as the hope of success; but the timid, the heedless and those who, though nominally belonging to the organization, were not of the faith, constantly rendered ineffective all attempts to restore the party to the firm and solid ground of democratic creed.

If these things are confessed, let it also be conceded that when the time came and the cries of a suffering people were heard, and when for their relief a genuine democratic remedy was proposed, the party easily recognized its duty and gave proof of its unconquerable democratic instincts. As soon as the campaign of education was inaugurated, the party was quickly marshaled as of the olden time, aggressive, courageous, devoted to its cause and heedless of discouragement or defeat. Day by day and hour by hour expediency and time-serving were thrown to the winds. Traitors were silenced, camp followers fell away or joined the scurvy band of floaters, while the sturdy democratic host confidently pressed on bearing aloft the banner of tariff reform. If any have wondered in the past at the tenacity and indestructibility of our party their wonder should cease when in the light of the last three years it is seen how gloriously it springs to the front at the call of its duty to the people, and in obedience to the summons of party loyalty and obligation.

Thus the education of the campaign meant, as related to the democracy, its awakening in response to the signal for its return to the propagandism of democratic doctrine.

The thoroughly aroused enthusiasm and determination of the party, and its allied thousands of good and earnest men drawn from the non-partisan intelligence and honesty of the land, saw no obstacle too formidable for attack and no end which was not within their reach. In a sublime confidence, almost amounting to audacity, they were willing to attempt the education of those high in the counsels of the republican party, and those who formulated that party's policy so far as such a thing existed.

I am afraid, however, that if this task may be considered a step in the campaign of education, the word education, as applied to those who were to be affected, must be construed as meaning the instillation of such fear and terror in the minds of unregenerate men as leads them to flee from the wrath to come.

But even in this unpromising field we are able to report progress. No one who remembers the hilarity with which the leaders of the republican party greeted the message of tariff reform, and the confidence with which they prepared to meet and crush the issue presented, can fail to see how useful a lesson has been taught them in our campaign of education.

Within twenty-four hours after the submission to congress of the question of tariff reform, sundry senators and representatives belonging to the republican party were reported to have jauntily ventilated their partisan exultation in the public press.

If it be true that a senator from Nebraska said "it is a big card for the republicans," this big card cannot appear remarkably useful to him now, for his state today contains a big curiosity in the shape of a democratic governor-elect.

If the junior senator from New York declared that his party would carry this state by the largest majority ever known if they could be given the platform proposed, the reply will come when in a few days a democratic colleague is placed by his side.

If a senator from Maine declared "it is a good enough platform for the republicans—we want nothing better," how is it that he is now so diligently endeavoring to find out the meaning of the word reciprocity?

If a New Hampshire senator believed that "the republicans want nothing better with which to sweep the country," the trouble his state is giving him today must lead him to suspect there is a mistake somewhere.

If a senator from Wisconsin gleefully said he was glad to see us "show our hand" he cannot fail to be convinced, when he soon gives place to a real good, sound democrat, that there was, after all, more in the hand than he cared to see.

If the present speaker of the house sarcastically said "it only shows what fools all the other presidents have been," he may well be excused, since he has lately so thoroughly learned that in the sight of the people infallibility is not an attribute always to be found in the speaker's chair.

If the representative from Ohio whose name is associated with a bill which has given his party considerable trouble of late, said "if the democratic party had hired Burchard to write a stump speech it could not have suited us better," it must be that circumstances leading to his approaching retirement from public life have suggested a modification of his judgment.

As our campaign has proceeded other unusual symptoms have been apparent among those prominent in directing the opposition. Some of them have become insubordinate and discontented, and at times actually disobedient to party orders. Some have left the ship. One shrewd and weatherwise navigator has clambered off, and, in a frail bark, with the word "Reciprocity" painted on its stern, was last seen hovering near, prepared to climb aboard again, or sail away, as wind and wave would appear to make most safe. At the present stage of the campaign the unwieldy party hulk of Bourbon republicanism is still afloat, but damaged and badly leaking. On board, some are still working at the pumps against the awful odds of opening seams; many, mutinous and discontented, short of provisions and of grog, are loudly and angrily disputing as to whether bad seamanship or overloading is the cause of their wretched plight, while accusations of guilty responsibility are heard on every side. If, from this turbulence, there shall emerge any one who actually pricked in conscience, desire to lead a better life, they will be gladly welcomed. I cannot, however, keep out of my mind the story of the pious deacon who, having, in his efforts to convert a bad sinner, become so excited by his incorrigibility that he gave him a thorough drubbing, afterwards explained and justified his course by declaring that he believed he had "wallopped saving grace into an impenitent soul."

Of course, we do not overlook the fact that before their present predicament was reached, and in their first battle with us, the enemy gained a victory over tariff reform. This is confessed; and we may here only refer to the methods by which that victory was gained for the purpose of saying that we thoroughly understand them, and that if the beneficiaries of those methods are satisfied with the condition they have wrought, we also are not without compensation. That we have cause for satisfaction, even in the remembrance of temporary defeat, is evidenced by the fact that among those who ought to rejoice in success there is quite a general sentiment that "the least said of it the better."

I have spoken of the campaign of education as it has affected the two great party organizations. It remains to mention another and a more important and gratifying feature of its progress. I refer to the manner in which access has been gained to the plain people of the land and the submission to their reason and judgment of the objects and purposes for which the campaign was undertaken.

The democratic party is willing to trust the ordinary intelligence of our people for an understanding of its principles. It does not seat itself above the common feelings and sympathies of humanity, and in an arrogant assumption of superior learning formulate political doctrines suited only to those favored with advanced educational opportunities. It recognized the fact at the outset of the campaign of education that it was not the ignorance of the people which had led them to submit to the evils of bad government, but that it was partly owing to the busy activity of their occupations, and the consequent neglect of political subjects and partly to the rigidity of their party ties and their unquestioning confidence in party leadership. Having once settled upon their political affiliations, they had been wont to turn from a watchfulness of public affairs to the daily routine of their labor with much virtuous satisfaction in the reflection that they were not politicians.

Therefore, the labor of their education in the campaign has consisted in persuading them to hear us; to examine the theories of party organizations and the ends to which they lead; to recall the promises of political leadership and the manner in which such promises have been redeemed, and to counsel with us as to the means by which their condition could be improved.

Never was more intelligent, honest and effective effort made in a noble cause than that made by the democratic party and its allies in this work. Our fellow countrymen were approached, not by fabricated extracts from English journals and a lying demagogic cry of British gold; not by fraudulent pictures of the ruin of American industries if the justice of governmental favoritism was questioned; not by a false presentation of the impoverishment and distress of our laboring men which would follow their independent political thought and action; not by a disgraceful proposition for the purchase of their suffrages, and not by the cruel intimidation, by selfish employers, of those dependent on them for the wages of their toil.

We have been content to rely upon the intelligence and thoughtfulness of the people for the success of our cause. We have solicited the most thorough examination of its merits. For the purpose of such examination we have put before the people plain and honest expositions of the justice and beneficence of our principle. This has been done by the systematic and industrious distribution of tariff reform literature, by the effective and conscientious arguments of a well-informed and unsubsidized press, and by an extensive discussion on the platform of the question involved.

These are the weapons we have used in our campaign of education. It is a cause of congratulation tonight that our work has been done in a manner so decent, and in its best sense so purely American.

Need I speak of the result of our labors? This happy assemblage, called together "to celebrate the victories achieved in the cause of tariff reform," tells the story of our success.

We will rejoice tonight, not only in our success and the manner of its achievement, but as American citizens we will especially rejoice in the proof which our victory affords of the intelligence, the integrity and the patriotism of our fellow countrymen. We have again learned that when roused to thought and action they can be trusted rightly to determine any questions involving their interests and the welfare of their country.

Let us not fail to realize the fact that our work is not done. Our enemies are still alive and have grown desperate. Human selfishness is not easily overcome and the hope of private gain at the expense of the masses of our people is not yet abandoned. It would be shameful and a pitiable disgrace, if by overconfidence, we should lose the ground we have gained, or if we should fail to push further our advantnge. The result of our labor thus far is, indeed, "a signal tribute to the judgment of the American people." In full faith in this judgment our work should continue upon the line thus far followed until the enemies of tariff reform are driven from their last entrenchment. As the people have trusted us, let us, above all things, be true to them. Let the light of our campaign be carried into every part of the land where it has not been seen, and where it has been kindled let it be kept brightly burning, still showing the way to better days for the people, and disclosing the plans of insidious foes.

In the years to come, when we look back with patriotic satisfaction upon our participation in the glorious struggle for tariff reform and recall its happy termination, it will delight us to remember every incident of discouragement as well as of triumph in the people's cause. Then, when we are asked to speak of our proudest political endeavor and to give the best illustration of American intelligence and to pay the highest tribute to the judgment of the American people, we will rehearse the history of the grand result of "The Campaign of Education."

"CLEVELAND AND 1892."

When Mr. Cleveland had finished his speech, there were loud cries of "Our next President," "Cleveland and '92."

The chairman then presented to Mr. Cleveland, amid loud applause, a massive silver cup having on one side a representation of Jefferson's mills, and on the other of his residence, said to be one of a set of thirteen made for presentation to Jefferson in behalf of his admirers in the thirteen original states. It was unearthed in Virginia a few years since and came into the hands of Jesse Metcalf, of Providence, R. I., who handed it to the committee on this dinner for presentation to Mr. Cleveland.

At the R. R. Y. M. C. A. Last Night.

One of the holiday treats of the season was enjoyed at the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association hall last night. During the absence of the railroad secretary on his recent visit to the international office at New York, the entertainment committee arranged for the musical entertainment which took place last night. It was in every way a success, though the Whitehall street attractions were in the height of their popularity.

The orchestra under the lead of Professor Edward Buchanan, played "Pirates of Penzance" as an opening overture. This piece showed careful practice and skillful playing. The orchestra is composed of the following: Mr. Frank K. Boland, of "The Boy's Democrat," Mr. Tony Johnson, of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, who played first and second violin; Mr. William Vittiger, the clarionet player; Professor John I. Sanders, of Pennsylvania, cornetist, and Mr. Tom McCarter, pianist. These gentlemen rendered some excellent music during the evening.

A recitation by Miss Vivie Hadly was exceedingly well received.

A song by Miss Laila Martin pleased every one.

A violin duet by Professor Buchanan and Mr. Boland—"Old Folks at Home"—showed fine execution on that king of instruments, the violin.

A song by special request was rendered by Miss Julia Manning. Her voice is growing stronger and sweeter as she advances into her teens. She is a popular miss.

A cornet solo by Professor Sanders was very fine and elicited a hearty encore.

Miss Rosa Rich rendered an entertaining piece suited to Christmas times, entitled "College Oil Cans." This is new, and pleased every one.

"Annie Laurie" of pleasant memory, was rendered by Messrs. Johnson and Boland, as a guitar and violin duett. It was excellent.

A recitation by Miss Lizzie Martin was followed by Miss May Evans in her inimitable rendition of "The Maniac." This piece has never been more impressively rendered in Atlanta.

The programme was interspersed by fine selections by the orchestra, and was closed by "Home, Sweet Home," played in a manner to make every auditor love more than ever the words and music of the immortal Howard Payne. This was played by Messrs. Buchanan and Boland.

Every one went home satisfied with the pleasant entertainment, and Christmas, 1890, will be remembered in the future as the "Christmas preceded by that delightful entertainment at the Railroad Young Mens' Christian Association, the neatest and cosiest hall in the city."

CHRISTMAS FRUITS AND TURKEYS.

A Mammoth Stock on Hand at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s, 61 Broad Street.

Oranges.
Apples.
Cocoanuts.

In fact fruits of all kinds and every description to be found at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s store, 61 S. Broad street.

He has a special consignment for the holidays. These goods must go today. It will be well for merchants throughout the city and surrounding country to send in their orders promptly this morning.

In addition to his fruits he is well supplied with the finest kind of dressed turkeys, which will be sold at very reasonable prices.

Hit With a Rock.—Claude Murry, a young white boy, was struck on the head with a rock between 6 and 7 o'clock yesterday. Murry was standing on Bell street bridge with several other boys, and the rock which hit him was thrown by sombody on the Georgia passenger train, which was going out at the time. It seems that Murry and the other boys have been in the habit of throwing stones at passengers on this train, and the rock throwing yesterday was in retaliation to these attacks.

THE HALL TRIAL.

THE PROSECUTION STILL PRESENTING DAMAGING TESTIMONY.

The Conspirators on the Track of Captain Forsyth—The Foreman of the Jury Gets Sick—A Federal Marshal Testifies.

MACON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The morning session of the Hall trial was gone through with today without much of importance transpiring. The entire morning, from 9 o'clock until near noon, was consumed in hearing argument on the objection raised yesterday by the defense regarding certain letters which the prosecution offered in evidence.

The letters were offered to show an intimacy existing between the defendants, and also to show a general intent on their part to take aggressive measures against the Dodges. The prosecution held that the letters were admissible as evidence on the ground that it was possible that a conspiracy was committed by reason of an intimacy which existed and the close relationship of the interests of the different defendants. They held that the letters were very material evidence in bringing out this fact, as well as that of general intent, which they claimed they had a right to show, and through such means.

The defendants objected that these letters should in any way be offered to the jury as tending to show any intent on the part of the defendants. They claimed that such an interest as was construed by the prosecution was not expressed and might not have been implied, and that their contents could in no way be construed or accepted as evidence on this point. They also held that the letters should not be introduced to show an intimacy between the defendants, as that was an entirely indifferent matter and was foreign to the case. They claimed that by such an intimacy the implication could be charged to their clients, and that the conspiracy could have been conceived and carried out by the acquaintances of a day as well as by the men whom the prosecution proposed to show had common interests, and were intimate through business relations and otherwise.

The court ruled that the letters were admissible only so far as they went to show a general intimacy, but granted the objection asked for by the defense as regarded their tendency to show a general intent.

WAS GOING TO MACON.

After the conclusion of the above argument, Mr. A. D. McCrimmon, who was in the employ of the Dodges at the time of the murder, and who was a sort of assistant to Captain Forsyth, was put on the stand. McCrimmon testified that on the day before the murder he was called in by Captain Forsyth, and given instructions regarding the laying of a line for the purpose of building a tramroad in Telfair county. He says Captain Forsyth told him he intended to leave the following day for Macon to look after

THE OTHER CONTEMPT CASES

pending against Hall. He told McCrimmon to send a report of his work to him at Macon.

After leaving Captain Forsyth the witness left at once for Telfair county. On his way he stopped at Burch's house to dine. Burch was at home and they had quite a lengthy conversation. During the course of the talk Burch manifested no enmity toward him or his business and spoke in an exceedingly friendly way.

AND THE MURDER TOOK PLACE THAT NIGHT.

In the course of the conversation he happened to remark to Burch that Captain Forsyth was going to leave for Macon the next day to look after the proceedings pending there against Hall. The proceedings referred to were the new contempt cases brought against Hall, and in which Captain Forsyth was such an important witness. When the witness remarked this to Burch, he (Burch) said to him that he knew something he would like very much to tell him. He said he would do so, but was afraid. He said he didn't want Henry Lancaster to get hold of it, and he would if it was told. The witness did not insist on knowing what it was, as he supposed it only referred to the land troubles, talk about which was common. The witness left Burch's home and went into Telfair county. He finished his work there and returned the way he had gone, again stopping at Burch's house to dine. Burch again repeated his statement that he wanted to tell witness something but was afraid. The witness did not understand what he meant and did not learn what it was Burch had to tell.

THE FOREMAN WAS SICK.

At this juncture of McCrimmon's testimony Judge Speer announced that court would take a recess until 2 o'clock. Mr. L. P. Askew, foreman of the jury, he said, had been sick for the past few days, and while he was not seriously ill, it was still very easy to fatigue him, and he did not desire to discomfort the jury any more than was absolutely necessary.

LOWREY INFORMED.

Mr. McCrimmon was put on the stand again this afternoon, but the evidence was of a general nature, and was mostly a reiteration of what he testified this morning. He was followed by Mr. C. B. Parker, in whose employ Lowrey was after the tragedy. He stated that he paid Lowrey what he owed him in Jesup, and there left him. He afterwards saw Lowrey in Eastman, talking to another negro. Witness was talking to a friend and happened to remark that he saw in the newspapers that Clemmens and Burch had been arrested and had partially confessed.

This was the last seen of Lowrey, and it is said he overheard the remark.

Lowrey had not had much money up to the time of leaving his employer.

WALLOWING IN THE BLOOD MONEY.

The other witnesses, at the afternoon session were negroes, who testified in regard to the large amount of money in Lowrey's possession after the killing. They say they knew nothing of any participation in the murder on Lowrey's part. They were associated with him both before and after the murder. Bob Lanier and John Williams both testified to this. They said Lowrey went away and was gone about one month. He returned and said he had been to see his brother in Florida. Shortly after his return he bought a fine suit of clothes, a $70 gold watch and many other things. They had not seen him with much money before.

LOWREY'S PAL.

A particular friend and pal of Lowrey's was Calvin Fleming, a mulatto negro, who was raised in the same section of North Carolina as Lowrey. He had been intimately associated with Lowrey since their residence in south Georgia. Lowrey went off, and was gone about one month. He returned and told Fleming he had been to see a brother in Florida. He gave Fleming $200 in greenbacks to keep for him until called for. Fleming put the money away, and in a few weeks Lowrey called for it. He told Fleming he got the money from his brother in Florida. Fleming had no idea Lowrey was connected with the killing. Lowrey bought him handsome clothes and a fine watch and spent money lavishly. In a few days he left suddenly, and he has not been seen since. Fleming had not seen Lowrey with much money prior to this. When he gave the money to Lowrey, he said: "You had better count it to see if it's all there." Lowrey shoved the money in his pocket and said: "Oh, that's all right, it doesn't make any difference to me."

After the above witness testified, United States Marshal Corbett was put on the stand to testify to the arrest of the prisoners. This evidence concluded the oral testimony for the prosecution. Some documentary evidence is yet to be submitted, after which the defense will begin with their testimony. This will probably begin tomorrow.

Overcoming Prejudice.

Prejudice is a sad trait of human nature. A person whose mind is bent on bias does himself great injustice. Said a sick man, whose blood seemed on fire from the effects of blood poison, "I can't help my prejudice; I have tried half a dozen remedies, and they did me no good. I believe all blood purifiers are humbugs." "Do you believe all physicians are humbugs, too?" asked the writer. "Yes, for I have tried three different doctors, and only grew worse under their treatment. I have made up my mind my case is incurable and death inevitable." However, the writer, who was a friend of the suffering individual, at last succeeded in overcoming his prejudice and persuaded him to give Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla a trial. He commenced its use with no faith at all, but good effects soon followed, and its continuance brought complete relief. Reader, go thou and do likewise.—Independence Press.

Beecham's Pills cures sick headache

THE RAILROAD RAMBLER.

Half a Million Spent in Improving the State Road.

It looks as though all the employes of the Western and Atlantic road, both high and humble, were secure in their berths, but whether permanently or for the present only, is hard to determine.

The question was yesterday put to President Thomas, of the new lease company, and he replied:

"I haven't given the subject a single thought, and have only two days left to consider it."

It is very evident that no changes whatever will be made now. A railroad, above all other business enterprises, requires the services of the most competent, sober and trustworthy men, and that the present employes possess all these qualifications is attested by the fact that the old lessees, at their meeting yesterday morning, passed a resolution of thanks to the men who had served them so long and faithfully. They will also be paid for the full month, whereas their services to the old lessees end on the 27th instant.

A largely attended meeting of the old lessees of the state road was held in room 104, Kimball house, yesterday morning.

The most important thing done was the passing of a resolution approving the action of President Brown in accepting the legislative enactment appointing a commission to adjudicate the question of settlements. After a number of private matters had been disposed of the lessees adjourned to the capitol, where a conference was held with Governor Northen and the commission.

"It is not true, as has been stated, that our people have purchased the surplus rolling stock of the old lessees of the State road," said Colonel Thomas to a CONSTITUTION reporter yesterday.

"Do they intend to purchase it?"

"I do not know. No move has as yet been made in the matter, but it would not surprise me if that was the ultimate disposition made of it."

"Has anything been done toward improving the road by the new lessees?"

"Yes, we have bought 500 freight cars and have built 400 more. They are all new, of new and improved pattern, and each has a capacity of 60,000 pounds. We have also purchased a number of new engines, sixteen new passenger coaches, each costing $5,300, and 1,000 tons of steel rails for heavier traffic Up to date we have expended about $500,000 in improvements."

A LITTLE BOY SHOT.

Jimmie Curlin, a Five-Year-Old Child, Shot by a Negro.

Jimmie Curlin, a little five-year-old white boy was shot by a negro yesterday between 11 and 12 o'clock.

He was shot in the neck and arm with a pistol loaded with shot, and while the wounds inflicted are not dangerous they are very painful.

The little fellow was playing in a vacant lot near Hill's avenue, on Peters street, when the negro came out of Blake's store and fired the pistol.

The boy says he shot at him, but it is not positively known that the shooting was intentional.

Ed Winn, a negro, was arrested on suspicion of having done the shooting, but was afterwards released.

The boy is the son of J. E. Curlin, a street car driver.

The Financial Question Again.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—Your article in today's issue, the 22d instant, by R. A. F., upon the "Financial Situation," stands pre-eminent, without one iota of history to bear her out in her statements. I defy the writer or any one else to cite me to a single nation that has ever been hurt by inflation.

I dispute that the continental congress ever issued any money based upon land. There may have been a little issued under colonial administration when the country was in its transition to a free republic, but never afterward.

But let us see what it was based upon.

Continental notes. This same golden image, first set up by Nebuchadnezzar and worshiped by the old Babylonians; gold and silver. They were never made a legal tender only upon war specie resumption. That, Mr. Editor, is what caused their failure after the achievement of our independence—this false, supposed, fictitious, inherent value which this supposed specie image of our lady friend did not possess. That was what, and will do it again, caused such immense failures and the loss of untold millions under our old state banking system and furnished a flood-gate system of robbery of the people. Let us review and quote a little upon the subject from the immortal Calhoun in the United States senate in 1835, when contending for legal tender or treasury notes, bottomed upon taxation and the resources of the government, the people's money: "I am told the form of currency which I propose is but a repetition of the old continental money; there is not the least analogy between the two. One (the old continental money), was a promise to pay in supposed inherent revenues, which did not and does not now exist. The other is a promise to pay in revenues which does exist in abundance. It is a ghost which those ever conjure to themselves who wish to give to a certain class of individuals and corporations the exclusive monopoly of government credit."

Notwithstanding they were created upon this false basis—like the greenback with the damnable "exception clause," tacked on it by a set of bank conspirators—to create a demand for shylock's gold, which was lying dead and dormant, they both passed and did for us what gold or specie of any kind never could have done—achieved for us our independence. The French assignats had their birth in the base confiscation by the French national assembly of land belonging to the church, and in the government to protect themselves in their robbery of issuing bonds upon the security of it, some bearing interest and some non-interest bearing, until hundreds of France's most wealthy landholders, under this system of pillage and robbery, fled the country, leaving their lands in the hands of their rulers, until the government stole from them the immense sum of 45,578,000 francs, besides a number of forged notes manufactured abroad and smuggled into the kingdom. It was no loan, Mr. Editor, on land, but an immense swindle in which millions of individuals suffered incalculable loss, and a few enriched themselves at the expense of the community. Read the history of it, Mr. Editor. I am glad that R. A. F. ases the expression in regard to the "confederate currency," "that in the closing days of the civil war," it went down to absolutely nothing. That tells the tale, and gives the solution of its non-redemption. An extinct nationality. Not the basis upon which the currency was issued. If we had achieved our independence every dollar of it would have been redeemed, nor would there have been any depreciation of it, had it not been for our waning fortunes as we were being overwhelmed by superior numbers. Read the history of the Argentine Republic and Egypt both, and see if you can borrow anything from an English bonded indebtedness, which has not only mortgaged every foot of her own soil to a few plutocrats, but will enslave every nation who adops a like policy.

The history of the world sustains thestamteent that all money issued upon the basis of our treasury notes, demand notes, not bearing interest, payable for all debts, public and private, bottomed upon taxes and revenues, as advocated by Lincoln, Jeffersen, Calhoun, Napoleon and Benton, that there has not been a dollar of it issued that has failed to accomplish the purposes for which it was issued, and that it has never been demonetized as gold and silver has, but has always been not only redeemed, the millionaire to take off his hat, the banker to make obeisance, unless crippled by some financial conspiracy or the nation becomes extinct. You can see at a glance the encouragement given to the continental money by the gold and silver bought by General Lafayette, as that was the fictitious basis upon which it was created. If there ever was a flat money, in one sense, it is coin money. Coin money is the money of barbarous nations—paper money is the money of civilization. A paper money, created upon a right basis, spreads beneficence and plenty in its path. Hard or coin money, created upon a hard money basis, carries robbery, failure, devastation and want.

France today having the most democratic system of finance is the most prosperous nation upon the earth.

I agree with R. A. F. that the so-called democratic and republican parties are both camping in the same field upon the financial question, neither one of them practicing what their name implies—and that is why the people demand a change. What will R. A. F. say of the contraction act passed by these conspirators April 12, 1866, whereby it was provided that a regular systematic cremation of the greenback should take place, whereby increased failures occurred annually for a period of seven years, culminating in the eighth year, 1873, in the severest panic, known as the black Friday, that the history of the United States has ever known? Was that a lack of confidence?

Capital, when possessed of special privileges, as it is today, is the most avaricious vampire and deadly upas that ever hung over a nation, and her greed for gain is insatiable, blighting everything and carrying devastation and want in its path.

The reign of uncertainty during Jackson's administration was not his venture in abolishing a robbery—but the exhaustion which the robbery had caused calling for its abolishment. Let us turn on the light and meet error with truth until our land is redeemed from all iniquity.

A. L. NANCE.

Gainesville, Ga., December 23, 1890.

Eczema on a Boy

Sufferings Intense. Head nearly Raw. Body covered with Sores. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

Messrs. STEVENS & BRUNER, Monroe, N. C.:

Dear Sirs,—About two months ago, on your recommendation, I bought a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, one box of CUTICURA SALVE, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighbors.

WM. S. STEPHENSON,
Winchester P. O., Union Co., N. C.

Disfiguring Humors

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

IDA MAY BASS,
Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

Cuticura Remedies

Effect daily more great cures of humors and diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood than all other remedies combined. CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally, cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chappey and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS,

Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, the first and only pain-killing plaster.

tue wedpcol, nr m, 2, 4, 5, 8p

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

CURES ALL DISEASES AND IRREGULARITIES PECULIAR TO WOMAN.

PAID 31 DOLLARS DOCTORS' BILL.

paid 31 dollars doctor's bill for my wife in one year, and one bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before.

JAMES T. GOTT, Carmi, Ill.

Have suffered periodically for years—been treated by the best physicians without relief—Bradfield's Female Regulator did me more good than all the other remedies.

Mrs. ELIZA DAVIS, Charlotte, N. C

Have used Bradfield's Female Regulator and can recommend it to all my friends.

Miss C. S. WIEMEYER, Denver, Col.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle

Wanted to Exchange

CASH

MONEY

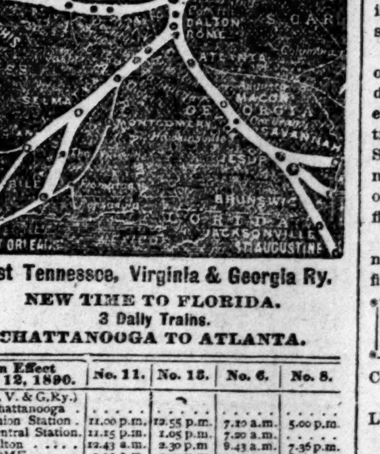
FOR

Cheap Real Estate.

Only parties with bargains need apply to

CASH,

Care Constitution. Give full deseription and price.



East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Ry.

NEW TIME TO FLORIDA.
3 Daily Trains.
CHATTANOOGA TO ATLANTA.

In Effect Oct. 12, 1890.	No. 11.	No. 15.	No. 6.	No. 8.
(E. T. V. & G. Ry.)				
Lv. Chattanooga	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv. Union Station	11.00 p.m.	12.55 p.m.	7.10 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Lv. Central Station	11.15 p.m.	1.05 p.m.	7.20 a.m.	.....
Ar. Dalton	12.43 a.m.	2.30 p.m.	9.43 a.m.	7.36 p.m.
Ar. ROME	2.05 a.m.	3.50 p.m.	11.05 a.m.	8.50 p.m.
Ar. ATLANTA	5.15 a.m.	6.45 p.m.	2.10 p.m.	.....
Lv. Atlanta	5.30 a.m.	7.00 p.m.	.....	.....
Ar. Macon	8.50 a.m.	10.20 p.m.	.....	.....
Ar. JESUP	2.42 p.m.	3.50 a.m.	.....	.....
(S. F. & W. Ry.)				
Lv. Jesup	2.52 p.m.	4.00 a.m.	.....	.....
Ar. WAYCROSS	4.30 p.m.	5.15 a.m.	.....	.....
Ar. JACK'VILLE	7.25 p.m.	8.30 a.m.	.....	.....
(E. T. V. & G. Ry.)				
Lv. JESUP	3.00 p.m.	4.10 a.m.	.....	.....
Ar. Brunswick	5.00 p.m.	6.10 a.m.	.....	.....
(S. F. & W. Ry.)				
Lv. JESUP	5.30 p.m.	5.30 a.m.	.....	.....
Ar. Savannah	7.50 p.m.	8.40 a.m.	.....	.....
(S. F. & W. Ry.)				
Lv. WAYCROSS	.....	10.00 a.m.	.....	.....
Ar. Thomasville	.....	1.48 p.m.	.....	.....
(E. T. V. & G. Ry.)				
Lv. ROME	.....	4.00 p.m.	11.10 a.m.	8.55 p.m.
Ar. Bluffton	.....	5.30 p.m.	12.12 p.m.	9.49 p.m.
Ar. Piedmont	.....	6.06 p.m.	12.41 p.m.	10.10 p.m.
Ar. Jacksonville (Tredegar)	.....	6.47 p.m.	1.08 p.m.	10.35 p.m.
Ar. Anniston	.....	7.27 p.m.	1.35 p.m.	10.59 p.m.
Ar. Talladega	.....	8.48 p.m.	2.30 p.m.	11.48 p.m.
Ar. Calera	.....	.....	4.25 p.m.	1.15 a.m.
Ar. SELMA	.....	.....	6.40 p.m.	3.25 a.m.
(M. & B. Ry.)				
Lv. Selma	.....	.....	6.50 p.m.	3.30 a.m.
Ar. Mt. Vernon	.....	.....	12.42 a.m.	8.45 a.m.
Ar. MOBILE	.....	.....	2.10 a.m.	10.00 a.m.

THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 6 carries Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Jacksonville.

No. 13 carries Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car Chattanooga to Jacksonville.

No. 15 carries Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars Chattanooga to Macon, and Pullman Compartment Cars Atlanta to Brunswick.

B. W. WRENN,
General Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

Jacobs' Pharmacy
P. O. BOX 357 ATLANTA GA.
CUT PRICES ON EVERYTHING IN THE DRUG LINE

"TIME'S UP."

Come Before It Is too Late

Everything Selling Fast!

Don't Delay! Come Today!

A few more days and Christmas will be here.

So we shall avail ouselves of the opportunity to

"LET THE GOODS GO!"

COVERING BOTTLES.

Half pint, oval cut glass stopper..........
Half pint, three-sided, cut glass stopper......
Half pint, round, cut glass stopper..........
Half pint, square, cut glass stopper..........

CHAMOIS SKIN.

Plain, yellow, small, large and medium, 10, 15, ... 35, 45
All shades of gray, pearl, brown, for decoration purposes..........

CELLULOID GOODS.

Combination sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, in white and cornelian..........
Combination sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, twisted handles, white and amber..........
Combination sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, imitation old ivory, round and square..........
Combination sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, carved back, round and square..........
Combination sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, imitation burnt ivory, unique designs..........
Whisk Holders, hand-painted, many designs, with extra fine broom..........
Baby Rattlers..........
Infant Sets, Comb, Brush, Rattler, Ring, Ear Cleaner..........99c and

OXIDIZED SILVER GOODS.

Sets, Comb, Brush and Mirrror, carved handles..........
Sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, lily design..........
Sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, rose design..........
Sets, Comb, Brush and Mirror, antique..........
Powder Boxes, several styles..........48c and
Shaving Mugs, with Soap Dish..........

SACHET POWDERS.

Jacobs' White Rose, Heliotrope, Violet, Jockey Club, put up in handsomely embossed envelopes..........
The same in bulk, per ounce..........
Atkinson's White Rose, Heliotrope, Violet, etc
Colgate's, full line..........
Lundborg's Heliotrope, Violet..........
Florentine Orris Root, per ounce..........
Japanese Rose Leaf or Pot Pourri, per ounce

JACOBS' FRAGRANT COLOGNE.

Over 200 gallons have been standing for months ripening and developing so as to be better than ever for the coming holiday trade. It must be remembered that perfumes, like wine, ripen and improve with age. Of this cologne can be truthfully said that its popularity increases wherever sold or used. It is lasting, at the same time delicate—in fact, midway between an extract and a cologne, and then the price, $1.25 for a pint, put up in a Caswell glass-stoppered bottle. This is not the only style in which we sell it by any means. Our method of putting it up in many cut glass and plain bottles is largely augmented this year, and we can sell it to you in glass-stoppered bar pitchers at 25 cents. Just think of it! The bottle is worth more. In cut glass bottles of Baccarat make, in plain bottles, in colored bottles—in fact, in styles too numerous to specify, and all the same cologne.

Our regular 50c size is as large as the majority of one-dollar bottles in the market. With every one-dollar bottle of Jacobs' Fragrant we present an elegant package of Sachet Powder, either Heliotrope, Jockey Club, White Rose, or Violet. Our Sachet Powders are put up in a flat, convenient manner, and impregnates linen, laces, clothing or note paper with all the favored fragrance of the flower.

We are also giving to our customers a "Souvenir," consisting of an embossed celluloid case filled with mirror, comb and button hook.

AND, ALSO,

COLGATE'S full line of Basket Perfumes, the only line of these goods in the city.

LUNDBORG'S Edenia, Swiss Lilac, Goya Lily, etc., put up in new style gift boxes hand-painted, by Prang, polished wood, etc.

EASTMAN'S Violet and Arbutus in cut glass and hand-painted bottles.

RICKSECKER'S Violet and Sweet Clover, in all of his noted unique designs.

Everything that is made by Lubin, Pinaud, Coudray, Atkinson and Reiger, the noted perfumers of the old world—

ETC.

Puff Boxes, glass, porcelain, metal; Plush Mirrors, Whisk Brooms, Extracts in bulk, Hair, Cloth and Hat Brushes, etc., etc.

RECOVER MANICURE POLISHERS.

Send all your old manicure polishers to us, we have engaged Dr. Heath to recover them. Made good as new, 25c each, any size.

JACOBS' PHARMACY,

Cor. Peachtree and Marietta Sts.

MOONSHINE MURDERS.

"BIG BILL" HOWARD SHOT AND KILLED.

The Murder Committed by the Two Howards Leads to the Killing of One of the Principals—Result of Informing.

GREENVILLE, S. C., December 23.—[Special.]—Information was received here today that W. M. Howard, more familiarly known as "Big Bill" Howard, was killed in the mountains in the upper section of this county on Sunday afternoon last, by a young man named George Center.

The parties to the tragedy are all mountaineers, and have been engaged in "moonshining," as the illegal making and selling of whisky is termed among them.

They Escape the Penalty.

Some months ago a man named Ben Ross was killed by being shot at night, while sitting in his corn house, by some one from the outside. He was supposed to have been an "informer," and two men, "Big Bill" and "Little Bill" Howard, who were cousins, were arrested and tried for the murder. "Little Bill," the smaller and weaker minded of the two, confessed the deed, and implicated "Big Bill" as his accomplice. "Big Bill," it is supposed, intimidated several witnesses and proved an alibi.

IN FEMALE DISGUISE.

"Little Bill" was convicted and sentenced to be hung, but escaped from jail by disguising himself in his wife's clothes on one occasion while she was visiting him.

George Center, the man who killed "Big Bill," is the son of the widow of Ben Ross. He owned a blockade distillery which was recently destroyed by the government officers. "Big Bill" owned a government, or legal distillery, and as the product of Center's illegal still has been interfering somewhat with the sale of "Big Bill's" products, it was thought by Center that "Big Bill" had been an informer, for which the penalty is death in almost every instance when found out, or even strongly suspected by the moonshiners. Center at once proposed surrendering to the sheriff, and will probably do so tomorrow.

TO PREVENT CRUELTY.

An Interesting Meeting of the Humane Society Yesterday.

Friends of the defenseless dumb animal.

The Atlanta Humane society is now a live, active organization.

It is actively engaged in the noble work of protecting defenseless dumb brutes from the brutality and carelessness of heartless masters.

For a month or more past the society has had in its employ an active agent, Mr. B. B. Watkins, and the fruits of his work is already being felt.

Yesterday the society held a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association.

The ladies are taking a great interest in the society. A number were present at the meeting, manifesting a deep concern in the affairs of the organization.

The work of the society was fully discussed yesterday, and fourteen new names were added to the membership roll, making a total of about ninety.

Mr. Eisenberger, a member of the executive committee of the Birmingham society, was present at the meeting and made a few interesting remarks.

The next meeting of the society will be held in January.

I have been cured of blood poison in its very last stages after doctors failed to give me relief. I simply used Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, which is the best blood medicine in the world.—F. A. Alexander. Petersburg, Va.

Allow no one to persuade you that other preparations are as good for Headche as Bradycrotine.

Supreme Court of Georgia—October Term, 1890.

Judgments of affirmance were rendered yesterday in the following cases: Phillips v. State, from Madison; Georgia Railroad v. Murden, from Taliaferro; Green v. Franklin, from Wilkes; Porter v. State, from Taliaferro; Cason v. Heath, from Warren; Ellis v. Darden, from Taliaferro; Daniel v. Phelps, from Taliaferro; Brown v. State, from Clarke; Statham v. Sheilnut, from Jackson; Sharpton v. Johnson, from Gwinnett; Boyd v. Wilson, from Lumpkin; Hubbard v. Brooks, from Hall; Langford v. Nabers, from Hall; Mayor, etc. of Marietta v. Alexander, from Cobb; Vance & Kirby v. Roberts, from Bartow; McCaulla v. Murphy, from Whitfield; Yarborough v. State, from Bartow; Ocean Steamship Company v. Matthews, from Chatham; Christian v. State, from Madison.

Of reversal in the following: Bennett v. State, from Hart; Horan v. Strachan & Co., from Chatham; Roberts v. Ramsey, from Lincoln; Phelps v. Daniel, from Taliaferro; McGregor v. Bensinger Register Co., from Clarke; Roberts v. Gordon, from Cherokee; East Tennessee Railway Co. v. Suddith, from Gordon; Farrar v. Brackett, from Whitfield; Larey v. Baker, from Bartow; Watts v. Starr, from Gordon; Allen v. State, from Gordon; Wade v. Wisenant, from Murray.

Reports of the decisions will appear tomorrow.

The Lame Walk.

Pitiful indeed is the condition of those who are confined to their beds or chairs unable to walk. How grateful all such must feel when they recover from their helplessness. B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) has made more than one lame person happy.

Mrs. Emma Griffiths, Unitia, Tenn., writes: "My little boy had scrofula so bad his knees were drawn up and his knees stiff, and he could not walk. He derived no benefit from medicines until I tried B. B. B. After using it a short time only, he can walk and has no pain. I shall continue its use."

Mirtle M. Tanner, Boonville, Ind., writes: "I had blood poison from birth. Knots on my limbs were as large as hen's eggs. Doctors said I would be a cripple, but B. B. B. has cured me sound and well. I shall ever praise the day the men who invented Blood Balm were born." we su fri

Celebrated.

We are carrying a line of spectacles and eyeglasses that cannot be discounted in point of excellence. Our prices are in keeping with our motto: "Trustworthy goods and lowest prices." Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Something Nice for Your Christmas Dinner.

YOUNG'S HOTSPUR RELISH!

A fresh lot just received by leading retail grocers. The only genuine is in sealed bottles bearing name of Fred H. Young. At wholesale by Tidwell & Pope. dec 23 6m

Suitable Presents

Can be found at the popular jewelry emporium of Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

If you want to make a useful birthday or Xmas present, visit Snook's furniture rooms during his great clearance sales. Nothing like this cut has ever been known in the furniture trade of Atlanta, and no such an opportunity may ever occur again to buy fine furniture at such ridiculously low figures. Over 1,000 parlor, chamber and dining room suits, with hundreds of fancy articles, can be seen in the densely packed warerooms. Every article must be sold regardless of cost. This is a rare chance for new beginners and others in want of furniture. dec 22 3t

Fine Gold Watches

For ladies and gentlemen. A large line at very reasonable prices. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Tiddledy Winks

better than Tigs in Clover. Large lot just received by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. dtf

Turkish chairs and lounges, wilton lounges, rug lounges, tapestry and satin parlor suites, elegant cheval glasses, at half price, at the great clearance sale. P. H. Snook. 3t

If you will drop into Marietta street, near P. H. Snook's furniture store, you will see hundreds of bargain hunters crowding his great clearance sale. Over $100,000 worth of fine furniture will be thrown on the market, regardless of former prices. If you want any article of furniture, it will pay you to come to visit these rooms. Important changes force this sale. Every article must go. 3t

Fine Gold Watches

For ladies and gentlemen. A large line at very reasonable prices. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

The Baby's

Health often gives fond parents very great anxiety and care. S. S. S., is the popular remedy for children. It is safe, palatable and does the work. David Zartman, of Independence, O., says:

"S. S. S. CURED MY BABY OF THE WORST CASE OF CATARRH I EVER SAW A CHILD WITH. THE NASAL DISCHARGE WAS VERY LARGE AND OFFENSIVE, S. S. S. MADE A PERMANENT CURE."

Books on Blood and Skin diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



"Opera!" "Opera!" "Opera!"

GLASSES

of the greatest power, in smoked, white and Oriental Pearl, Aluminum, Morocco and Fancy Leather. Opera Glass Holders of the latest designs. Plush and Fancy Bags for the opera. Also an immense line of Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses. All the above specially for the holiday trade, at lowest prices.

A. K. HAWKES

Manufacturing Optician.

Notice to Shippers.

The Central and Atlanta and West Point Railroad Companies will not receive any freight, livestock or perishables, for shipment on Christmas Day, December 25th.

R. SCHMIDT, Agent.

dec 24 d1t

LOST.

LOST—A lady's purse, morocco, containing $11. Reward, if returned to 67 Fairlie street.

LOST—Leather bound cotton shipper's book; left on seat in first-class coach of West Point train which arrived in Atlanta at 4:45 p. m., December 20th, or lost between Forsyth st. crossing and Alabama st. Suitable reward will be paid if left at office of S. M. Inman & Co. dec21 1f

LOST—Last night, either in opera house or between theater and Peachtree street and Forrest avenue, a silver chain bracelet. Finder return to Constitution office and receive reward.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

XMAS ORANGES—Go to Shaw & Wilson, 17 South Broad street for finest, oranges, dressed turkeys, preserves and jellies to be had in the city.

A SECOND-HAND TRICYCLE for sale, almost good as new; suitable for a little girl 6 to 10 years old; price $8. Address D., Constitution office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I WILL negotiate five-year 8 per cent loans on city or country property; security must be choice; commissions reasonable. L. B. Nelson, Room 12, Gate City bank. dec 21 1w

MONEY TO LOAN on improved real estate in Atlanta and suburbs. Long or short time; large or small amounts, or installments; no delay. Read & Brandon, 38½ South Broad street. dec20-d6m

MONEY TO LOAN in large or small amounts, repayable monthly. Real estate security in Atlanta or suburbs. No delay. Come and see us. Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, James L. Logan, Jr., cashier, 13 North Broad street. nov21-dtf

C. P. N. BARKER negotiates real estate loans at low rates. Room 22, Traders' bank building.

MONEY TO LEND at lowest rates on city or farm lands in adjoining counties; long or short time, or by installment, to suit borrower. Money here, so no delay. S. Barnett, 15½ South Broad street. aug21-d6m

OUR SUPPLY OF MONEY for city loans is ample and reliable. Loans closed without delay at current rates of interest. Charges moderate. Southern Loan and Banking Company, 9½ Peachtree street, J. E. Morris, cashier. sep28-dtf

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Ten energetic salesmen to travel among business men in Georgia. W. H. Sawyer, 59 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.

WANTED—Salesmen to wholesale and manufacture our new process cider, made without apples; no capital required; excellent wages; no humbug; 4c for particulars. New Process Cider Co., 1455 State street, Chicago, Ill. dec24d10t

WANTED—Salesme Pon salary or commission to handle the New atent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The greatest selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit. One agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. We want one energetic general agent for each state and territory. Sample by mail 25 cents. For terms and full particulars address The Monroe Eraser M'f'g Co., LaCrosse, Wis. we su 21

SALESMAN on commission to sell two newpatent specialties of great merit to printers, manufacturers, dealers and railroads. Side or exclusive line. Rau Manufacturing Co., Chicago, Ill. nov 29-d8t-wed sat

WANTED—Men to solicit for the Southern Ohio Loan and Trust Company, S. E. corner Fifth and Walnut sts., Cincinnati, O. sun wed

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to send their soiled or faded clothing to McEwen's steam dye works and cleaning establishment. We dye or clean the most delicate shades and fabrics. We pay expressage both ways. Write for price list and particulars. Repair neatly. McEwen's Steam Dye Works, Nashville, Tenn. 10-8 wed sun mon 3m

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Live agents in every town in Georgia to take orders for our famous $3 pants; exclusive territory given. Address Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 39 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. febi6 1f wed fri sun

A LUMBER man thoroughly efficient in yard or office wants position with a good firm. Lumber, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Females.

LADY stenographer and typewriter; writes short-hand 130 words per minute. Best references. Desires position. Address P. O. Box No. 40, Douglasville, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good one-horse dray. Call at H. L. Smith's, Alabama street, from 12 to 4 o'clock Wednesday.

WANTED—To borrow $7,000 to $10,000 on central business property, worth double the amount, at a low rate of interest. Address G. G. G., this office.

WANTED—A nice new or second-hand office cabinet for filing letters, receipts, etc. Must be cheap. Address W. J. Campbell, manager Constitution Job Office. dec21-dtf

WANTED—A good billiard and pool table which have been in use. Call at Room 55, old capitol building. dec 19 d1w.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family for man and wife. References exchanged. Address at once, Elmer Thompkins, care Markham hotel.

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

FOR SALE—A stylish family horse, afraid of nothing. [illegible]

LADIES' COLUMN.

LADIES call at Jackson's Palace Millinery store and see the French bias basque seamless waist and other different styles, perfect fits, cut by the Ladies' Tailor. This is a new system of cutting, and saves the trouble of coming many times to get a fit. All ladies should use it. No. 43 Peachtree street.

FEATHERS cleaned, curled and dyed; also kid gloves cleaned and dyed. Phillips, 18 Marietta street. dtf

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—The beautiful quarters now occupied by the Elks, at 11½ East Alabama street, are for rent at a reasonable figure. Apply at room 65, old capitol building. dec 19 d1w

FOR RENT—The four-story brick building formerly occupied by the Topaz Cinchona Cordial Co., fronting on W. & A. R. R. 130 feet, more or less, and on Marietta street car line; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to the Boyd & Baxter Furni- [illegible] dec 2 1f

BATES & HALL,

Stocks, Bonds and Loans

14 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

WANTED—Boarders.

A VERY DESIRABLE large front room for man and wife; a large room for two or more young men with board. 70 N. Forsyth st.

WANTED—Boarders, at the Florida house, No. 58 N. Forsyth street; $5 to $6 per week; transients $1 per day; clerks, four in a room, at $4 per week.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS—$5 to $10 per day [illegible] for us to enlarge; satisfaction guaranteed, and a $4 outfit free. A. Dunne & Co., 56 Reade street, New York. nov 30 d8t sun wed

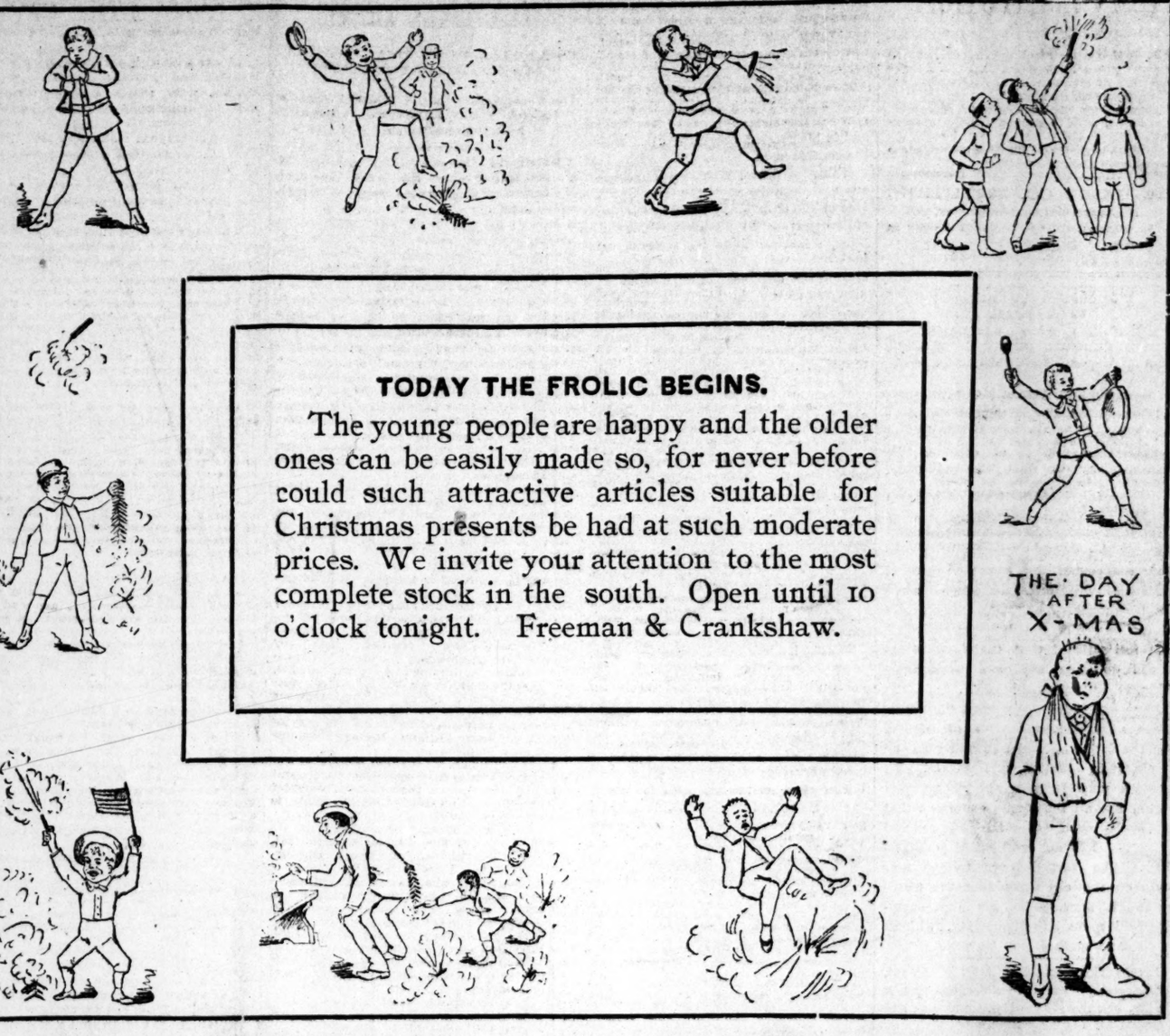
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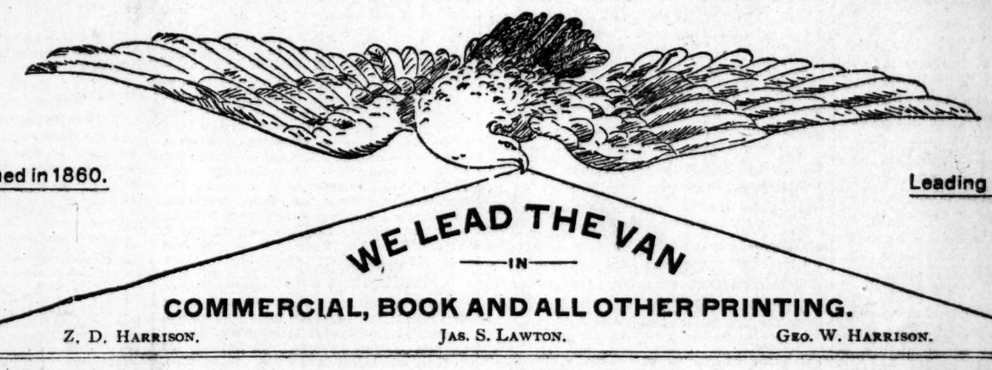
HAVE your New Year's cards printed at the Constitution Job Office. A nice line to select from. [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, is the place to invest money now. Six million, two hundred thousand dollars have been granted by the government for harbor improvements, which will make Galveston the seaport for about one-third of the United States. Bank clearings average $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 a week. The city is on the extreme east point of the island, and can only grow westward. The Denver reservey embraces all the choice part now unoccupied. It is in the direct line of the city's growth, which is forced by natural barriers to grow directly over this property. The electric railway is built through it and cars will be running in a few weeks. A number of handsome residences are now being built, and it is destined to be the choicest residence property, and offers the finest field for real estate speculation in Galveston. Terms, one-quarter cash, balance 6 per cent interest. Write for particulars. Cullum & Watson, managers, Galveston, Texas. 12-17 d5t, wed fri sun

WANTED—A partner will sell half interest in a prosperous wholesale and retail drug business. Good reasons and information furnished, by addressing E. D. L. Mobley, No. 5 Kimball house, Wall street, Atlanta.





READ WHAT OUR PATRONS SAY.

R. U. HARDEMAN, TREASURER. W. J. SPEER, ASS'T.

State of Georgia.

Treasury Department.

Atlanta, Ga. NOVEMBER 3D, 189[illegible]

I feel constrained by a sense of justice to a worthy official of the State Government to voluntarily testify to the promptness and excellence of all work executed for my office by MR. GEORGE W. HARRISON, the State Printer. The work done by him cannot be excelled anywhere, and comes up fully to all requirements.

R. U. HARDEMAN,
Treasurer of Georgia.

State of Georgia.

Comptroller-Gen'l's Office.

TAX DEPARTMENT.

Atlanta, NOVEMBER 13th, 189[illegible]

MR. GEO. W. HARRISON, State Printer.

DEAR SIR:—Please accept my thanks for the unprecedently prompt manner in which you have gotten out the report. You deserve and have this commendation.

Very truly,
W. A. WRIGHT,
Comptroller-General.

CHAMBERS

JUDGE CITY COURT OF ATLANTA.

HOWARD VAN EPPS, JUDGE.
G. H. TANNER, CLERK.
L. P. THOMAS, SHERIFF,

Atlanta, Ga., DECEMBER 20th, 1890.

MESSRS. JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.:

GENTLEMEN—You must permit me to express to you my appreciation of the manner in which you published for me "Van Epps' Index-Digest of Georgia Reports." The paper, the typographical execution, the binding, is equal to the best work of the great law-book publishing houses. The spirit of courtesy, honesty and fair dealing on your part, throughout the entire transaction, in turning out this big job, has given me great satisfaction. I can cordially commend your house to my friends for good work and fair dealing.

Sincerely yours,
HOWARD VAN EPPS.

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

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The Sunday (20 or 24 Pages).................. 2 00
The Weekly (12 Pages)......................... 1 00
All Editions Sent Postpaid.

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Keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, INCLUDING THE SUNDAY EDITION, Will be delivered to any address in the city at TWENTY CENTS PER WEEK. Subscribe at once.

THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION $2 A YEAR. SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.

ATLANTA, GA., DECEMBER 24, 1890.

The Western and Atlantic Commission.

The commissioners appointed by Governor Northen, under the resolution of the general assembly, to consider the claims between the lessees of the Western and Atlantic railroad and the state, met, yesterday, and organized.

The high character, and the well-known ability of the eight gentlemen who constitute the commission command general confidence. No better selection could have been made. The state, the people and the lessees of the Western and Atlantic feel satisfied that the commissioners will do their appointed work thoroughly, fairly and expeditiously.

After organizing, yesterday, the commission adjourned to meet again shortly after the holidays, when it will take up the claims in question, and proceed with the work until it is finished. So well satisfied are all the parties concerned that the appointment of the commission has already had an excellent effect. The road will be turned over to the new lessees on the day fixed for the transfer, and it is safe to say that everything will move along smoothly, without the slightest obstacle in the way.

A Little Sermon Before the Feast.

Charity was never more seasonable than it is today, and than it will be tomorrow, and all through the holiday time.

It is certain that there is to be a great deal of happiness in Atlanta. To all appearance, Santa Claus was never more prosperous, nor in a better humor than he is this year. For two weeks the streets have been crowded with his duly accredited agents, and the stores have been literally taken possession of by the eager and enthusiastic multitude of buyers.

We are told, on every hand, that no such scenes have ever before been witnessed in Atlanta as these which have taken, and are now taking place, as a sort of preliminary to the reception of Santa Claus. And yet, it should be borne in mind that among the vast and hurrying throng that is pouring itself along the streets, and in the stores, and out of them, there are many who are merely spectators. They have joined the crowd merely for the purpose of feasting their eyes. They are jostled rudely by the thoughtless, or they meekly stand aside to give prosperity the right of way.

Some of them are old and some are young, but one may be very sure that these friendless and poverty-stricken ones are dear to the Lord. Forlorn and lonely though they may be, they have not been forsaken by the Shining One over whose humble cradle the star of Bethlehem arose and stood.

In the rush and confusion of prosperity the unfortunate ones should not be forgotten. They are with us always, but surely they are with us in a more intimate sense as we go about making preparations for celebrating the glorious day that gave to the world the founder of the Christian religion, whose life on earth was devoted to ministering to the poor, the lowly and the unfortunate.

A Crazy Pessimist.

Professor Otis Mason has been stuffing The Washington Star with his pessimistic forebodings.

According to the professor, ours is an inferior continent, capable of supporting an infinite quantity of vegetable life, of a lower grade, but incapable of supporting animal life in its best development. We are rapidly diminishing our capacity for cereal production, and men and beasts find it harder to live comfortably. Civilized man exists here, not as a natural product, but as an importation. In the old world are found the largest animals and the best physical types of manhood. They have never been found, and never will be found here. Already it is apparent that our native-born population has steadily diminished, and but for immigration the superior white race would disappear from this continent before the lapse of many centuries. Professor Mason says:

The population on this continent cannot necessarily survive the means of subsistence afforded it by the country. If what science says is true, the white man has got to go. There has been talk to the effect that the Chinese must vanish, but it must be confessed that they are very much better adapted to continue existence on this hemisphere than ourselves, for the obvious reason that they will survive us here, and that they will continue in their own manner the civilization which we have made an attempt to start. But the Caucasian, if the scientific men are to be believed, will not be able to support existence on this hemisphere after the capital in the way of agricultural and mineral resources has been exhausted, as it must be soon. He will disappear. The natural question is by what process? It is very evident. When a superior race becomes poor, and thereby unable to maintain its superiority, it lapses into the condition of the "poor white." If you will journey through the south and take notice of the manner in which such conditions as those have become operative, you will perceive that the Caucasian does, in this way, become thriftless, incapable of exertion, and eventually approaching in type to the savage. In other words, he loses his status in the scale of creation.

Through the progressive exhaustion of the resources of the country one state after another will necessarily become uninhabitable because it will be incapable of supporting a population. Thus will come about the depopulation of one state after another—of course by a slow process through many years—and there will be presented the remarkable phenomenon of the dropping from the union of one state after another, because they have cerce to be no longer entitled to representation, under the law, by senators and representatives.

The fling at the southern whites shows that the professor is not only a pessimist, but a very ignorant and very crazy pessimist. Statistics show that the native whites in the southern states are growing taller, fleshier and stronger with each generation, and that their average duration of life is increasing. So far from exhausting our natural resources, we are just beginning to draw upon them, as our gradually increasing output in every line of material development makes plainly evident.

It is possible that this pseudo-scientist has made a study of the unfavorable conditions now existing in many parts of New England, and in his general conclusions has included the continent at large. His gloomy generalities are drawn from insufficient data, and are contradicted by the facts on the surface of the situation. But why should such stuff be printed to confuse the thoughtless? True science sounds no such discordant note—her voice inspires the worker, and shames the sluggard. Her verdict is that man and nature, in this favored quarter of the globe, exhibit their most perfect types. Professor Mason should go off and drown his pessimism in the festivities of the Christmas tide.

A Fitting Memorial.

That was a memorable scene in the history of Atlanta, yesterday, when, with all the impressiveness of the Masonic ceremonials, the corner stone of the Grady hospital was laid in its place amid the subdued solemnity of an occasion fraught with so many suggestive memories.

The institution itself, so magnificent in its conception, was a theme upon which the thoughts of every man, woman and child present might dwell with pride and gratification, it being the capstone to the grand monument of the great hearted benevolence of this city.

Within its hall the sick and the suffering, from the man of wealth who seeks the most skillful medical attention and careful nursing, to the Lazarus-like beggar on the streets, homeless and friendless, alike may find comfort and sustenance. So broad is the platform of its design that neither race, creed nor color is deprived of its benefits, but its gates are thrown open to humanity.

But above and beyond all this there is a sentiment connected with it which, compared with the ordinary feeling connected with such enterprises, is as far removed as are the glittering stars of heaven above the drifting clouds of autumn.

It is the sentiment, fragrant with sacred memories, that cluster around the name of Grady. In life his was the the name that was wont to arouse the sympathies of the most obdurate, and there was no call that he ever made that met not with a ready and hearty response. In death that name still lives, a synonym of all that was purest, most liberal, tenderest and most unselfish, in the nature of one whose life was a shining example of practical charity and broad benevolence.

Great men die, and after much solicitation and years of hard work, the cold, heartless, speechless shaft is erected to commemorate their services.

But here a great, good man dies, and ere the flowers have withered on his bier, the foundations of his monument, already laid in the hearts of the people, begin growing, and with little effort they are made to rise higher and higher until, at the end of a twelvemonth the corner stone is laid of a living, breathing monument, the very stones of which are mutely eloquent with the grandeur and glory of his good deeds.

One year ago today he lay in state while the hearts of Atlanta were bowed in grief and the homes of Atlanta were draped in mourning. And today there are thousands of stricken souls who rise up and call his memory blessed.

Rare in its purity and beauty must indeed be the life that not only overmasters death, but, soaring high above the shrouding mists of oblivion, lives and moves and has its beneficent being long after the heart throbs are stilled and the eloquent voice is silenced forever.

His was the noble heart that beat with unfailing sympathy for his fellow in distress, no matter what his sphere or station in life; his the attentive ear that was never deaf to any appeal of woe; his the inspired tongue that was ever ready to give utterance to any plea in behalf of the suffering and unfortunate.

On this model have they builded who have planned this great charity, and in and through this, not only the name and fame, but the life, work, sentiment and sympathies of Henry Woodfin Grady will live forevermore.

The Government's Duty.

The Indian question is a live issue with the press at this particular time. This is as it should be, for recent occurrences in the Indian settlements have been of too grave a nature to be dismissed with casual comment.

Changes in the government's present policy of dealing with the Indians are both necessary and expedient, and an investigation should be ordered, so that the real causes of the disturbances that arise among them may be known and remedies applied wherever such may be possible.

Even the western newspapers, which are not disposed to be friendly to Indian interests, have recently spoken plainly in their behalf, being led to do so by a sense of justice and the knowledge that the Indians have suffered wrong at the hands of the government. It is clearly shown that the recent Indian outbreak was the result of the government's "starvation policy," and that the Indians were simply starved into revolt. The killing of Sitting Bull is denounced as a murder, and it is charged as such to the government.

The Indians have rights which the government must respect. It has penned them in the cold corners of the far west where, in many instances, they are at the mercy of unscrupulous agents, who are said to be directly responsible for much of the trouble reported. It is, therefore, the duty of the government to make a thorough investigation which, if honestly conducted, will result in a settlement of present, while it may prevent future, troubles.

Dr. Nelms's Appointment.

Commissioner Nesbitt's appointment of Dr. John W. Nelms as inspector of oils for the Atlanta district, is a fitting recognition of the valuable services and sterling worth of one of the best men in Georgia.

Dr. Nelms has been tried and found not wanting. In various positions of responsibility he has proved his ability, and his conscientious work has at all times won the commendation of the people of Georgia. As principal keeper of the penitentiary, and as United States marshal of the northern district of Georgia, he did good service for the state and for the federal government, and his record is a surety that the interests of the state and of the people will be carefully guarded by him in the position to which he has just been appointed.

IT IS beginning to be hinted in the newspapers that Sitting Bull was murdered. But what of it? Isn't it the American policy to rob the Indians and murder them afterwards? If there has been any change in this policy we have never heard of it.

THE PIOUS Tin Colonel of The New York Mail and Express, says that a whale ninety feet long could not swallow a biscuit. It is thus that the Tin Colonel jumps on the story of Jonah.

CHICAGO IS hotly discussing the question of closing the world's fair on Sundays. Wouldn't it be better to open it before talking about closing.

THERE IS to be no further investigation of the Cincinnati officials. Let us hope, however, that there will be genuine reform in that region. Even an Ohio democrat cannot be altogether happy unless he is virtuous.

A LADY wants a bust of the ridiculous little president. She is probably the person who wanted Dudley's autograph to add to the autographs of American authors.

UNDER THE McKinley law the doctors who have brought in Koch's lymph have had to pay a duty on it. This is for the protection of our own ptomaine manufacturers.

ALL THE newspapers have different stories of the killing of Sitting Bull. The public can take its choice.

THE CHRISTMAS number of The New York Commercial Advertiser is the best we have seen. Some of the most distinguished American writers contribute to its columns, but the best story is from the pen of a lady who has not heretofore figured in creative literature. It is the story of "The Miser," by Miss Jeannette L. Gilder. It possesses the vital quality that takes hold of the sympathies.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

SPEAKING OF the reported removal of a mountain in Japan, a Philadelphia gentlemen says: "A most curious event is said to have happened in the year 1571 in Herefordshire, England. On the 17th of February, which was a Saturday, at 6 o'clock in the evening, the earth began to open and a hill with a rock under it, making at first a loud bellowing noise, which was heard several miles off, lifted itself up to a great height and began to travel, bearing along with it the trees growing on it, sheepfolds, sheep and cattle that happened to be grazing on the hill at the time. It left a gap in the ground about fifty yards broad and 100 long. The size of the hill was about twenty acres at the base. Passing along, it overthrew a chapel standing in the way, removed a yew tree planted in the church yard from the west side to the east side and with the same force it thrust before it highways, sheepfolds, hedges and trees. Tilled ground was made pasture, and pasture was turned into tilled ground. The hill continued to move by fits and starts from the Saturday evening until noon on Monday when it stopped, having in that time moved a distance of over a mile. A like circumstance is reported to have occurred in Dorsetshire, in 1588. A field of over three acres in extent, at Blackmore, moved bodily a distance of some 500 yards. The trees and fences upon it were but little disturbed, but it knocked down a church and sundry dwellings in another field, crossing the high road to Herne, blocking it up, and there it stayed. These curious earth convulsions are alluded to by many writers of the period, and gave rise to no end of litigation respecting property rights. In the royal archives is an exact account of three events which are described under the heading, 'Prodigies of Nature.'"

MR. GLADSTONE pays cash for what he buys and invariably asks for 10 per cent discount.

THE NEW YORK PRESS says: "I ran across ex-Governor R. B. Bullock, of Atlanta, Saturday. He is engaged in cotton manufacturing, and about the first thing that he said to me was that he was trying to find out what the banks were trying to do with the money situation. 'I am not a borrower myself,' he said, laughingly, 'or I should feel pretty blue. But there is something wrong when money cannot be borrowed on cotton on reasonable margins. Cotton is gold. It sells in London for gold. It is the big staple of exchange. When cotton is selling at above 9 cents per pound, and you cannot borrow 8 or even 7 cents per pound on it, that is, borrow on gold, there is a screw loose somewhere. I haven't any cotton on which to borrow, as I told you, but I am wondering what it all means.'"

A CHRISTMAS CAROL.

Mr. Samuel E. Whitmire is now editor of The Brunswick Times, and it may be remarked that he is doing excellent work on that paper. Sam is a north Georgia boy, who won his spurs on The Rome Tribune. He will be a success in his new and enlarged field.

The Augusta Chronicle is getting up a very excellent state news department. In fact, our esteemed contemporary is bound to "keep in line."

Foreman—I see The Bugle is going to give a week's holiday.

Editor—All right. But you don't catch us at that sort of thing. Christmas or no Christmas, the people must have the news. Get me my scissors!

Hon. R. R. Harris, who has done efficient work for Floyd county in past legislatures, has been supplementing it with some excellent editorial work on The Tribune of Rome. His connection with that paper has been highly creditable, and when he does leave it, it will be with the regret of the state press.

Use Christmas without abusing it. Make no mistake.

In the next edition of his poems Editor Bayne, of The Augusta Chronicle, will reform his "Margery Blair."

Editor Gantt, of The Athens Banner, is delivering lectures to the Georgia legislature on the subject of "A Summer Session." In the meantime, the legislature is getting in some excellent winter work. Editor Gantt is slightly forcing the season.

The Dawson County Advertiser says that for the present, at least, it will change the size of The Advertiser and make it an all-home print. It will be a smaller sheet than heretofore.

A poet writing to The Hartwell Sun chimes these exceedingly proper and suggestive verses:

It takes a gifted poet to write up proper rhymes
But any loggerhead can write them up sometimes
I composed these verses while lying on my bed,
To let the Georgia people know that I am not quite dead.

On Wednesday, December 31st, our esteemed contemporary, The Memphis Appeal-Avalanche, will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of The Appeal, and the dedication of the new seven-story building now occupied by the consolidated papers. An illustrated souvenir edition, commemorating fifty eventful years, through which The Appeal has steadily grown, with all the varying fortunes of the south, has been issued and is one of the neatest of the kind ever received. It is certainly "a map of busy life" and reflects great credit on The Appeal-Avalanche, as well as the south.

Light On the Subject.

From The Greensboro Herald-Journal.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION of Sunday last has an excellent article on the causes and remedies for the present financial crisis. The article is in the shape of communications from the leading business men and financiers of Atlanta, and puts much light on the causes of financial stress.

Full of Sound Sense.

From The Rome Tribune.

The editorial page of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION last Sunday was as full of sound sense as an egg is of meat.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

THE LAST LETTER FROM STATE SCHOOL COMMISSIONER HOOK.

Dr. J. W. Nelms Appointed Inspector for this District—Matters of Lesser Moment.

Below is given a letter from State School Commissioner Hook.

His letters have always a general public interest; but a peculiar interest attaches to this one, as his last before retiring from the office he has filled with such distinguished ability.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 23, 1890. To the County School Commissioners of Georgia, Greeting: As the year approaches its end, when my term of office as state school commissioner terminates, I deem it proper, to prevent confusion and delay in answering letters and other mail matter addressed to this office, to suggest that after the 25th instant it would be best for all official communications to be addressed to the Hon. S. D. Bradwell, state school commissioner-elect. My personal address will be 201 Rawson street, Atlanta, Ga.

In taking final leave of you and your respective boards of education, I desire to thank each and all of you for the uniform courtesy you have shown me, and for your cordial co-operation in the important work entrusted to our care. I bespeak for my successor what I am sure you will give, the same kind treatment and active support accorded to me. It is gratifying to us that, although in 1887 a complete revision of the school laws of the state took place, and the revised code had to be construed, applied and acted upon in the school work of 1888, this work was accomplished with but little friction, and the falling off in the average attendance upon the schools was not greater than might have been expected under the new system of examining and licensing teachers. In 1889 this falling off was more than met and overcome, and this year the attendance shows a very large increase.

I congratulate you on the spirit of enthusiasm which everywhere prevails over our beloved state for the education of all the people, manifested in various ways, but most effectively in the action of the last general assembly in its liberal assessments for the common schools, for the years 1889 and 1890, amounting in the aggregate to more than $500,000, and by the action of the present house of representatives, which has, by an almost unanimous vote, set apart over $1,000,000 for the good work. Let us hope, as I believe, that an intelligent senate will sustain this wise and patriotic legislation in behalf of the common schools. As a parting word, let me beg that you give your best devotion to the support and maintenance of the common school system, which is the main stay and hope of our country. Let no one persuade you against the common schools, and let all our people be educated without reference to color, in the full spirit of our enlightened constitution and laws.

And now, goodbye. May God bless you all in your basket and in your store, and in your families, and in your homes, and cause you to cling at all times as you should cling, more closely, earnestly and strongly to the common school system, the hope of your children, and the hope of your homes and your state! Yes, cling to it my friends, "as the shipwrecked mariner clings to the last plank when night and the tempest gather o'er him." Yours very truly, JAMES S. HOOK, State School Commissioner.

When the Change Takes Place.

The change in the state school commissioner's office takes place on the 1st of January.

Judge Hook has not definitely arranged his plans for the future, but will probably resume the practice of law in Atlanta.

Mr. Fermor Barrett, the efficient and popular assistant commissioner, has accepted the position of professor of higher mathematics and English literature in the Douglasville, Ga., college.

He Takes It Coolly.

"I've noticed," remarked Captain Tip Harrison yesterday at the capitol, "that most new appointees are in a hurry to take hold of their offices.

"The most notable exception to that rule is Assistant Principal Keeper Wright. He has been expected here every day for two weeks past. Today, again, the change in the department was expected to take place, but Mr. Wright didn't show up.

"I think the governor has about concluded to just let him take his own time about it and quit trying to get him here.

"He takes a public office about as coolly as I ever saw it done."

Dr. Nelms Appointed.

Dr. J. W. Nelms was yesterday appointed oil inspector for the Atlanta district.

The appointment was generally expected—in fact, Commissioner Nesbitt announced definitely some time ago that he would make this selection.

It goes witout saying that the appointment is an exceedingly fortunate one; and that it gives general satisfaction.

Dr. Nelms enters at once upon the discharge of the duties of his office.

Pardon the Woman.

A meritorious pardon application has been made by Assistant Principal Keeper Shubrick, in behalf of a negro woman named Henrietta Grier, sent up from Bibb county in 1869 for murder.

Colonel Shubrick has secured for this petition the endorsement of every member of the penitentiary committee of this legislature, as well as those of the presiding officers of both houses and of the members from Bibb county.

At the time of the commission of the crime the convict was a mere girl, and very ignorant.

She has served over twenty years now, which is considered ample punishment for her crime.

CAN THEY BE TRIED?

United States' Jurisdiction Over Murder Ceses to be Tested.

It will be remembered the grand jury returned indictments against seven of the Marietta blind tiger gang.

Five of them were arrested last Thursday and lodged in Fulton county jail. They were George Sanges, white; Tom Alexander, Joseph Edwards, Charles Porter and Isaac Smith, negroes.

A motion for bail for the prisoners was yesterday heard before Judge Newman, of the United States court.

Bond for Sanges, on the indictment of conspiracy and murder, was fixed at $8,000. Bond for Isaac Smith and Charles Porter, on the same indictment, was fixed at $6,000 and $5,000 respectively.

The entire five were then bonded in the sum of $1,500 each on the indictment charging them with intimidating witnesses.

Bail has not as yet been furnished for any of the men, but it is thought that a portion, if not all of them, will be able to raise the required amount.

Their trials will come off at the March term of court.

An interesting point has been raised in connection with the case, and that is whether the men indicted for murder came under the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States.

The same point was recently touched upon by Attorney General Miller in his annual report, in which he says:

"In some parts of the country the lawlessness continues. The enforcement of the internal revenue laws is particularly resisted, and officer, are frequently met with violence and are occasionally the victims of assassination. It is certainly an anamoly in government that those who have committed murders for the purpose of stopping prosecution in the federal courts, should not only not be punished, but not even be put on trial. Section 5509 of the revised statutes provides that if two or mere persons conspire to debar any person from the enjoyment of any of his civil rights, and in so doing commit felonys such felony shall be punished according to the laws of the state wherein the same is committed.

"If section 5,509 were so broadened as to make any felony committed while in the act of violating any statute of the United States trialable in the United States courts, and punishable according to the laws of the state wherein the same is committed, it would greatly help in the administration of justice. So long as persons who kill officers, witnesses or jurors for the purpose of impeding the administration of justice can only be tried and punished in a federal court as far as a minor offense, the administration of the United States laws and the laws themselves in many districts will have little respect."

From the foregoing it would appear that Sanges, Porter and Smith stand a very good show of reaping the benefit of the nolle prosseque, for the reason that no provision has ever been made, giving the United States jurisdiction over a felony or murder committed while in the act of violating a United States statute.

Colonel Moseley, of Marietta, is the counsel for the five prisoners, and, in addition, Sanges has specially engaged Messrs. Glenn & Madden, of this city, to look after his interests.

WHERE THEY GO.

THE APPOINTMENTS FOR SOUTH GEORGIA.

The Closing Session of the South Georgia Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, for 1890.

MACON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.—The South Georgia Methodist conference has adjourned.

Adjournment took place last night at about 10 o'clock.

The appointments have been read, and today many an anxious preacher is made happy and many are trying with Christian forbearance to reconcile himself to his fate.

The last session of the conference convened last night at 7 o'clock. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. J. B. McGehee.

The minutes were read, and after correction were, on motion, adopted.

In the voting for the next place for holding the conference Cordele and Columbus were put in nomination and the former place secured it by a vote of eighty to forty-one. On motion Cordele was unanimously selected.

Resolutions of thanks were read by Rev. G. S. N. MacDonell to the people of Macon for courtesies shown.

After the reading of the minutes the bishop read the appointments as follows:

Savannah District—W. C. Lovett, presiding elder. Savannah—Trinity, A. J. Jarrell; Wesleyan Monumental, C. E. Dowman; C. H. Carson supernumerary; City mission, J. H. Mather; New Houston mission, G. S. Johnston; Guyton, J. E. Wray; Eden circuit, J. W. Connors; Springfield circuit, W. D. McGregor; Burke circuit, J. W. Arnold; Sylvania circuit, W. J. Flanders; Bethel circuit, C. T. Clark; Waynesboro circuit, Bascom Anthony; Millen circuit, J. S. Jordan; Wadley and Boston, C. H. Branch; Scarboro circuit, J. C. Flanders; Jefferson circuit, F. W. Flanders; Louisville and Davisboro, G. C. Thompson; Statesboro, A. E. Caroway; Bullock mission, E. T. Tucker; Hinton circuit, T. A. Strong.

Macon District—J. O. A. Clark, presiding elder. Macon—Mulberry street, J. P. McFerrin; First street, T. M. Christian; Vineville, McK. F. McCook; East Macon, H. A. Hodges; Centenary, W. E. Vaughan; Grace mission and Sandy Run, E. J. Burch and J. W. Burke; South Macon mission, Wesley Lane; Bibb circuit, T. E. Davenport; Payne mission, M. F. Beal; Byron circuit, J. M. Foster and J. B. Culpepper, supernumerary; Hawkinsville, J. W. Simmons; Fort Valley, J. A. Thompson; Marshallville and Montezuma, D. F. Riley; Perry circuit, N. D. Morehouse; Knoxville circuit, T. R. McMichael; Snow circuit, T. I. Nease; Vienna circuit, T. W. Darley; commissioner of education, W. M. Hayes; president Wesleyan Female college, W. C. Bass; district superintendent American Bible society, H. P. Myers; superintendent Orphan's Home, L. B. Payne; agent Orphan's Home, F. A. Branch; assistant editor Wesleyan Christian Advocate, T. T. Christian; conference colporteur, J. W. Burke.

Columbus District.—J. B. McGehee, presiding elder. Columbus—St. Luke, A. M. Williams; St. Paul and Pearl Chapel mission, J. W. Domingos; Broad street, C. W. Snow; Rose Hill, J. G. Harrison; East Highlands and Midway, H. W. Key; Cataula circuit, I. F. Griffith; Hamilton circuit, W. E. Mumford; Talbotton circuit, K. Read; Talbot circuit, W. C. Wade; Central circuit, J. B. Griner; Geneva circuit, J. T. Mims; Butler and Reynolds circuit, M. B. Ferrell; Howard circuit, J. M. Boland; Crowell circuit, W. W. Tidwell; Buena Vista circuit, J. M. Austin; Macon circuit, R. M. Allison; Cusseta circuit, G. T. Roberts; book editor, W. P. Harrison.

Americus District.—E. H. McGehee, presiding elder. Americus—First church, J. B. Johnston; Second church, R. F. Williamson; Sumter, W. T. Clark; LaCrosse, A. H. Oglethorpe; Ellaville, O. A. Thrower; Oglethorpe, H. M. Morrison; Magnolia, H. Stubbs; Sumter mission, S. S. Kemp; Weston, D. R. McWilliams; Dawson and Georgetown, E. M. Whiting; Bronwood, S. W. Stubbs; Terrill, L. R. Allison; Shellman, J. O. Langston; Cuthbert, H. R. Felder; Springvale, W. F. Hixson; Fort Gaines, B. S. Sentell; Lumpkin and Richland, H. C. Brewton; Florence, J. T. Lowe; Andrew Female College, P. S. Twitty.

Thomasville District—J. W. Hinton, presiding elder. Thomasville, A. M. Wynn; Albany, W. J. Robertson; Attapulgus, M. A. Phillips; Bainbridge, T. B. Reams; Boston circuit, W. W. Stewart; Blakely circuit, R. F. Evans; Cairo circuit, N. H. Olmstead; Camilla circuit, H. T. Etheridge; Colquitt mission, to be supplied by R. P. Fain; Decatur mission, R. B. Ross; Leary circuit, D. D. Bateman; Mars Hill mission, to be supplied by J. S. C. Glenn; Pelham circuit, J. W. Tinley; Pierce circuit, W. C. Jones; Meighs mission, W. C. Brewton; Sumner circuit, O. B. Chester.

Eastman District.—J. D. Anthony, presiding elder. Eastman, G. C. Clarke; Cochran, C. D. Adams; Dempsey, E. D. Phillips; McRae, H. C. Fentress; Rhine, G. W. M. Lake; Jacksonville, J. S. Funderburk; Towns, C. C. Hines; Lumber City, W. A. Huckabee; Mt. Vernon, J. S. Lewis; Graham, E. L. Padrick; Baxley, G. B. Allison; Stirling, D. F. Miles; Reidsville, E. A. Sanders; Eason, A. A. Gordon; Altamaha, W. M. C. Conley; Odum, W. T. Rae; Spring Hill High School, T. W. Ellis.

Valdosta Circuit.—J. O. Branch, presiding elder. Valdosta, R. F. Breedlove; Adel circuit, J. Shirah; Greenfield mission, to be supplied by J. H. Taylor; Branch circuit, to be supplied by J. W. Hendley; Alapaha circuit, P. H. Crumpler; Sycamore circuit, G. P. Revier; Lowndes, J. W. Foy; Ashburn and Warwick mission, R. M. Booth and to be supplied by J. J. Williams; Willacoochee and mission, C. T. Bickley and to be supplied by J. A. Adams; Roberts circuit, to be supplied by G. A. Kelley; Abbeville circuit, to be supplied by O. A. Myers; Seville circuit, C. H. McCord; Crisp, S. W. Brown; Quitman, J. M. Lovett; Brooks circuit, J. T. Ainsworth; Douglass circuit, W. F. Carter; Irwinville mission, J. A. Wethers.

Brunswick District.—G. G. N. McDonell, presiding elder. Brunswick, First church, J. O. A. Cook; Brunswick, Second church, E. F. Cook; Waycross, G. W. Mathews; Blackshear, G. P. Parker; Dickly, D. Morrison; Jesup and Johnson, J. R. Owen; Hinesville, F. L. Stokes; Taylor's creek, G. B. Culpepper; Darien, J. T. Rider; Jonesville, A. J. Bell; St. Mary's, T. B. Kemp; Bryan, W. T. McMichael; Hortense, G. P. Purnell; Camden, J. P. Dickinson; South Camden, J. C. Parker; Homerville, A. H. Bazemore; Statersville, W. C. Glenn and J. G. Grooms; Waresboro, W. J. Stalings; Duker, W. C. Austin; Trader's Hill, W. J. Meadows.

Sandersville District.—J. P. Wardlaw, presiding elder. Sandersville, J. W. Weston; Warthen circuit, E. F. Morgan; Gibson mission, J. C. Griner; Washington circuit, I. F. Carey; New Hope circuit, C. E. Boland; Wrightsville and Mission Ridge, M. A. Morgan; Rhine circuit, to be supplied; Corinth, G. T. Flanders; Lovett, to be supplied; Dublin mission, W. F. Smith; Summerton mission, B. F. Bales; Swainesboro, I. C. G. Rabun; Irwinton, J. A. Harmon; Gordon circuit, J. Carr; Brewton circuit, J. D. Mauldin; Jeffersonville circuit, C. E. Crawley; Regnant, to be supplied; Nannie Lou Warthen Institute, M. A. Morgan, principal.

Crippling Business.

From The Boston Globe.

In the recent state of the money market the people can see one effect of republican financiering. That party has insisted on collecting more taxes from the people than the government needed. The surplus has either been piled up in the treasury, or squandered in extravagant legislation, or used to pay off the government's bonds many years before they are due, adding a premium equal to six or seven years' unearned interest, instead of subtracting a discount, as any private concern would have done. This retirement of bonds has necessarily diminished the national bank circulation, which is based on the bonds, and which is the nearest approach to a free, elastic currency that the country possesses. But for this enforced retirement, the banks would have been able to issue money enough, secured by government bonds, to bridge over the difficulty.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

CAITHNESS.—Lady Caithness, Duchess de Pomar, has applied to the French authorities for permission to erect a statue of Mary Queen of Scots on a site adjacent to her house in Paris.

HENNESSEY.—Sir John Pope Hennessey, who is now playing a prominent part in Irish politics, is said to be the original of Anthony Trollope's character of "Phineas Finn," the Irish member.

CARNOT.—Mme. Carnot has required the mayors of the twenty arrondissements of Paris each to draw up a list of twenty widows having the largest number of children, whom Mme. Carnot desires to help on New Year's Day.

GLADSTONE.—Mr. Gladstone is arranging for a grand family gathering at Hawarden for the Christmas holidays, and, incidentally, the guests will celebrate his birthday anniversary. The grand old man will be eighty-one years old on the 29th instant.

AYRES.—The widow of General Romeyn B. Ayres, who used to assist Mrs. Hayes at the white house receptions, has signified her intention of entering a religious order of the Roman Catholic church. Mrs. Ayres has been prominent in Washington and Baltimore society.

ISMAIL PASHA.—Ismail Pasha, the Ex-Khedive, whose extravagance ruined Egypt and necessitated his recall, has now applied to the Sultan for $50,000 to enable him to buy furniture for his palace at Stamboul. There is nothing close about Ismail as long as his friends settle the bills.

KELLEY.—The desk in congress long used by the late William D. Kelley has been removed and sent to his daughter's home, at her request, upon payment of $55. A similar disposition, it is said, was made of "Sunset" Cox's desk; and now it is proposed to buy that of Samuel J. Randall ...

FEASTING FIREMEN

MRS. JOYNER GIVES THE FIRE LADDIES THEIR ANNUAL RECEPTION.

An Hour of Quiet Enjoyment at the Hook and Ladder Home Last Evening, Some Presentations and Speeches.

Feasting firemen!

And a royal banqueting time it was.

As is her custom, Mrs. W. L. Joyner, wife of "Cap" Joyner, the popular chief of the department, gave her annual reception to the board of firemasters and the department at the Hook and Ladder rooms last evening.

There were present Mayor John T. Glenn, Chairman Albert Howell and Members of Council Joseph Hirsch, Dr. H. G. Hutchison, A. L. Kontz and A. J. McBride, of the board of firemasters, and about seventy firemen.

Three long tables were laid in the long hall and on them were piled in profusion all manner of good things of which the guests of the evening ate and drank and were filled.

After full justice had been done to the spread, Mayor Glenn opened a large silver mounted oaken case, in which glittered two long rows of elegant silver spoons, and said:

"I have been requested, by a committee from the fireman, to perform a very pleasant duty. I have no doubt but that it will prove equally pleasant to your chief, when he knows for what purpose I rise before you.

"At the first glance of the contents of the box I thought it was for me, but I was quickly undeceived.

"Here are thirty-six silver spoons, not as many, no doubt, as were stolen by General Butler in New Orleans; but from my knowledge of the character of the chief, I feel assured that he would not accept spoons obtained in any such manner.

"I don't know why they gave you so many, chief, unless to cause you to bear in mind the next annual banquet, as they have enjoyed this and previous ones so heartily.

"The reason I am puzzled at the number of the spoons is because Chief Joyner has told me that he had but four boys and no girls—the reason for the absence of the latter being that he couldn't make firemen out of them and had no use for any of that sex."

This sally was greeted with laughter and applause, and the speaker went on to speak of Mrs. Joyner as being responsible for much of the efficency of the defendent through the way she kept the chief straight.

He spoke of the equipment of the department in the most glowing terms.

In alluding to the insurance plan, he said that were he to continue in office he would sign the bill again to insure the lives of the firemen, and he hoped the coming administration would prove equally liberal.

He thought it nothing but right that the men who protected the lives and property of the people of Atlanta, should be themselves protected, and that they should be better paid and have more time for recreation than they now have.

"I don't know whether, your Mr. Chief," said he, "participate in the benefits of the insurance plan, but I know that you are insured in the estimation of the people of Atlanta.

"So, in conclusion, allow me to present to you, in behalf of the firemen of Atlanta, this box of silver spoons."

Being loudly called for, Chief Joyner responded in a happy acknowledgement of the present.

He spoke of how he and his men worked together as one family, and that the department is entirely free from political influence, and all worked together for the best interests of the city, and that the city gets full value received for every item of expense attached to the department.

He spoke of the increase of the force, which now numbers sixty-two full pay men and supernumeraries, and that no men in any department do better work than they. He showed that the men now connected with the department are, with a few exceptions, the same who have been there for a long while.

He compared the working hours and the pay with the police force. The firemen are on twenty-four hours a day and receive $60 a month, but not until they have served one year, only getting $50 during the year of trial. The policemen are on duty eight hours a day and receive the same pay. The foremen work twenty-four hours a day and receive $... whereas the captains of police work eight and receive $85.

Then the firemen only get one day in eleven to be with their families. He thought they ought to be better paid and ought to have more days off.

While he did not question the efficiency of the police department, he was pulling for his own men, and he claimed that in point of faithful service, the department was the equal of any in the city.

Hon. Albert Howell then arose, and as chairman of the board of firemasters, in behalf of the hook and ladder men, presented a handsome chair to Jacob Emmel, "a man," he said, "who has been with the department ever since its organization, and before—his faithful services dating back to the days of the volunteer service. While he has never been ... he has done as good service as any other man connected with the service.

Fireman Emmel accepted the present in a brief speech, assuring his men that he would make good use of it.

Dr. H. G. Hutchison being called upon made a very appropriate address, speaking of the excellent manner in which the appointive ... instead of the elective rule had worked, keeping the department out of politics.

He also approved of the insurance plan, and spoke of the rate of fire insurance having been reduced from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$. In view of the few disastrous fires that have occurred during Chief Joyner's administration, he thought that the companies ought to make a still further reduction.

Hon. A. J. McBride made a telling speech complimenting the department on its excellent service, and gave due credit to Messrs. Howell, Kontz and Hirsch for their efforts in putting through the life insurance feature.

Hon. Joseph Hirsch pleaded that he was sick, but he took occasion to say some very complimentary words in regard to the chief and the department.

Hon. A. L. Kontz followed in the same happy and hearty strain. He only regretted that he should no longer be privileged to ride in "the little red wagon" through the streets, on a wild dash to a fire. But he assured the chief and his men that he should be ever ready and only too happy to render them any assistance in his power.

Chairman Howell suggested that the members of the board of firemasters furnish No. ... the new company, with crayon portraits of themselves with which to decorate their hall, this being all the more appropriate as this company is part of the outcroppings of the year's work.

A motion to that effect was put and unanimously carried. A few other addresses, one of which was from Engineer W. H. Joyner, of No. 5, thanking the board for the pictures, followed, and then with a rising vote of thanks to Chief and Mrs. Joyner for the entertainment, and three cheers and a "Cherokee" yell for Chief Joyner, the meeting adjourned.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, December 23.—Forecast for Wednesday: Light rains, northerly winds and colder.

ATLANTA, Ga., December 23.—The barometer at southern stations is slowly falling, while the weather is clouding up to the west. Winds remain light and variable and temperature stationary.

Following are the highest temperatures and precipitation at stations named since last publication:

Atlanta, 62; Montgomery, 70; Pensacola, ...; Mobile, 68; Meridian, 68; New Orleans, 70; Galveston, 64; Palestine, 70; Corpus Christi, ...; .76 of an inch; Brownsville, .16 of an inch; Rio Grande City, trace.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

7 a. m.—Barometer, 30.21; thermometer, 49; dew point, 23; wind—calm; partly cloudy.

7 p. m.—Barometer, 30.21; thermometer, ...; dew point, 52; wind—direction, northwesterly; velocity ...

THE NAME OF GRADY.

THE CORNER STONE OF THE GREAT HOSPITAL LAID YESTERDAY.

The Impressive Ceremonies Witnessed by a Large Concourse of People Assembled to Honor a Public Benefactor.

The corner stone is laid.

And now the work of completing the Grady hospital will be pushed forward.

Twelve months from today, without some unforseen disaster, the hospital will be open for patients.

The impressive ceremonies attending the laying of the stone occurred at from 10:30 to 12 o'clock yesterday.

At an early hour the preparations were begun, and at 11 o'clock the representatives from Atlanta, Gate City, Fulton and Georgia lodges, of Atlanta; W. D. Luckie lodge, of West End, Adamsville lodge and various other visiting lodges met in Masonic hall.

Chief Connolly detailed a squad of fourteen mounted police, in charge of Captain Manly and Sergeant White, to escort the procession.

The sidewalks near the intersection of Broad and Marietta streets were thronged with spectators, assembled to witness the proceedings.

At 10:30 o'clock all was in readiness and the procession formed.

Order of March.

Captain John Milledge was marshal of the day, and the order of march was first the mounted police, followed by the Zouave band, and then came Mayor John T. Glenn and the city council, with Mr. Pat Calhoun, orator of the day, and members of the building committee, and of the old board of trustees of the Benevolent home. Next came the Masonic fraternity, in full regalia, led by Mr. Jay D. Edwards, tiler of Gate City lodge, and Mr. W. G. Dollard, tiler of Adamsville lodge.

The grand lodge officers, in their splendid trappings, came last, Hon. John S. Davidson, grand master, as is customary, bringing up the rear.

The procession moved down Marietta to Pryor, along North Pryor to Edgewood avenue, and thence to North Butler street and along that street to the hospital.

A large platform had been erected and furnished with chairs, and the Masons and invited guests took their seats.

Among the ladies who occupied seats on the platform were Mrs. Dr. William King, Mrs. Pat Calhoun, Miss Calhoun and Mrs. Joe Hirsch. Rev. Dr. J. W. Heidt, presiding elder, of the north Atlanta district of the north Georgia Methodist conference, and Rabbi Leo Reich, of the Hebrew synagogue, also had seats on the platform.

The Exercises Begin.

A great throng surrounded the platform, pressing closely to witness the ceremonies.

After an overture by the Zouave band, Rev. Dr. Heidt offered up a most impressive prayer.

Then acting Grand Chaplain J. C. Williams, third great light, advanced to the spot where the corner stone rested, with the open Bible in his hands.

The stone—which was not a donation from the Georgia Marble Company, as stated in yesterday's paper, but from the American Marble Company, Mr. George S. Newell, manager—had been, through the instrumentality of Captain John Milledge, placed at the north corner of the foundation of the main building.

Grand Treasurer John S. Parks took his position near the stone, bearing the articles that were to be placed in it.

Mayor Glenn then said: "The corner stone of the Grady hospital will now be laid by Hon. John S. Davidson, grand master of Georgia."

Grand Master Davidson arose and said: "Right worshipful grand secretary, you will now read the request to lay this stone."

Grand Secretary A. M. Wolihin complied, and then Grand Master Davidson continued:

"Right worshipful senior grand warden, from time immemorial it has been the custom among the craft of Free and Accepted Masons to lay the corner stones of churches, public buildings and monuments when requested so to do by those in authority. We have, therefore, here convened the brethren for that purpose; and it is now our will and pleasure that they give us their attention and assistance in this work. This, our will and pleasure you will communicate to the right worshipful junior grand warden, and he to the brethren, that they, having due notice, this corner stone may be laid in ample form."

Then followed the usual beautiful devotional exercises, at the close of which the grand master directed Grand Treasurer Parks to place the articles intended to be deposited therein, in the receptacle prepared for them.

The List of Articles.

The articles placed in the stone were a copy of the Grady memorial volume from Hon. W. A. Hemphill.

A copy of Monday's CONSTITUTION containing a history of the building, with the Greek sentence, "Doxa to Theo En Ariosta," "Glory be to God in the Highest," written on the margin by Mr. W. F. Crusselle.

A copy of THE CONSTITUTION of December 7th, containing a sketch of the building, illustrated, with five $100 confederate money notes, by Mr. W. B. Burke of the "Old Book Store."

A portion of the manuscript of Mr. Grady's Boston speech, by Mrs. Henry W. Grady, through Judge Newman.

A copy of "Scraps of Song and Southern Scenes," by Montgomery M. Folsom, with a touching dedication to Mr. Grady.

Copies of the reports of all the city departments for 1889, by Hon. A. L. Kontz.

A photograph of the floral tributes laid on Mr. Grady's bier, by Mr. Joseph Hirsch.

A copy of The Southern Farm, containing Mr. Grady's Boston speech, and a full account of the memorial exercises, and a portrait of Mr. Grady, from THE CONSTITUTION business office.

A copy of Monday's Journal, by Mr. Clifford Near; The Boy's Weekly, by Master Howell Woodward, and The Southern Lodge Secret, by Mr. Wesley G. Smith.

A copy of the city code, by the city council.

Work of the Craft.

Grand Master Davidson then called upon Deputy Grand Master William Abram Love for an explanation of the emblems of his jewel, the square, which was done and the stone found to be square.

Then the grand master followed in the same manner with Senior Grand Warden John Z. Lawshe, whose jewel was the level, and the stone was tried with that also.

Junior Grand Warden Thomas W. Latham tried it with his jewel, the plumb, and this part of the ritual was concluded with the words,

"Most Worshipful. I find the stone is plumb. The craftsmen have performed their work well."

Deputy Grand Master Love then scattered the corn of plenty, Senior Grand Warden Lawshe the wine of gladness, and Junior Grand Warden Latham the oil of peace upon the stone.

Grand Marshal Parkhurst then struck the stone three times with his mallet, and the public honors were given, after which the implements of the craft were returned to the grand marshal.

Grand Master Davidson concluded the ceremonies with a short address concerning the objects of the building, and the ceremonies were concluded with the benediction.

Mayor Glenn's Address.

After music by the band Hon. John T. Glenn, mayor of Atlanta, arose and said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: While we have always been proud of Atlanta and ever ready to talk of her rapid strides and her great prosperity, and while the citizens of Atlanta have never been backward in telling the simple story of her wonderful career, so wonderful in fact that even the plain, unvarnished truth sounded like fiction and fastened upon us the charge of bragging, yet upon one subject we have been forced to be silent. Atlanta had never done her full duty to the afflicted and unfortunate, but from today we need not be silent, for she now lays the corner stone of her first hospital, the most complete one in the south. The ground has been purchased and paid for, the plans have been adopted and a large amount of money raised to build a house of charity, which will be an ornament to the city, a refuge for the afflicted, and a monument worthy of the unselfish and public-spirited Henry W. Grady, for whom it has been named and in whose memory it will be erected. And right here, in the name of the citizens of Atlanta, let me return the thanks of all our people to the Hon. Joseph Hirsch, to whose efforts more than any other, is due the success of this most important enterprise.

One year ago today Henry W. Grady died, and Atlanta lost her favorite son, and the people, more particularly the poor and helpless, forever parted with their best friend. His public life was devoted to the development of his city, his state and his section and to the fraternal union of the sections, which had been enstranged, while his private life,

"That best portion of a good man's life,
His little nameless, unremembered acts,
Of kindness and of love,"

was given in large measure to the unhappy and the unfortunate. If I were asked to name the qualities which predominated in Grady's nature, I would say they were charity and love, and today if he were asked how he would prefer to have his memory carried down to posterity he would without hesitation request that his name be linked with some building, some enterprise devoted to the relief of the suffering and in aid of the helpless. While on earth he had

"A tear for pity, and a hand
Open as day to melting charity."

And today in heaven his soul is made happier, if it be possible in that celestial realm to be made happier, as he looks down upon the laying of this corner stone of the beautiful house to be erected to his memory. With his death his influence has not been lost, but it still lives, and on the frontal of this building his name will be carried down the ages as the friend of the poor and the unfortunate, and as one whose life was devoted in a large measure to efforts for their relief.

And now I have the pleasure of introducing to you, as the orator of the occasion, the Hon. Pat Calhoun, the friend of Henry W. Grady, and who is worthy to be the friend of the best.

Mr. Calhoun's Address.

Mr. Pat Calhoun arose and said:

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen: When twelve months ago today the electric spark flashed over this continent the news of Henry Grady's death, in Georgia, and Virginia, in the Carolinas, and in Texas, throughout the length and breadth of this bright, sunny southland, on that brilliant winter day, the greetings of men were softened, and their brows were saddened at the news that Henry Grady was dead; and in the frozen regions of the north, on the streets of Boston, amid the sterile hills of New England, men sadder grew as they repeated, "Henry Grady is dead." And the news spread across the wide western prairies, over the granite cliffs of the great Rocky mountains, until the gentle waves of the Pacific, sweeping in through the Golden Gate, echoed back: "Henry Grady is dead!"

From all sections of this country came the spontaneous expressions of grief. Never has a private citizen in this republic been so mourned. History is without a parellel. This is not a statement of partial friendship, nor of extravagant eulogy Twelve months after his death, looking back to that time, we utter it as the simple truth.

Nations have mourned for other men. Rome trembled when Cæsar fell, and at his pyre was kindeled a flame of civil war that destroyed the last vestige of the Roman republic and cleared the way for imperial despotism.

Germany mourned with pomp and peageant when emperor William died, and deep was the regret for the man under whose wonderful reign the disjointed fragments of that great country had been moulded into a single empire. Above the strife, the bitterness and the tears incident to the closing scenes of the civil war this country mourned the death of Lincoln. When Garfield, struck by an assassins bullett, lay by the sea the people of this country prayed that he might be fanned back into life by the refreshing breezes of the ocean, and when he died the country mourned But these men were rulers, and their deaths we e historical events in the lives of nations. It was left to Georgia to give to America a man who should so embody in his life the vital principles of Americanism, that though he was a private citizen and bore no title, the whole country grieved when he died.

I shall detain you but a few moments this morning, but on this occasion, when we are dedicating to his memory this building erected for the suffering poor, it is well for us to consider why Henry Grady was so loved.

He was a wonderful journalist. The south never saw his like before, and perhaps never again will a southern man, or a man from any other clime, wield a more brilliant pen. You know how you were stirred in your inmost hearts by the editorials he wrote. You remember that cold Christmas day when he aroused this whole city to works of charity; and you remember that grand editorial when he called Stewart back from the north, and proclaimed to the world that the south would care for her own, and how, under the spell of his magic pen the Soldiers' Home arose. No man could read those appeals without feeling the blood throb through his veins; but it required more than journalistic power to wield Henry Grady's influence.

He was an orator whose power of diction never has been excelled in the English language, or in any other. By one single speech he achieved a national reputation, and stirred to the very core the best impulses of American feeling; and through those other great speeches of his runs the highest elements of oratory, until at Boston he astonished even his friends by the magnificent power he displayed. But it required more than the power of eloquence to gain Henry Grady's influence.

He was loved at home. He was a noble, genial, loving, lovable man. You knew him, one and all. You knew his smile, and his voice, and the infinite jest, and the infinite pathos of his daily conversation, but it required more than the qualities of a genial, loving, lovable gentleman to possess Henry Grady's influence.

He was a remarkable organizer of men. You know how he moulded organizations in politics in the interest of his friends; how, through tireless work day and night, he combined men to single impulses, and you have watched how, inviting all disordant elements to aid of the material progress of this city, he organized great works of industrial development. But it required more than a capacity for organization to exert Henry Grady's influence.

Nineteen centuries ago, when paganism was tottering to its fall, the central idea upon which pagan civilization rested was that the great families who ruled were descended from the gods. At that time there came the gentle, tender, divine Teacher of Judea, born in a manger, to say to all the world that all men, of every class, of every nation, whether low born or high born, are equal—to teach the true brotherhood of man. That vital principle survived the wreck of the Roman power, lived on through the dark ages, overthrew the tyranny of the feudal system and found its highest political expression in the American declaration of independence. It is that principle which underlies American institutions. It is that principle which forms the distinguishing feature of American civilization. It is that principle which will reform the world and teach it that all men are brothers in one great equality. It was the possession of that principle which put Henry Grady in touch with all America, gave him his wonderful influence and made him truly American. Henry Grady, in his glorious personality, actually embodied that vital principle. It formed and colored his entire life. No sentiment of policy prompted its profession. It was innate. When he was a child of two years of age, his biographer tells us, he called his colored playmate "Brother Isaac," and cried when he was told this was not true. While still a child, waking on cold winter nights, he would say, "Dear mother, do you think the servants have enough cover? It is so cold, and I want them to be warm." While still a boy, it was almost a weekly occurrence for him to send some ragged urchin, with hunger stamped upon his face, bearing this note, home: "Dear mother, please give this child something to eat. He looks so hungry. H. W. G." Love for mankind was the great and vital principle around which his life was formed.

Added to that he was given wonderful powers of creation. His mind was creative in the highest sense. He reveled in the works of creation, and, combining those two powers, the love of mankind, and the love of creation, he devoted his splendid intellect and tireless energies to the aid and service of his fellow men. It was this vital principle of his life which prompted him to study the negro question and made him desire to see some permanent solution of the problem. This it was that carried him to the north to teach the doctrines of patience and of forbearance and of non-sectionalism, and that enabled him, as has been said, to be at his death loving literally a nation into peace. It was this that enabled him to take all discordant elements and mould them together for the promotion of the welfare, the prosperity and the glory of this noble city of Atlanta, and the grand old state of Georgia. It was this great principle, running through his private life, influencing every action, which made him empty his pockets to the poor, love his people and made his friends love him. Never has a citizen in public or private station embodied to greater extent that noble principle in his daily walks of life.

But, gentlemen, Grady needs no eulogy from us. Those great principles, however, which he so nobly illustrated make it appropriate that this city that he loved so well should build to his memory a monument consecrated to the relief of the poor, the sick and the suffering, and that monument will bring (if Grady can look down on us from the skies a gratification) greater than any other tribute that could be paid his memory.

You will pardon me for reading just a few sentences from a letter of his. It so shows the man's character, it so illustrates his love for his country. When his friends urged him to run for congressman at large, a petition was sent him from the people of his state such as a private citizen has rarely ever received. In declining, he wrote:

"As for me, my ambition is a simple one. I shall be satisfied with the labor of my life if, when those labors are over, my son, looking abroad upon a better and grander Georgia—a Georgia that has filled the destiny God intended her for—when her towns and cities are hives of industry, and her country sites the exhaustless fields from which their stores are drawn—when every stream dances on its way to the music of spindles, and every forest echoes back the roar of the passing train, when her valleys smile with abundant harvests, and from her hillsides come the tinkling of bells as her herds and flocks go forth from their folds; when more than 2,000,000 people proclaim her perfect independence and bless her with their love. I shall be more than content, I say, if my son, looking upon such scenes as these, can stand up and say: 'My father bore a part in this work, and his name lives in the memory of his people.'" [Applause.]

What noble ambition! And how nobly has the city of Atlanta responded in dedicating to his memory this institution for succoring the weak, the humble, the poor, the sick and the suffering.

And now, Atlantians and Georgians, let us draw inspiration from the noble life of this grand man, let us, sinking all personal ends, endeavor to unite and harmonize every interest in this state, and, standing shoulder to shoulder, bend every energy in the effort to make Georgia the greatest commonwealth in the grand galaxy of states—the highest civilization the world has ever seen—and not content with adding to her material prosperity, let us go forward with the work he had so well begun, and strive to elevate the people of this state until they stand without peers in education, intelligence and virtue [Great applause.]

The Concluding Ceremonies.

After the conclusion of Mr. Calhoun's speech the benediction was pronounced and then the Masonic fraternity disbanded and the crowd dispersed.

The Zouave band furnished splendid music as the boys always do, for the occasion.

The grand officers present were:

John S. Davidson, grand master; William Abram Love, deputy grand master; John Z. Lawshe, senior grand warden; Thomas W. Latham, junior grand warden; John S. Parks, grand treasurer; A. M. Wolihin, grand secretary; John M. Boring, grand chaplain; W. F. Parkhurst, grand marshal; W. L. Hubbard, senior grand deacon; N. N. Gober, junior grand deacon; James A. Gray, first steward; A. A. Wood, second steward; M. C. Dollar, third steward; A. C. Bruce, grand architect; J. C. Wilson, bearer corn; J. W. Donehue, bearer wine; J. A. Gunter, bearer oil; J. C. Williams, of third great light; Jay D. Edwards, grand tyler.

In mentioning the ladies connected with the Benevolent Home yesterday the name of Mrs. J. W. Fears, one of the most useful and faithful members, was left out.

"Mrs. Mallard" should have been Mrs. B. Mallon, another faithful worker.

Besides the members of the local lodges there were quite a number of visiting delegates from other lodges.

The beautiful jewel, of gold and enamel, worn by Grand Master Davidson, was presented to him by the prince of Wales, together with his commission as American representative of English Masonry.

DEATH OF MRS. R. F. MADDOX

Yesterday Morning at Her Home on Peachtree Street.

Mrs. Maddox, wife of Colonel R. F. Maddox, died at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at her home on Peachtree street.

This sad death was not an unexpected one, but the announcement will carry sorrow to hosts of friends of the family.

Mrs. Maddox was the daughter of Hon. Parmeus Jones, one of the most prominent citizens of Newton county, and for a long time its representative in the legislature. She was educated at the old Masonic Female College, at Covington, acquiring there the culture and literary tastes that always enhanced her naturally lovable disposition.

In November, 1860, she was married to Colonel R. F. Maddox. Since December, 1866, she has been a member of the First Methodist church. Mrs. Maddox has always been noted for her active benevolence, and for her support of all charitable undertakings. She has for years been one of the most faithful supporters of the Atlanta Benevolent Home.

Upon her death-bed she spoke words of cheer to her household, and walked calmly and peacefully into the valley of death.

Upon each of the servants she bestowed a blessing and a Christmas gift, and with a like consideration for God's aged and afflicted servant, she made Christmas donations to a number of deserving people she knew.

The funeral will be held this morning at 11 o'clock in the First Methodist Episcopal church. The body will be laid to rest at Oakland. The exercises in the church and at the grave will be conducted by Dr. Morrison, assisted by Dr. Hopkins, General Evans and Dr. Glenn.

Mrs. Maddox leaves two children—Mrs. Henry Jackson and Mr. R. F. Maddox, Jr.

A number of brothers and sisters survive her—Mr. Fletcher Reynolds, of Marietta; Mr. J. G. Reynolds, of Atlanta; Mrs. Dr. Alexander, of Atlanta; Mrs. Merritt, of Knoxville, and Mrs. Kolheim, of Mississippi.

The following is a list of the pallbearers:

Messrs. D. N. Speer, George M. Traylor, Hugh T. Inman, William H. Hulsey, W. L. Peel, George Winship, Isaac S. Boyd, W. L. Calhoun.

Mamma, your little girl grows more pale and thin each day. It needs Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers. Get her some before it is too late.

"The Nabobs."

Friday and Saturday, with matinee, this new comedy will be given by John Henshaw and Miss May Ten Broeck. The Chicago Advertiser thus noticed the production:

Henshaw and Ten Broeck, the former stars of the "Two Old Cronies," appeared at the Madison avenue theater last evening before a large and appreciative audience. Their new farce, "The Nabobs," is, as an artistic fun-maker, far superior to their old play, "The Cronies." May Ten Broeck has a part which is far better suited to her talents than Pelly Bristle, and John E. Henshaw was, as usual, everybody's favorite. His every appearance was a signal for prolonged applause. All his new topical songs made great hits, and by request he sang his big success of last year, "Across the Bridge," rendering it as only Henshaw can. The joint work in act three of Miss Ten Broeck and Mr. Henshaw was rendered in their usual artistic and finished style. Mr. George Murphy, the German comedian of the cast, Henshaw and Ten Broeck certainly have the best support they have ever had in that line. His dialect is rich and continuous. The company on the whole was first-class in every respect, the numerous young ladies of the company being very pretty and excellent dancers and singers. "The Nabobs" will meet with a hearty reception on their return.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, nervousnes, and hysteria are soon cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at all druggists.

Ask for VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA—Take no other.

"I lost a crutch and found health at Excelsior Springs, Mo." Mrs. J. H. Carruth, Lawrence, Kansas.

Diamonds! Diamonds!

Buy your diamonds from us; you will get good value for the amount you invest. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Silverware.

We have a large assortment, and there is nothing more suitable for presentation purposes. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

A most useful Xmas present would be one of my beautiful combination folding beds and glass-door wardrobe combined, P. H. SHOOK. dec 22 3t

Ed. L. Grant Sign Company,

88 Peachtree, 'phone 604. Signs and banners made and shipped anywhere. Glass, board and advertising signs. apl4-dly

NOTES BY THE WAYSIDE

GOSSIP AND NEWS OF THE CITY AT LARGE.

Facts Gathered by The Constitution's Reporters—The News of Atlanta in Brief.

The Library Will Close.—The library will be closed this afternoon at 5 o'clock and all day Christmas. Will be open at the usual hour Friday morning.

The First Caning of the Season.—Mr. George Hamilton, foreman for the Selig Manufacturing Company, was last evening presented with a handsome gold headed cane as a Christmas gift by the employes of the factory, as a token of their esteem, Mr. J. Selig making the presentation speech

The Jones Street Line.—The electric committee met yesterday in the mayor's office to consider the change of the Atlanta street car line, from Jones street to Peters street. Several property owners presented their views, but the committee reserved its decision. The report will be perfected and presented to the general council at the next meeting.

Not a Candidate.—Hon. A. L. Kontz, who has served the city so faithfully and efficiently as a member of the board of education, is not a candidate for the presidency. While he feels the most profound interest in the educational interests of the city, he does not aspire to the presidency of the board.

Wants to Walk Again.—E. J. W. Lucas, the well-known pedestrian who made a fine record in Atlanta several months ago, is in the city and wants another race. He says that Prather and Baker both assert that they did not have a fair show before, and he is now willing and anxions to give them another chance.

A Moonshine Raid.—On December 16th, Deputy Collector Turplett captured the illicit distilling plant of George Leachman, four miles south of Gordon Springs, Whitfield county, Georgia, destroying an eighty-gallon copper still and a lot of beer and tools, the value being $125. The still had a daily capacity of twelve gallons. George and Charles Leachman, James and George Morris were arrested while at work in the still.

That Family Affair.—Dora Webb, the girl arrested Monday night, was released yesterday evening at 8 o'clock, on condition that she would not be prosecuted provided she left the state at once. Mr. Hutton turned up at his home all right yesterday, and the family troubles have been smoothed out and all is serene again.

A Valuable Violin.—Hon. D. B. Wells, the representative from Marion county, has in his possession one of the finest and rarest violins in the country. It bears the stamp of the far-famed Stradivarius, and the date of 1716. These Stadivarius violins are so very rare, that one in perfect order recently sold in Europe for $10,000, and they are eagerly sought after by all violinists, but a genuine one is seldom found. Mr. Wells does not know the history of the violin before it came into his hands. He bought it forty years ago from a tobacco hauler, who came through the country with a caravan of wagons from Virginia. Since he has had the instrument it has been examined and played by many fine judges of the points of a violin, and they have all pronounced it a remarkably fine specimen. He recently had it examined by an expert, who pronounced it a genuine Stradivarius. Its tone is remarkably strong and sweet, and with the exception of a small crack on one side, it is in perfect order. Mr. Wells says it is not for sale, but thinks that an offer of $10,000, such as was recently paid for a Stradivarius abroad, might induce him to part with it. Mr. Wells lives at Draneville, Marion county, Georgia.

Complimenting Mr. Amorous.—The Southern Lumberman publishes a splendid portrait of Mr. Martin F. Amorous, and compliments him very highly as one of the most conspicuous members of the lumber trade. It says:

"Mr. Amorous is noted in Atlanta for his energy and shrewdness, and is interested in nearly every public enterprise that originates there. He has been a director of the public library, the exposition company, the Chamber of Commerce and the Manufacturers' Association, president of the Home Loan and Banking Company and a member of the city council in 1888 and 1889. The Atlanta Lumber Company is well known throughout the lumber trade, and this is largely due to Mr. Amorous's personal effort and ability. Messrs. Amorous and Bacon are large stockholders in the Amoskeag Lumber Company, whose mill plant at Amoskeag, Ga., is one of the largest and best in Georgia."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Wholesale by H. A. Boynton and Shropshire & Doll, Atlanta, Ga

Atlanta's Leading Jewelers,

MAIER & BERKELE,

93 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

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CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,

HANDSOME! USEFUL! CHEAP!

Carving Knives and Forks, Plated and Ivory Handle Table Knives, Gold Handle Scissors, Pocket Knives 5c to $2.50. Razors, every one guaranteed.

KING HARDWARE COMPANY,

49 Peachtree Street.



Whitehall street. The place at which you can save from 25 to 50 per cent in your holiday purchases. Don't miss our place today. J. P. Stevens & Bro., Jewelers.

CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR Baking Powder.

The Official Reports of the
United States Government, 1889,
Canadian Government, 1889,
New Jersey Commission, 1889,
Ohio Food Commission, 1887,
prove that Cleveland's is

THE STRONGEST

of all the pure* cream of tartar baking powders.

*Ammonia or alum powders, whatever their strength, should be avoided as injurious.

You don't want
To buy a
Suit
Or an
Overcoat

Until you see
What our
10% and 20%
Discount Sale
Has to offer you.

When genuine
Bargains are
Offered, the
People are not
Slow to avail
Themselves
Thereof—

And that explains
Why our
"Mark-down"
In
Clothing
Is meeting with
So much success.

A. Rosenfeld & Son.

Arbiters of Men's Fashions,
24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama.

SPECIAL!

SEE OUR WINDOW!

Filled with beautiful all-silk Mufflers, former price from $1.50 to $4. Your choice for the next few days, $1.25.

Fetzer's Clothing Store,

37 Whitehall St.



ABOVE ALL OTHERS ON EARTH

A strong assertion—but a trial of our Shoes will convince all that footwear bought of John M. Moore possess more desirable qualities than Shoes offered elsewhere.

OUR CUSTOM SHOES

Should be worn by every man in Atlanta. Prices from $6 to $14. Fit guaranteed.

JOHN M. MOORE,

33 Peachtree St.

CITY LOANS.

We are prepared to furnish money promptly reasonable interest rates on improved property in the city of Atlanta, in amounts from $1,000 to $50,000. We have direct connection with a savings bank having unlimited funds at command. Office No. 13, E. Alabama street.

nov 1-d&sm-5 D. E. SAYRE.

FULTON'S DELEGATION.

WHAT IT DID FOR THE COUNTY THIS SESSION.

A Showing Unequaled by the Delegation from Any Other County—Going Into Details.

This has been, pre-eminently, a "working legislature."

It is customary to say that of all legislatures, the figures to the contrary, notwithstanding; but the distinction in this case is amply corroborated by facts and figures.

There have been passed by this legislature 323 bills and resolutions.

The last legislature, which broke all existing records, passed at its winter session 166 bills and fifteen resolutions.

Just note the difference! Nearly twice as much work as the last legislature did at the corresponding session.

HARD, HONEST WORK.

One very notable thing about this legislature is that there hasn't been a single "set speech" in either house or senate.

Not one.

The usual theatrical features were dispensed with; aspiring orators, young and old, were relegated to the rear.

Hard, honest work was the order of the day.

FULTON'S DELEGATION.

The Fulton delegation, consisting of Speaker Howell and Messrs. Martin and Goodwin, has been a notably hard-working one.

Of the 323 acts and resolutions passed, one-eighth came from this county.

And every one of them counts for material, practical benefit, some local and some general.

It is a very rare thing for the speaker of the house to introduce any bills, though he, of course, aids on the floor of the house and otherwise all measures in which he is interested. Mr. Howell introduced four bills in the house, three of them in the last days of the session.

Of those introduced by the other members, one act by Mr. Goodwin, relieves the people of Atlanta from paying interest on city tax fi fas. This is in the shape of an amendment to a general law passed by the last legislature. It was deemed proper to give this relief to the tax-payers, at least during such time as the city might not need the money.

Another bill by Mr. Goodwin amended the registration law of the county by requiring the person applying for registration to make an affidavit showing that he is a qualified voter and giving his place of residence. This is an important measure in the interest of purity of elections.

Another bill by Mr. Goodwin incorporates Clarke university for police purposes, authorizing the management to preserve order and eject disorderly persons from the grounds.

One of the resolutions was that authorizing the removal of the Ben Hill statue to the capitol.

An important local measure introduced and favorably reported, but not passed, is that to authorize the city to extend Alabama street westward through the Western and Atlantic property. It was deemed best, by the Fulton delegation, to have this go over to the summer session to afford opportunity for personal inspection by the members of the house and senate before voting upon it. Unless possibly the new lessees intend using this property for railroad purposes, there is scarcely a doubt that this bill, giving the consent of the state, will pass. After this the consent of the new lessees must be obtained.

Three other bills passed by Mr. Goodwin were to abolish all distinction of rank and title between the tax assessors and receivers of the city; to make the chairman of the committee on sanitary affairs ex-officio a member of the board of health; also to provide a more perfect method of assessing property for opening streets, etc.

Mr. Martin's bill securing the deficiency appropriation for the Technological school entitles him to the gratitude of every friend of the school.

To him also is due the credit for increasing the appropriation from $18,000 to $22,500 in the general appropriation act.

The $18,000 appropriation for improving the capitol grounds was introduced and pushed through by Mr. Martin.

Mr. Martin introduced a popular local bill to prohibit the "black listing" of corporation employes. It passed the house unanimously but reached the senate too late to be passed at this session.

Mr. Martin's bill, which is now a law, to exempt licensed stationary engineers from jury duty, is one of general interest, and of special local importance.

Another bill by Mr. Martin increases the number of trustees of the Technological school from five to seven.

In addition to the bills mentioned, each of the delegation introduced a number of bills for chartering banks, insurance companies, granting or amending the charters of street railway companies, and others of that kind; adding much to the material prosperity of the city.

Mr. Goodwin and Mr. Martin each had passed sixteen bills and resolutions.

WHY GENERAL BILLS GO OVER.

At the winter session preference is given, of course, to the tax and appropriation acts.

After that, the preference is given to local legislation.

So that general measures, most of them, are carried over to the summer session.

Quite a number of these general bills now pending, to be disposed of next summer, are by the representatives from Fulton.

FOUNDER'S DAY AT GAMMON SCHOOL.

The Annual Celebration Out at Clark University.

"Founder's day" was observed yesterday at Gammon Theological seminary. This is celebrated every year in honor of the Rev. E. H. Gammon, who, after thoroughly testing the work done in this institution for ministerial training, gave $250,000 for buildings and endowment.

After appropriate introductory remarks by President Thirkield, and prayer by the Rev. Dr. Bonnett, of Garrett Theological seminary, near Chicago, the Rev. H. N. Brown, of Marion, Ala., was introduced, and delivered the principal address of the occasion. He spoke on "The Founder's Aim," dwelling upon the necessity of light and power in the ministry that it may fulfill its mission in uplifting humanity and saving the world.

Dr. Bennett then spoke on the high calling of the minister as an ideal and an inspiration in doing God's work in the church.

Dr. Parks read a number of letters from the alumni now doing effective service in various southern states. These bore grateful witness to the influence of the seminary on their intellectual and spiritual life. The benediction was pronounced by Professor Murray, and the announcement was made that on next Thursday night he would lecture on the "Passion Play," as observed by him, and illustrate the same by a large number of splendid stereopticon views.

The seminary is in a very prosperous condition. Among the recent lecturers are the Rev. Dr. Barrett, of St. Luke's cathedral, and Bishop Joyce, of Chattanooga.

Messrs. Hooper Alexander and W. W. Lambdin have formed a partnership for the practice of law, and can be found at 20½ East Alabama street.
dec21-dtf

The Great Hit of the Season,
Tiddledy Wink,s at John M. Miller's 31 Marietta street. dtf

Tiddledy Winks
at John M. Miller's book store, 31 Marietta street. dtf

Tiddledy Winks
At Miller's, 31 Marietta street. dtf

MISS MAGGIE'S PLUCK.

A BRAVE GIRL KILLS A BIG BEAR UNAIDED.

The Terrible Fight Won by the Pothunter's Daughter—She Sends a Knife into the Bear's Throat—Bearsteak.

ADEL, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—Miss Maggie Respess, a girl of fifteen, living four miles from town, today furnished the steak which is to be the principal dish in a dinner to be given by the young men on Christmas day. The steak is to be furnished from a big black bear which Miss Maggie killed last night under circumstances exhibiting great nerve.

THE POT-HUNTER'S DAUGHTER.

Old man Respess is one of the most noted pot-hunters of this section, so ardent in the chase that his daughter inherits his enthusiasm. Last year she went with him on his trips for game, and became expert in the use of both gun and knife. Yesterday the father went to Savannah to dispose of his game, leaving his daughter to take care of four younger children, the mother having died a few months ago. During the night the children began crying for water, when Miss Maggie went to the well to draw it.

THE BEAR IN THE WAY.

The well was about 100 yards from the house, and as the night was bright and clear, she did not hesitate to go. While drawing the water a sensation of awe came over her as her quick ear detected the sound of feet upon the ground—great, lumbering steps which she only too well recognized. Looking around she saw a huge bear in the pathway which led back to the house, toward which the bear was advancing. The door was open, and the cries of the children, as they caught sight of the ugly brute advancing toward them, nerved the girl for the fight.

THE DEATH GRAPPLE.

Grasping her father's hunting knife which she had carried out with her for protection, she ran rapidly after the animal in order to dispatch him before he could begin his work upon the children. Just as the bear had reached the door, he heard the footsteps behind him, turned about and raising upon his haunches, let fall his big paws upon the girl's shoulders, as she simultaneously buried the knife in his throat. With a convulsive shudder the bear fell backward. Miss Maggie then sent another thrust into his heart and then left him for dead, and then went to bed and slept for the rest of the night.

THE NEWS GETS OUT.

At daylight she arose, and with the aid of the other children, skinned and dressed the carcass for market. The news of her encounter spread rapidly, and as a reward for her bravery, it was suggested that a bear steak party should be given for Christmas Day, the proceeds to go to the girl who had furnished the game.

DEATH OF MR. JAMES MAXWELL

An Honored Descendent of an old and Illustrious Family.

MONTEZUMA, Ga., December, 23, [Special]—The death of Mr. James Maxwell, at the residence of his son, Mr. W. P. Maxwell occurred yesterday evening at 8 o'clock, while on a visit here. He was an honored descendent and representative of the famous old Liberty county Maxwells. He was born in Savannah, Ga., in 1818, but moved to Griffin in 1849, and returned there after serving faithfully in the late war and resided at that place until recently. He was stricken with paralysis three years ago, but the immediate cause of death was protracted ill health, and fever.

The remains will be buried at Griffin tomorrow morning from the Methodist church, where his membership stood so long. His sons, Messrs. J. D. Maxwell of Montezuma, A. A. Maxwell of Atlanta, A. T. Maxwell of Americus and L. J. Maxwell of Savannah, and other relatives, will accompany the remains from here to Hamilton.

ALBANY, Ga., December 23.—[Special.] Captain John P. Davis, a wealthy planter of this county, died at Lovejoy yesterday. His remains will be brought to Albany and interred with Masonic honors.

Mrs. C. T. Brantley died last night.

Mr. C. D. Mitchell, transfer clerk at the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, who had his foot cut off by the train a few days ago, died this afternoon.

FROM OUR NOTEBOOKS.

Still Very Low.—Mrs. Chastain, the lady hurt by a runaway horse a day or two ago, is still in a very critical condition. She has not recovered consciousness since the accident and the physicians attending her are doubtful about her recovery. Mrs. Chastain is suffering from concussion of the brain, with serious internal injuries.

Cold Wave Coming.—There is some interesting, if not altogether pleasant, news from the signal service observer. He writes: "I have received warning of an approaching cold wave. The chief signal officer says the temperature will fall to about thirty-four degrees by 8 o'clock a. m., December 25th. S. G. DUFFEY, Observer.

In Honor of Mrs. Willard.—The pupils and admirers of Mrs. Emma Willard, the pioneer in higher education of women, propose to preserve her memory and that of her pupils through a literary memorial and a reunion at the Columbian exposition.

Several hundred enthusiastic letters have been received favoring the idea. The committee wish to secure the addresses of all pupils; if these are sent to Mrs. Florence Montgomery Taylor, Canton, Ill., it will greatly expedite the work. Mrs. Willard was the only woman honored by having her portrait placed in the government exhibit at the centennial, and it is very fitting that at this exposition her services to the cause of education shall be remembered.

They're Off for the North.—One of the happiest crowds of Atlantians that has left this city for New York in many a day, boarded the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia train Monday night. Among the party were Victor L. Smith, Charles Herbert Piyer and Washington Noble, and not in all this sweet land of liberty can three more genial souls be found. The boys will spend the holidays in the American metropolis, and Mr. Smith will return in time to take up the business of his law office with the beginning of the new year.

That Forgery Case.—The decision in the forgery case, rendered yesterday, exonerates Mr. LeVert and the negro boy, Dock Scandrick. The court held, as Captain Dallas has believed all the time, that LeVert had no criminal connection with the case whatsoever. He has been with Captain Dallas for more than a year and bears an excellent reputation. Everybody connected with the case exonerated him, and Scandrick, too, comes out of the preliminary examination free from suspicion. The testimony all showed that he was simply obeying Mr. Kinney in taking the check to the bank.

Parents don't mean to be unkind to their children, but they are when they fail to occasionally give them Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers.

Any irregularity of the bowels promptly corrected by using Lamar's Diarrhœa Mixture.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, cures wind colic, diarrhœa, &c

CHRISTMAS FRUITS AND TURKEYS.

A Mammoth Stock on Hand at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s. 61 Broad Street.

Oranges.
Apples.
Cocoanuts.

In fact fruits of all kinds and every description to be found at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s store, 61 S. Broad street.

He has a special consignment for the holidays. These goods must go today. It will be well for merchants throughout the city and surrounding country to send in their orders promptly this morning.

In addition to his fruits he is well supplied with the finest kind of dressed turkeys, which will be sold at very reasonable prices.



JOHN M. MOORE,
33 PEACHTREE STREET.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine Slippers for Holiday Trade.

THE GREAT RUSH
CONTINUES AT HOYT & THORN'S,
And They Reduce Prices on Fireworks and Christmas Groceries.

The McKinley tariff. As much as we dislike to, we propose commencing Monday to reduce the price on mixed nuts to the low price of 17½ cents per pound. Now don't miss this. We have the fanciest, large crisp malaga grapes in Atlanta. We will sell oranges cheaper than any house, considering size. We will give you the best fancy French candy, 3 pounds for $1. Plum pudding 35 cents, already prepared for the table; this is an indispensable adjunct to a good Chrismas dinner. We have more of that extra quality mince meat in glass jars at $1 and $1.25 per jar. We will sell the best citron in Atlanta, 25 cents per pound. We reduce the fancy price of London layer raisins to 17½ cents per pound, and 15 cents for large fancy cooking raisins. Lemon and orange peel reduced to 25 cents per pound. We reduce the price on lemon and vanilla extracts from 25 cents to 20 cents. Our store is headquarters for XXXX confectionery sugar, for icing, for candy. It is the only sugar that produces a French style candy. Hallowee dates are reduced from 15 to 10 cents. Seedless raisins from 30 to 25 cents. Fancy Jordan shelled almonds from 75 to 60 cents. These, you know, are holiday prices; avail yourself of them.

If you want some fancy whole tomatoes in cans, come to our store. We also reduce the price on all sizes Christmas tree candles from 60 to 40 cents per box. These prices are, in the parlance of th day, snaps. For this week we also reduce the price on all fancy extra heavy syrup, can fruits, such as peaches, pears, plums, apricots, etc., 3 pound cans, to $4.50 per dozen, worth $4.75 per dozen in New York.

Now, don't forget these prices. You will lose money if you do. We will have as many fancy, dry, dressed turkeys and as fine crisp celery as our trade demands. We want to book your order for both. Just think of a retail grocery store selling in one day at retail, and delivering the goods, nearly $3,000. We want to make it $3,500 on the 24th; so come along and help swell the amount. We want it understood, also, that we carry over no fireworks this year. Make your own price; the goods will go. We will sell you 10-ball Roman candles for 60 cents per dozen, after you purchase $1.00 worth of miscellaneous fireworks. Punk free to all who buy fireworks from us.
dec21 n r m HOYT & THORN.

Great Drive
In fine scarfs for one week. Magnificent line at matchless prices. Nice things for Xmas too.
A. O. M. GAY & SON, 18 Whitehall.
dec16-dtf-5thp

Silverware.
We have a large assortment, and there is nothing more suitable for presentation purposes. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Tiddledy Winks
Can be sent by mail postpaid for 30 and 55 cents by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. dtf

T. Piantini & Son,
Architectural stone and wood carvers, designers and makers of artistic furniture, interior decoration of plaster, No. 137 West Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga., care of Mays Mantel Company. Awards with medals and diplomas at Piedmont exposition, 1890; Vienna exposition, 1873; Ercoiso, 1871; Academy of Art, Milano, 1862 and 1863; Rovigo exposition, 1879.
Parties visiting our studio will readily appreciate and convince themselves of our ability and agree to all we assume. Commencing on the 5th of January, 1891, we will open our regular course of carving, designer and plaster classes. Those wishing lessons will apply to F. Piantini & Son., No. 137 West Mitchell street.
21, 24, 26, 28, 31—2, 5

Buy one of Snook's 16th century side boards or hat racks for Xmas present. Great clearance sale. Everything half price. 3t

Suitable Presents
Can be found at the popular jewelry emporium of Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Look Here!
The Clayton Sewing Machine Motor Company are now prepared to fill orders for motors. Send your orders to Nos. 235-7-9 Marietta street, and we will have motors attached. D33-d1

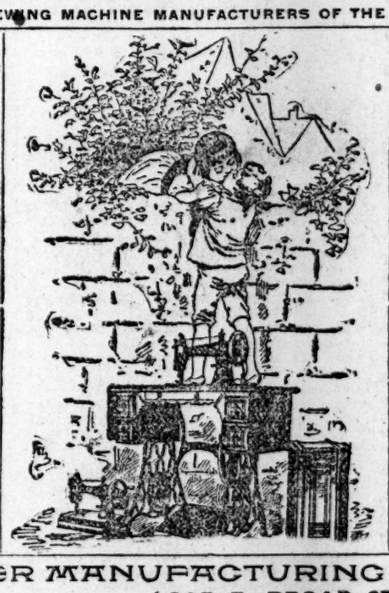
Elegant and Expensive.
We have an elegant stock of expensive goods; also the cheapest trustworthy goods obtainable. One point we must emphasize: Our prices are unquestionably the lowest. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
dec20—d104t sat wed 2m e ow

THE SINGER MFG. COMPANY
THE SEWING MACHINE MANUFACTURERS OF THE WORLD.

WITH
A Record of 9,000,000 Machines,
MADE AND SOLD.
NOW OFFER THREE ENTIRELY DIFFERENT
New Family Sewing Machines.
OSCILLATOR, VIBRATOR,
AUTOMATIC SINGLE THREAD.
Machines will be delivered at any point free of expenses.

We have recently opened Handsomely Appointed Show Rooms at
385 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY,
where can be seen a large and varied line of our Regular and Special Manufacturing Machines, in practical operation.



IN
Elegant, Convenient and Artistic
CABINET WORK.
WITH NEW PATENTED STAND.
And all the Latest Attachments
AND MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
State that you saw our advertisement in the *Atlanta Constitution* when you write us.

On the 5th of July, we will also open at
929 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY,
an Art Display Room, where will be exhibited beautiful and artistic samples of Home and Art Decoration.
All are cordially invited to give us a call.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
General Offices for the South { 205 E. BROAD STREET, RICHMOND, VA. / 185 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Directly represented in every principal City, where reliable men can always find employment
july13—d3m sun wed wk e o w r r m

3 WHITEHALL. 3 WHITEHALL.
THE MOST SENSIBLE PRESENT
For a boy is a nice Suit or Overcoat. Make the little fellows as happy as these below. Ten per cent discount up to December 24th on everything in our Children's and Boys' Departments.
EISEMAN & WEIL,
ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS,
3 WHITEHALL STREET.
A DISCOUNT OF 10 per ct. A DISCOUNT OF 10 per ct.



FIREWORKS!
The finest assortment ever seen in Atlanta at
BEERMANN & SILVERMANS.

HERE'S YOUR
XMAS GOODS.

SANTA CLAUS HEADQUARTERS

China limb dolls, 8 inches	$ 04
China limb dolls, 12 inches	08
China limb dolls, 18 inches	15
Wax dolls, 15 inches	08
Wax dolls, 18 inches	15
Wax dolls, 24 inches	22
Wax dolls, 30 inches	37
Washable dolls, 15 inches	08
Washable dolls, 18 inches	15
Washable dolls, 24 inches	22
Washable dolls, 30 inches	37
Kid body dolls, 15 inches	18
Kid body dolls, 18 inches	32
Hobby horse	1 15
Vases, 8 inches high	08
Vases, 8 inches high	22
Plush albums, 8x7 inches	37
Plush albums, 8x10 inches	63
Imitation morocco albums, 8x10	43

Don't fail to examine the immense stock of holiday goods and fancy goods. Finest line of dolls, plush and leather goods, china and glassware, toys, novelties, jewelry, watches, diamonds, Christmas cards to be closed out regardless of value.

L. SNIDER,
84 Whitehall Street.

FURNITURE.
Five Hundred Rattan Chairs, One Hundred Fine Pictures, Oak Suits $20, Plush Suits $30. Cheapest place to buy furniture in Atlanta. H. W. Thomas, 68 Peachtree street.

DIVIDEND.

CENTRAL RAILROAD AND BANKING CO. OF GA.,
SAVANNAH, Ga., December 19, 1890.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR ($4) DOLLARS PER share on the earnings of this company and its dependencies has been declared, payable on and after the 23d instant, to stockholders as of record this day. T. M. CUNNINGHAM,
dec21-d1w Cashier.

Stone Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the city clerk's office until 3 p. m., Monday, January 5, 1891, for furnishing and setting curbing for the city of Atlanta for the year 1891.
Specifications can be seen at the office of H. M. Clayton, city engineer.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
M. MAHONEY,
Commissioner of Public Works.
dec 21 dtd sun wed fri

PERFECT MANHOOD.
Cures assured to men of all ages. WEAK MEN MADE STRONG Send for free illustrative treatise.
THE MARSTON CO., 19 Park Place, NEW YORK.
may3—d1y sun wed fri wky

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF Charles Venable, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.
November 25, 1890. FORREST ADAIR,
Administrator of the Estate of Charles Venable, deceased. nov 26-dec 3, 10, 17, 24, 31 wed

Notice.

WILL BE SOLD AT THE STATION HOUSE at 12 o'clock m., on Friday, December 26, 1890, unless sooner claimed by owner, one black cow about nine years old. A. B. CONNOLLY,
tue wed fri Chief of Police.

THE PEOPLE PLEASED

WITH THE LEGISLATURE AND WITH GOVERNOR NORTHEN.

They Are Especially Pleased with the Prospects for Public Schools, but Regret the Hostility to the Branch Colleges.

The adjournment of the first farmers' legislature has brought to the surface general criticism, not only of the work of the general assembly, but of Governor Northen also, who began his administration with the existence of this legislature.

The favorable character of this criticism is an evidence that the legislature has done acceptable work, and that the governor has thus far made no mistake in his administration of public affairs. From a large number of expressions the following are selected as indicative of all the rest:

The Strong and Weak Points.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—An interview with a number of the most prominent citizens here will give the general opinion of the people of this section regarding the legislature.

Its strongest point is the amount appropriated to sustain the military and common schools—a good step forward.

Its weakest point is the amount it failed to appropriate to sustain the branch colleges already established, or to establish others in every district of the state—a bad step backwards.

The general belief is that the members have been faithful in their duty to their constituents, as they conceive it, although a lack of conservatism and a little individual selfishness has been exhibited.

The Work Acceptable.

MADISON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—Madison and Morgan county are well pleased with the work of the present legislature so far. The shelving of the Twitty bill, the settlement of the State road question, the initial steps for a first-class public school system, are all features of commendation. The topping off of the branch colleges is not looked upon favorably, however, but the hope is expressed that the summer session may reconsider this question.

Elbert County Is Satisfied.

ELBERTON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The people of Elberton generally are of the opinion that the present legislature has been a faithful, hard working body, and conservative in the main. Some of their acts are spoken of in high terms, while others do not meet with general approval. The blow given the branch colleges is regretted. The increase in appropriations to common schools by the house is highly approved. The general drift of legislation has been satisfactory to the people here, and the faithful working of the body has met with hearty approval.

The School Bills in the Right Direction.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The work of the present legislature, taken as a whole, has been very good and satisfactory.

The people of Barnesville think the school question settled as well as could be. The bills of Jackson of Heard, and Boifeuillet of Bibb, are especially good legislation. The settlement of the branch colleges they think good, but some would have more given to the university. They think the plan for settlement with the lessees of the state road a good one, while some rather prefer the plan suggested by Mr. Berner, of Monroe, as a better one.

The Twitty bill does not receive much endorsement by our people. They think it would not have the good effect desired by its author.

An Industrious Body.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—The general impression here is that the members of the general assembly are industrious and deserve credit for their dispatch of business. To Speaker Clark Howell is attributed much of this credit. The impression prevails that there is a spirit of class legislation manifest as exhibited by the Twitty bill, and if an opportunity presented itself they would enact similar legislation, looking to the benefit of the farmer as much as possible. The intellectual status of the body as practical men, is regarded as being somewhat above the average. Otherwise the work of the present session is thought by our people generally to be very satisfactory, and beneficial to the state at large.

Resolutions by our county alliance have been published in our county paper strongly condemning and pronouncing as unfaithful and deceitful the action of our members of the house and senate in voting for General Gordon for United States senator, and otherwise acting unfaithful to the interest of the alliance. A reply and controversy is expected to follow, as our members cannot let this matter remain where it is.

To Northen the Credit.

FORSYTH, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—A crowd of prominent citizens being asked the questions: "How are you pleased with the administration of Governor Northen? What feature of it strikes you as being most prominent?" Colonel Willingham promptly answered:

"The most striking thing to me is that he has as yet failed to give me an office."

The sober opinion of all was exceedingly favorable. Governor Northen is especially commended for his advanced position on educational question. The liberal appropriations in the house are attributed largely to his influence.

Cyrus H. Sharp said: "I am a Northen man. I have no fault to find in his administration."

Judge McGinty said: "The most striking feature is his position on the school question.'

Dr. Moore said substantially the same.

Monroe county is a hearty supporter of Gov' ernor Northen.

All for Northen Now.

FORT VALLEY, Ga., December 23.—[Special.] It will be remembered that in the nomination for state officers Houston county piled up a large majority, against Governor Northen, in favor of Colonel Thomas Hardeman.

This was not through any ill feeling towards the former gentleman, but because the latter had been closely identified for many years with the people of this county. Since Governor Northen's inauguration many true men admit their mistake in voting against him, and if one may judge from the many kind expressions of admiration for his able and non-sectional administration which your correspondent has by diligent inquiry, elicited from the most prominent citizens of this section, they would conclude that Houston county would give him, if in her power, any office he desired.

Mr. O. H. Miller says of him: "I admire the man for his multiplicity of noble traits. His firmness in doing what he thinks right; his conservativeness in acting for all the people of his state; his modesty and fearlessness in doing his whole duty to Georgia, his plain and unassuming manner, I think the most admirable and appreciative features so far in his administration. There is no doubt about his being as good, if not a better governor than any Georgia has ever had in every particular."

Mr. A. B. Greene: "I believe our entire people are pleased with him on account of his loyalty to the church and Christianity. This he exhibited very brilliantly in his receptions, giving first place and prominence to the ministers of the various denominations. No man can fail to lead Georgians aright who is thus fortified."

Uncle Wesley Houser: "I am pleased with every feature of his administration; they are all good and right, but the fact that he is recognizing south Georgia gives me as much pleasure as any other feature and his showing that he is the governor and protector of the whole people of the state."

Another says: "I admire his attending to his official duties with the same carefulness and promptness that he did his farm more than anything else."

Another: "The fact that he is not sectional in his official appointments, and his recognizing the ability of men in all sections of the state is the feature to be most admired."

A lady who keeps posted on affairs of the state says: "He is a man after my own heart. The carefulness with which he looks into everything that comes before him before he passes on it, his courteous manner and Christian character, are great essentials to the chief executive of a state."

Another says: "The fact that he remains in his office and attends to his duties to the best of his ability, and to know that he is one of the few governors who has not gotten larger than the office are the most admirable features in his administration."

Fully 90 per cent of the people of this section are well pleased with Governor Northen's administration, and he has gained great popularity among them, while those who think he is not exactly the governor Georgia ought to have are a small per cent.

Up to the Standard.

WARRENTON, Ga., December 23.—[Special.] Governor Northen's administration has been fully up to their expectations. He strikes us as a man of unexceptional fine judgment. His appointments and recommendations have been wise and conservative. His position in regard to education strikes the people as being the most prominent of his administration.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

The season of Christmas entertainments is at hand, and a happy, joyous season it is. Youngsters and their elders in all walks of life are bent on enjoying the merry Christmastide, and in all the schools some sort of exercises have been or will be held.

Yesterday afternoon the children of the kindergarden of the Gordon school entertained their friends at the illumination of their Christmas tree, and a most enjoyable time was spent not only by the little ones, but by all who were on hand to witness their happiness.

At 4 o'clock the kindergartners of the Capital Female College gave an entertainment to their friends, and here too, were merry scenes.

Today will witness several school entertainments and celebrations.

***

Miss Lucie Wertenbaker, a very beautiful young lady from Richmond, Va., is spending the holidays with Major Barna's family, No. 90 Walton street. Miss Wertenbaker, in addition to other charms, is the possessor of a remarkably sweet voice.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Barker, of Atlanta, left last night for Shreveport to spend the holidays.

***

Miss Arline Scully, entertained a "Tiddley-wink party" on Monday evening. The first prizes were won by Miss Eugenia Stephens, and Mr. Mac Rathbourne. The second prizes by Miss Brent Whiteside and Mr. Ed Chamberlain. After supper dancing was kept up until a late hour.

***

The entertainment given by the young ladies of the Capital Female College last Friday, on the occasion of the regular fortnightly meeting of the "Amdra Leigh Society," was much enjoyed by their guests. It was a literary feast of the highest order. Miss Beck has been petitioned to have the entertainment repeated in the opera house and she will doubtless do so after the holidays.

This school closed yesterday to re-open January 5th.

***

Miss Hattie Langley, of Anniston, Ala., is visiting the Misses Crawford, at 124 S. Pryor street.

***

The many friends of Rev. Paul Hornady will be glad to hear that he is recovering from his recent severe illness. A letter received by relatives in the city from his mother, who is with him, states that they expect to start for home this week, if he continues to improve.

***

Mrs. Martin Amorous is on a visit to Milton, Fla.

***

ROME, Ga., December 23.—[Special]—Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson gave a very stylish reception Friday afternoon in her elegant apartments at the Armstrong. The invitations were beautifully designed, and announced: "Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, after 3 o'clock, Fridays of December and January."

The reception room was beautifully illuminated with numerous fairy lamps, and the handsome room with its elegant furniture of rich buff satin and green, presented a pleasing effect. The dining-room was tastefully decorated. A delicious and delicate luncheon was served.

The affair was very elegant. Seventy-five invitations were issued.

Mrs. Johnson was attired in a very handsome black satin dress trimmed with turquoise passamenterie.

***

OPELIKA, Ala., December 23.—[Special.]—Mr. W. H. Sanford, son of ex-Congressman W. J. Sanford, and Miss Kate C. Park, of Troy, were married in that city a few days since. The groom's father gave a delightful entertainment at his residence at Yongsboro, which all of our society people attended.

***

SYLVANIA, Ga., December 23.—[Special.]—Miss Lila B. Hull, of Sylvania, and Mr. W. F. Henderson, of Atlanta, were married at the Episcopal church in this place yesterday at noon, Rev. W. R. McConnell, of Pooler, performed the ceremony in the presence of a number of friends. The following were the attendants:

Miss Rebecka Dupont with James L. Hull; Miss Nellie Fisher with W. H. Singeilton; Miss Annie Henderson with W. M. Hobby; Miss Adele Singelton with John H. Hull.

After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of Mrs. Hull on the corner of Main and Church streets, and partook of an elegant dinner. The presents, which were both numerous and beautiful, were displayed in the parlor, and were the admiration of all. In the afternoon the happy young couple went to Captain Henderson's, at Cameron, where they will spend a few days, and then leave for their future home, in Atlanta. They have many friends here, whose best wishes go with them.

***

BRUNSWICK, Ga., December 22.—[Special.]—A grand charity ball will be given at the opening of the Oglethorpe hotel, on January 9, 1891. It will be for the benefit of the Brunswick and Seamans' hospital. This institution is almost completed, and when done will be a credit to our city.

The climate here did not agree with me and I was sick with malaria most all the time. The least exposure gave me a severe cold and my health was miserable. I grew weaker until I began a use of Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, when I gained health and strength. I recommend it as the very best strengthening medicine.—Sarah Walton, Wabash, Ind.

The Marlborough.

ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1890.

MENU.

OYSTERS.
Raw.

SOUP.
Cream of Celery. Mock Turtle.

BROILED.
Spanish Mackerel Black Bass.

GAME.
Mallard Duck Stuffed with Oysters.

ROAST.
Turkey, Cranberry Sauce. Fulton Market Beef.

ENTREES.
Fresh Lobster on Toast.

VEGETABLES.
Sweet Corn. Succotash. Tomatoes. Rice.
Mashed Irish Potatoes. Baked Yams.

RELISHES.
Olives. Radishes. Pickles.

PASTRY.
Green Apple Pie.

DESSERT.
Cheese. Crackers.
Cafe Demi Tasse.
Small Bottle Best Table Wine Free.

The above bill of fare will be all ready to serve promptly at 1 o'clock and lasting until 3 o'clock. It will be left optional to each guest whether or not, if he desires his or her dinner served in courses. Respectfully,

THE MARLBOROUGH,
Corner Marietta and North Broad Streets.

Special Hat Sale.

We've too many stiff hats. For one week our prices will be as follows: Our regular $5.00 hat for $4.00, our 4.00 hat for $3.20, our $3.00 hat for $2.40, our $2.50 hat for $2.00 and our $2.00 hat for $1.60. These are fresh goods and late styles. No better stock in Atlanta.

A. O. M. GAY & SON, Hatters,
18 Whitehall street.

dec 16 dtf 3m

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE WASHING COMPOUND THE GREAT INVENTION FOR SAVING TOIL & EXPENSE WITHOUT INJURY TO THE TEXTURE, COLOR OR HANDS. NEW YORK.



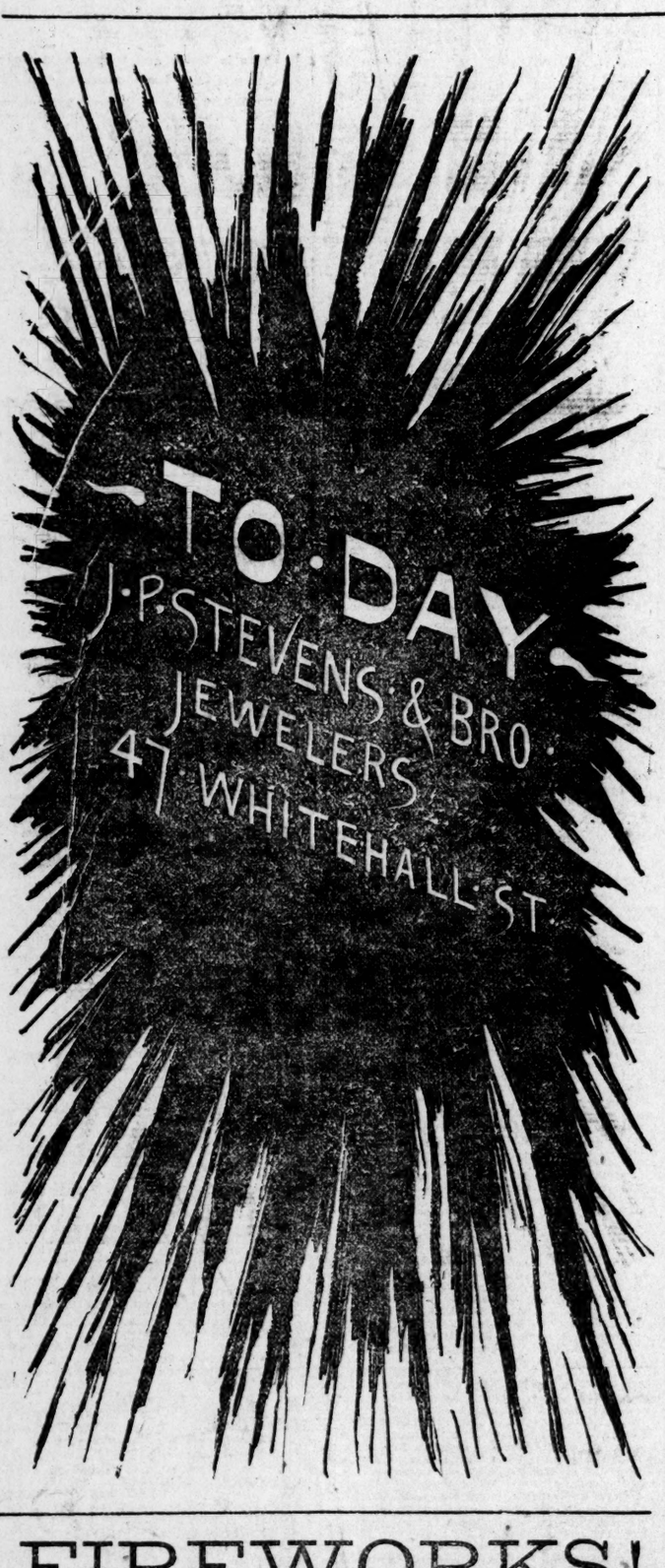
The Success of the Original

supports the imitations and there's a crowd of them hanging to Pearline. It saves work for them, as it does for everybody. It saves them talk, too. It's the one cry of the peddler that his imitation is "the same as Pearline," or "as good as Pearline." It isn't true, but it shows what he thinks of Pearline. He knows that Pearline is the standard—the very best for its purpose. So does everybody who has used it.

Beware of the basket gang—be sure you get Pearline. Get it from your grocer—and send back any imitation he may send you.

Pearline is never peddled, and is manufactured only by

178 JAMES PYLE, New York.



FIREWORKS!

GREAT FIREWORKS REDUCTION!

In order to close out our entire stock of fireworks this year, we will sell at the lowest figures in Atlanta.

ASK THE PRICE ELSEWHERE,

then come to our store and note the difference. We will actually sell you lower than other house's first cost. We are thoroughly experienced in the business and know what to buy and how to buy it. If any gentleman or number of gentlemen, desirous of getting up a private display, will come to us we will sell them at wholesale prices such goods as we fired at the exposition two years ago. No trash, such as exhibited recently. All our

FANCY ROCKETS

Bombshells, Wheels and Floral Shells are of heavy caliber, and are the line usually fired at Coney Island and large exhibitions in the north. We have all sizes from one-pound fancy colored to eight-pound bomb rockets that explode in midair with a terrific report, showering thousands of bright-hued stars. We have shells and rockets that show chrysanthemums, shower of pearls, high dragon, fiery serpents, harlequinades, crimson shadow, and double-repeating-report rockets, that rend the air with salute. All our large 16-inch wheels at a discount. 10-ball roman candles 70 cents per dozen. Buy $1 worth of fireworks and 60 cents get one dozen. 12-ball roman candles $1.35 per dozen. 15-ball roman candles $1.75 per dozen. 20-ball $2 and so on through the stock. Triangles reduced to 10 cents each. Large size worth $1, reduced to 40 cents. Extra large floral shells worth $2, reduced to $1.25. Packages of No. 10 cannon firecrackers, selling elsewhere for $2.50, at our store for modest $1.25. No. 8 cannon crackers, $1.00. No. 7 cannon crackers, 90 cents. No. 5 cannon crackers, 65 cents. No. 4 cannon crackers, 55 cents. No. 3 cannon crackers, 40 cents. No. 2 cannon crackers, 25 cents. Now surely these prices will bring all Atlanta to our store. Punk free to the boys. The only house in the city selling the celebrated whistling rockets.

HOYT & THORN, 90 Whitehall St

extra good

Thos. B. Inness, Pres. E. H. Richards, Vice Pres. and Man. M. L. Wallace, Sec. and Treas.

SOUTHERN MACHINERY CO.,

27 WEST ALABAMA STREET,

OPPOSITE CONSTITUTION BUILDING,

Atlanta, Georgia,

Dealers in Iron and Wood-Working Machinery, Engines,

BOILERS, STEAM PUMPS, PULLEYS,

Hangers' Shafting, Leather and Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, Packings, Etc.

Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods!

----ALL KINDS OF----

SUPPLIES FOR RAILROADS,

Machine Shops, Mines, Quarries, Factories, Etc. Railway Equipment and Supplies a Specialty.

OFFICIAL SUPPLY AGENTS

SOUTHERN IRON CAR CO.

Remember, we carry all these goods in stock for immediate delivery.

dec 13 to 24

FIREWORKS!

New designs, fresh goods at lowest prices.

BEERMANN & SILVERMAN.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., September 20th, 1890.

Commencing 21st instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Arrive Camak	9 12 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 p m
Leave Athens	8 25 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 05 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Camak	6 24 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No 2 EAST—DAILY.		No. 1 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta	11 05 a m
Ar. Gainesville	8 15 p m	Lv. Wash'ton	11 10 a m
Ar. Athens	5 15 p m	Lv. Athens	8 40 a m
Ar. Washington	2 30 p m	Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta	3 15 p m	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST DAILY.		No. 3 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta	11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta	6 35 a m	Ar. Atlanta	6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur	9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur	9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta	10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta	3 25 p m	Lv. Clarkston	4 10 p m
Ar. Decatur	3 46 p m	Lv. Decatur	4 25 p m
Ar. Clarkston	4 05 p m	Ar. Atlanta	4 50 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	6 20 p m	Lv. Covington	5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur	6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur	7 25 a m
Ar. Covington	8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta	7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily.

No. 31 WESTWARD.		No. 32 EASTWARD.	
Lv. Camak	1 30 a m	Lv. Macon	8 00 p m
Ar. Macon	7 15 a m	Ar. Camak	12 29 a m

UNION POINT AND WHITE PLAIN RAILROAD

Leave Union Point	*10 10 a m	*5 40 p m
Arrive Siloam	10 35 a m	6 05 p m
Arrive White Plains	11 10 a m	6 40 p m
Leave White Plains	* 8 00 a m	*3 30 p m
Leave Siloam	8 35 a m	4 05 p m
Arrive Union Point	9 00 a m	4 30 p m

*Daily except Sunday.
No connection for Gainesville on Sunday.
Sleeping car to Charleston on train No. 4.
Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.
Trains No. 27 and 28 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greenesboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. 27 makes close connection for all points north and northwest.
Trains 1 and 2, dinner at Union Point.
Train No. 28, supper at Harlem.

J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
JOE. W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Surviving Partner's Sale of Stevens' Pottery.

GEORGIA, BALDWIN COUNTY—WILL BE sold before the courthouse door in the city of Milledgeville, and said state and county, on the first Tuesday in January, 1891, between the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, the entire plant known as Stevens' Pottery in said county, consisting of 2,600 acres of land, more or less, on which there is a sewer pipe, fine brick and stoneware of all descriptions, plants complete and all modern conveniences necessary for the production of the above articles or goods. Eleven mules, one horse, one bull, 800 bushels corn, more or less, 700 pounds of fodder, more or less, one storehouse, and mixed stock of goods, notes and accounts, good and bad, amounting to about $10,000; lease of thirty convicts, with various times to serve, one grist and custom mill complete, dwelling, tenants and outhouses of every description, ample and complete; in fact, everything for the successful working of this valuable plant and property, is now on it, and will be sold in a lump and entire. The Milledgeville and Gordon railroad runs through this property and there is not a more healthy location in the state. Sold for the purpose of division between the surviving partners and the legatees of William Stevens, the deceased partner. Purchasers are invited to examine and inspect the property. Terms of sale cash.

W. C. & J. H. STEVENS,
Surviving Partners of Stevens', Bros., & Co.
This 29th day of November, 1890.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO
The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest

The following schedule in effect December 7, 1890:

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 50 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No 56 daily except Sunday.	No. 54 Daily
Lv Atlanta	1 20 pm	10 05 pm	4 25 pm	7 20 am
Ar Newnan	2 50 pm	12 32 am	6 15pm	8 45 am
Ar Lagrnge	4 05 pm	1 40 am	7 40 pm	9 45 am
Ar West Pt	4 32 pm	2 08 am	8 15 pm	10 30 am
Ar Opelika	5 14 pm	2 50 am	.....	10 55 am
Ar Columbs	.....	5 30 am	.....	11 58 am
Ar Montgry	7 25 pm	5 15 am	.....	.....
Ar Pensacla	1 25 am	9 15 am	.....	.....
Ar Mobile	2 10 am	8 10 am	.....	.....
Ar N Orlens	7 00 am	2 15 pm	.....	.....
Ar HoustnTx	2 20 am	9 00 am	.....	.....

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT

Lv Mont'y	8 05 pm	7 50 am	.....	.....
Ar Selma	10 00 pm	9 35 am	.....	.....

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51 Daily	No. 53 Daily.	No. 57 daily except Sunday.	No. 55 Daily
Lv N Orlens	8 15 pm	3 05 pm	.....	.....
Lv Mobile	1 05 am	7 37 pm	.....	.....
Lv Pensacla	10 10 pm	11 45 am	.....	.....
Ar Montgry	7 30 am	12 52 am	.....	.....
Lv Selma	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv Montgry	3 35 am	4 30 am	.....	.....
Leave	7 45 am	1 15 am	.....	.....
Lv Columbus	11 58 am	.....	.....	11 59 am
Ar Opelika	9 55 am	3 20 am	.....	2 05 pm
Ar W Point	10 38 am	4 03 am	7 00 am	2 46 pm
Ar Lagrnge	11 16 am	4 31 am	7 30 am	3 14 pm
Ar Newnan	12 14 am	5 30 am	8 45 am	4 14 pm
Ar Atlanta	1 30 pm	6 50 am	10 20 am	5 35 pm

Train 50 carries Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between New York and Atlanta, and Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and New Orleans. Train 51 carries Pullman Buffet car between New Orleans and Atlanta, and Atlanta and New York. Trains 52 and 53 carry Pullman Buffet sleeping car between Washington and New Orleans.

EDM. L. TYLER, Gen'l Manager.
R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Manager.
JOHN A. GEE, Ass't. Gen. Pass. Agent.

H. P. ASHLEY,

MACHINIST AND FOUNDER IN

IRON AND BRASS,

REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

All Kinds of Gears Cut in Iron, Steel and Brass.

--MANUFACTURER OF--

SPRING BED MACHINERY.

Send in your old steam or gas engines. Pumps and injectors to be repaired will guarantee to be good as new. Models and tools made to order. Grind paper and planer knives in the most improved manner. 47 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. dec 24 dly.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

I have fifty miles of team and station work on the Southbound Railroad to let between the Savannah river and Graham's, on the South Carolina railroad. Good prices will be paid for quick work. Apply to the undersigned at Savannah, Ga.

GEO. DOLE WADLEY,
Chief Engineer.

dec 24 dtf

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 23, 1890.

New York exchange selling at par.
The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	102½		Atlanta 7s, 1904	118	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	103½		Atlanta 7s, 1899	113	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	118	120½	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	112	
Georgia 7s, gold	100	100½	Atlanta 6s, S. D.	102	
Georgia 7s, 1896	115		Atlanta 5s, L. D.	105½	107
S. C. Brown	101	102	Atlanta 4½s	100	105
Savannah 5s	105	107	Augusta 7s, L. D.	115	116½
Atlanta 8s, 1902	121		Macon 6s	114½	
Atlanta 8s, 1892	104		Columbus 5s	101	
			Rome graded	101	
			Waterworks 6s	106	108
			Rome 5s	95	96

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Atlanta Nat'l	350		Lowry B'k Co.	140	150
Atlanta B. Co.	130		Atlanta Trust & Banking Co.	130	
Ger. L'n & B. Co.	105		Am'n Banking & Trust Co.	102	106
Merch. Bank	150		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co.	105	
Bank S. of Ga.	150				
Gate City Nat.	145				
Capitol City	121	125			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1897	107½		At. & Florida		100
Ga. 6s, 1910	113		Ga. Pacific, 1st	111	
Ga. 6s, 1922	115		Ga. Pacific, 2d	77	80
Central 7s, 1893	105½		A. P. & L., 1st 7s	110	
Char. Col. & A.	108		Mari'ta & N. G.	102	
A. & C. 1st	120		S., A. & M., 1st	98½	100
A. & C., income	100		Rome & Car.	100	102½
W. of Ala., 2d	101½				

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	200	202	Cent. deben.	96	
A. & C.	88	90	Aug. & Sav.	140	145
Southwestern	129½	130½	A. & W. P.	109	
Central	119	120	do. deben.	100¾	102

THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, December 23.—The holiday dullness in the stock market at present exceeds that of any year for the past five. The market today was very dull throughout, but especially so in the afternoon, and remained heavy to weak until the last hour, when there was a partial recovery of former fractional losses. Considering the limited market there was in the forenoon quite some bear pressure, and in Union Pacific, Rock Island, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific and Chicago gas there was moderate lines of short stock put out. Vanderbilt, as usual of late, was one strong point in the list, Lake Shore, especially showing marked strength. Reports of the different roads were generally up to the expectations, and Lake Shore in particular made a most flattering exhibit, while the regular dividend was increased to 2½ per cent and an extra one of 1½ per cent declared, making 4 per cent in all. It advanced in early dealings and was held at best figures thoughout the day. In the morning hours all quarters were weak, and St. Paul dropped away over 1 per cent. Silver was also again weak and touched 101½, and severe pressure upon Chicago gas brought that stock down from 35½ to 33¾. The pressure entirely ceased after the delivery hour, however, and general improvement took place, by which a portion of the early losses was recovered, and silver certificates moved up rapidly on the prospect of action on the bill for the purchase of the surplus bullion in the country. Dullness continued unrelieved until the close, which was firm at rally. Final changes are in but few cases for more than small fractions and generally in the direction of lower figures, but Chicago gas is down 1½, and Lake Shore is up 1¼. Sales listed, 97,000 shares; unlisted, 7,000.

Exchange quiet and steady at 480½@485.

Money easy at 3@5, closing offered at 3.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $148,411,000; currency, $4,012,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 122½; 4½s 103¼ bid.

State bonds dull and fairly steady.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	106	N. Y. Central	99
do., Class B, 5s	106	N'f'k West. pref.	52
N. & C. 6s	119	Northern Pacific	21
do. 4s	93	do. preferred	61⅝
S. C. con. Brown	99	Pacific Mail	31⅝
Tennessee 6s	102½	Reading	30⅜
Tennessee 5s	95	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	15⅝
Tenn. settlement. 3s	63½	Rock Island	70⅜
Virginia 6s	50	St. Paul	49⅞
Virginia consols	47	do. Preferred	103¼
Chicago and N. W.	103⅞	Texas Pacific	13¾
do. preferred	134	Tenn. Coal & Iron	29
Del. and Lack	123⅝	Union Pacific	43½
Erie	18½	N. J. Central	99
East Tenn., new	6½	Missouri Pacific	60
Lake Shore	108⅜	Western Union	78½
Louisville & Nash	71⅞	Cotton Oil Trust	16
Memphis & Char.	39	Brunswick	18
Mobile & Ohio	25	Mobile & Ohio 4s	62
Nash. & Chat.	92	Silver certificates	103½
N. O. Pacific 1st	84½		

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, December 23.—As we approach the holidays the dullness continues, and had it not been for the meetings of the various Vanderbilt roads, we would really have nothing to chronicle today. As it is, the New York Central, Lake Shore, Michigan Central and Canada Southern directors met today, published excellent statements and declared dividends on the various companies, the New York Central paying ½ per cent extra in addition to its regular 4 per cent dividend, which is particularly gratifying in view of the expensive strike which it sustained this summer. The Lake Shore was made a regular 5 per cent stock, and declared sufficient additional to make it pay the equivalent of 6 per cent for the year, and the Michigan Central also declared an extra dividend. The Lake Shore statement was particularly gratifying and led to an advance of 1 per cent on the stock, which in view of the general stagnation, is as much as 3 or 4 per cent advance would have been in ordinary times. The general list was inclined to sag, which was due almost entirely to dullness and the efforts of the bears. The bond market is still heavy and the offerings are large, but there seems a growing tendency to pick up bargains, and with continued easy money which we are likely to get after January 1st, the demand will continue to increase. CAHN & CO.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 23.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
December	8.92@ 8.96	8.82@ 8.84
January	8.97@......	8.84@ 8.85
February	9.13@......	9.04@ 9.05
March	9.26@......	9.18@ 9.19
April	9.35@......	9.29@ 9.30
May	9.46@......	9.39@ 9.40
June	9.55@......	9.49@ 9.50
July	9.63@......	9.57@ 9.58
August	9.65@......	9.57@ 9.58
September	9.47@......	9.38@ 9.40

Closed steady; sales 146,900 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS.		STOCK.	
	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889
Saturday	45380	35977	42302	51487	765864	718831
Monday	59694	56061	28866	25481	803219	743909
Tuesday	52869	55428	24698	21644	833018	751176
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	157943	147466	95865	98612		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	8.62	July	9.28
February	8.82	August	9.27
March	8.93	September	9.05
April	9.02	October	
May	9.11	November	
June	9.18	December	8.59

Closed steady; sales 42,700 bales.

Local—Market quiet; middling 8⅝c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	845	
Receipts previously	190,429	
Total	191,274	
Stock September 1	330	
Grand total		191,604
Shipments	960	
Shipped previously	90,061	
Total		91,021
Stock on hand		10,583

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, December 23.—[Special.]—A slight reaction at the opening was the best that the market could do in the face of the heavy receipts and exports and anticipated tenders of cotton on January contracts. The transferring of January purchases to the more distant deliveries has been the feature of the day, as the exporters of cotton during January are not disposed to take up deliveries here when they can buy to better advantage in the south, as is proved by the large amount of cotton pointing this way. Receipts are in excess of all estimates. Brunswick reports 5,000 bales cleared for the continent and Pensacola 6,000 bales. Receipts at Memphis, St. Louis and Augusta show an increase of 21,000 bales. After the sharp decline of the past two days a reaction is due, but there is nothing yet in the surroundings to induce spinners to change the opinion they have formed that the supply of cotton is larger than the needs.

By Private Wire to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, December 23.—Our market this morning opened steady, but soon again became weak and declined 10 points under the influence of continued heavy receipts and lower silver. The market at times seemed to be entirely without support, the short interest having been liquidated to a considerable extent. Prices compared with several months back certainly seem low. We, however, still fail to see anything in the position to encourage purchases for long account, while, however, we think it advisable from this out to take profits on all short contracts. LEHMAN BROS.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, December 23—12:15 p.m.—Cotton, business moderate at easier prices; middling uplands 5⅛; sales 7,000 bales; American 5,800; speculation and export 500; receipts 28,000; American 25,400; uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 5 4-64; February and March delivery 5 8-64; March and April delivery 5 12-64; April and May delivery 5 15-64, 5 16-64, 5 15-64; May and June delivery 5 18-64; June and July delivery 5 20-64, 5 21-64, 5 21-64; July and August delivery 5 22-64, 5 23-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, December 23—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 2-64, value; December and January delivery 5 2-65, value; January and February delivery 5 4-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 8-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 11-64, 5 12-64; April and May delivery 5 15-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 18-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 20-64, 5 21-64; July and August delivery 5 22-64, 5 23-64; futures closed near months quiet; distant months steady.

NEW YORK, December 23—Cotton quiet; sales 103 bales; middling uplands 9 3-16; Orleans 9⅛; net receipts 704; gross 5,189; stock 79,940.

GALVESTON, December 23—Cotton dull and easy; middling 9¼; net receipts 5,048 bales; gross 5,048; sales 710; stock 111,017.

NORFOLK, December 23—Cotton nominal; middling 9; net receipts 3,074 bales; gross 3,071; stock 48,790; sales 1,800; exports coastwise 989.

BALTIMORE, December 23—Cotton nominal; middling 9⅛; net receipts none bales; gross 644; sales none; to spinners --; stock 14,027; exports coastwise 400.

BOSTON, December 23—Cotton easier; middling 9 5-16; net receipts 728 bales; gross 3,842; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, December 23—Cotton, nothing doing; middling 8¾; net receipts 744 bales; gross 744; sales none; stock 19,772.

PHILADELPHIA, December 23—Cotton quiet; middling 9¼; net receipts 152 bales; gross 152; stock 7,524.

SAVANNAH, December 23—Cotton dull; middling 8½; net receipts 5,968 bales; gross 5,968; sales 1,025; stock 129,979; exports to continent 1,448; coastwise 2,425.

NEW ORLEANS, December 23—Cotton quiet; middling 8 15-16; net receipts 25,715 bales; gross 27,403; sales 5,100; stock 298,635; exports to France 10,525; to continent 4,102.

MOBILE, December 23—Cotton easy; middling 8⅞; net receipts 6,558 bales; gross 6,548; sales 800; stock 45,133; exports coastwise 2,129.

MEMPHIS, December 23—Cotton easy; middling 8 15-16; net receipts 0,140 bales; shipments 4,338; sales 4,700; stock 170,116.

AUGUSTA, December 23—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts 2,228 bales; shipments 1,816; sales 1,353; stock 52,805.

CHARLESTON, December 23—Cotton steady; middling 9⅛; net receipts 3,268 bales; gross 3,268; sales 800; stock 57,931; exports to Great Britain 5,164; coastwise 5,925.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, December 23—The wheat market put on an appearance of more steadiness at the beginning. The opening price for May was 98⅛, and trading for some time after the start was light and fluctuations narrow, ranging from 98@98½. It was not until near 12 o'clock that the bulls lost all hope of a rally. The decline was not stopped until the price had declined to 97, or 1⅛c lower than yesterday's closing figures. At the close trading was at 97⅜@97½.

The corn market was again left to the tender mercies of the local scalpers, who are bearish, and in consequence prices declined. Inactivity in the demand for cash corn was the principal depressing influence. No. 3 corn was sold for January delivery at 45c, and No. 2 was nominally worth 49c early to 48c at the close. May corn opened at 51⅝, declined to 51c, recovered to 51¼@51⅜, declined once more, getting down to 50⅞ before there was much reaction.

Oats suffered a further decline and closed ⅜c lower than the previous day. The first sales of May were at a decline of ⅛c, the price being 43¾. An advance followed to 44@44⅛; then the price declined to 43¼, but hardened to 43½@43⅝ bid at the close. December and January remained dull and inactive.

The provision market was fairly active at times, but prices were again lower. Fluctuations were confined to about 2½c, but the feeling was heavy and the tendency downward. The actual decline in the price today was slight.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
December	90	90	88¼
January	90½	90½	89⅛
May	98¼	98½	97⅜
CORN—			
December	49	49	48
January	49¼	49¼	48¼
May	51⅝	51⅝	51¼
OATS—			
December	40¼	40¼	40
January	40½	40½	40¼
May	43⅞	44	43½
PORK—			
December	7 62½	7 62½	7 62½
January	9 80	9 85	9 80
May	10 85	10 85	10 75
LARD—			
January	5 72½	5 72½	5 72½
February	5 90	5 90	5 90
May	6 35	6 35	6 32½
SIDES—			
January	4 85	4 85	4 85
February	5 87½	5 87½	5 87½
May	5 50	5 50	5 50

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, December 23.—We had another dragging, heavy market today, influenced by about the same causes as yesterday. The holiday indifference to trading, the immense stock of hog products, the unusual nervous and unsettled feeling regarding the January settlements, and every primary market in the northwest of any note selling their futures against their cash holdings, have all tended to drag our market down. There was considerable export inquiry in New York, but the stocks and sorts of grain that they wished not being on the seaboard, orders could not be filled, so our market was left without support from any source whatever. Even the strong believers in higher prices for the future are disposed to sell some of their holdings in order not to carry their borders through the holidays. We firmly believe that cash wheat, lard and ribs are very low and in all probability are as low as they will be for a long time to come. We think the fear of the settlements has already had its effect and has produced about as low prices as we are likely to have, although this depression may not continue during the balance of this week, we do not think it will extend at the furthest beyond this month. The extremely dry and windy weather is reported as somewhat injuring the prospects of the growing crop of wheat. In case of a scare from that source a rapid advance would be inevitable. LAMSON BROS & CO.

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, December 23—The petroleum market opened steady; and after some slight fluctuations became dull and remained so until the close.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pennsylvania Oil, spot	69¼	69¼	69	69
January option	69⅞	69¼	68½	68⅝
Lima Oil	—	—	—	—

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 23, 1890.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, December 23—Flour, southern dull and heavy; common to fair extra $3.40@3.90; good to choice $3.90@5.25. Wheat, spot dull and unsettled; No. 2 red 104⅜ in elevator; options advanced ⅛c, but became weak and fell off ⅞@1¼c, closing easy on increased offerings and the absence of an export demand; No. 2 red December 104⅜; January 103⅞; February and May 104⅜. Corn, spot lower, quiet and weak; No. 2 60 in elevator; options quiet and ⅛@⅝c lower and weak on increased offerings; December 60; January 58½; May 58⅛. Oats, spot dull, lower and unsettled; options quiet and weaker; December --; January 48⅛; February 49¼; May 49⅛@49⅜; No. 2 spot 48⅞@49½; mixed western 48@50. Hops quiet and steady; state common to choice 30@40.

ATLANTA, December 23—Flour—First patent $6.25; second patent $5.75; extra fancy $5.50; fancy $5.00@$5.25; family $4.25@4.50. Corn—No. 2 white 74c; mixed 71c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 59c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 75c. Meal—Plain 75c; bolted 70c. Wheat bran—Large sacks $1.25; small sacks $1.25. Cotton seed meal—$1.20 ⅌ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ⅌ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.85.

ST. LOUIS, December 23—Flour unchanged; choice $3.40@3.60; patents $4.80@4.90; fancy $4.00@4.15; family $3.10@3.25. Wheat opened 1-16c down for May and ⅛c for July, and the close was at declines of ⅞@1c for May and 1⅜c for July as compared with yesterday's final prices; No. 2 red cash 93⅜; January 93⅜; May 97⅞; July 87⅞. Corn, after opening ⅛@¼c above yesterday's close, weakened, and the close was at a loss of ¾@1c from Monday's latest sales; No. 2 mixed cash 46½; December and January 46⅛; May 48⅜; July 50. Oats weak and lower. No. 2 cash 41 asked; January --; May --.

BALTIMORE, December 23—Flour active; Howard street and western superfine $3.00@3.40; extra $3.60@4.40; family $4.50@5.00; city mills Rio brands extra $5.00@5.15. Wheat, southern scarce and firm; Fultz 95@103; longberry 98@103; western weak; No. 2 red winter spot and December 95@95¼. Corn, southern firm; white 55@58; yellow 54@58.

CHICAGO, December 23—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour unchanged; winter patents $4.60@5.00; spring patents $4.70@5.00; bakers $3.30@400. No. 2 spring wheat 88⅝; No. 2 red 89⅛@90. No. 2 corn 48. No. 2 oats 40@49¼.

CINCINNATI, December 23—Flour in fair demand; family $3.85@4.05; fancy $4.45@4.75. Wheat dull; No. 2 red 97. Corn in light demand and lower; No. 2 mixed 51@51½. Oats weak and lower; No. 2 mixed 43@44.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, December 23—Coffee—Roasted—Arbuckle's 25½c ⅌ 100 lb cases; Levering's 25c. Green—Extra choice 23½c; choice 23c; good 21½; fair 20; common 18@19c. Sugar—Granulated 6⅝; off granulated 6⅜c; powdered 7½c; cut loaf 7½c; white extra C 6c; yellow extra C 5¾c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 28@30. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Rice 7½@8½c. Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Choice 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream, chedders 11c; flats 11½c; skim 9@10c. White fish, ½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@2.50. Candles—Parafine 11c; star 10c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; 1 lb packages 5c; cases, assorted, lbs 6¾@6¼c; ½ lbs 5¾@6c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9.—Candy—Assorted stick 8½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters $2.50@2.60; L. W. $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5½c; nickel package $3.75; celluloid $5.00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot $1.65 ⅌ sack.

NEW ORLEANS, December 23.—Coffee dull; Rio ordinary to fair 19¼@20¾; ... ; Louisiana open kettle prime to strictly prime 3⅝@3¾; good fair to fully fair 3⅛@3¼; good common to fair 3⅛@3¼; common 3⅛@3¼; centrifugals plantation granulated 5 9-16@5⅝; off do. 5 9-16@5⅝; choice white 5@5 1-16; gray white 4 13-16@4⅞; off white 5⅛@5¼; choice yellow clarified 4¾@4 13-16; prime do. 4 11-16@4¾. Molasses, Louisiana open kettle quiet; choice to fancy 30; good prime 38@39; strictly prime 29@30; prime 22@23; good common to good fair 25@31; centrifugals, strictly prime 16@17; prime to good prime 13@14; fair 17@18; common to good common 8@9; Louisiana syrup 20@25. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 3⅛@4.

NEW YORK, December 23.—Coffee, options closed barely steady 5 points up to 5 down; December 17.45@17.55; January 16.50@16.65; February 16.20; May 15.35@15.45; spot Rio quiet but firm; No. 7 17¾; fair cargoes 19¼. Sugar, raw dull but steady; fair to good refining 4 9-16; contrifugal 96-test 5¼; refined steady and quiet; C 5@5⅛; extra C 5 3-16@5 5-16; white do. 5 7-16@5 9-16; yellow C 4 15-16@5; off A 5 5-16; mould A 6⅛; standard A 5 15-16; confectioners A 5¾; cut loaf and crushed 6¼; powdered 6¼; granulated 6; cubes 6⅛. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 18¼; New Orleans quiet and steady; open kettle common to fancy 33@40. Rice quiet and steady; domestic fair to extra 5¼@6½; Japan 5⅛@6.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, December 23—Provisions very dull. Pork $9.75. Lard, prime steam 5.50. Dry salt meats boxed, 25@30 days, shoulders 3.87½; long clear 4.87½; clear ribs 4.87½; short clear 5.00. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.62½; long clear 5.45; clear 5.45; short clear ribs 5.62½; hams 10@12¼.

ATLANTA, December 23—Clear rib sides, boxed 5⅝c; ice-cured bellies 7c. Sugar-cured hams 10@12c, according to brand and average; California 7c; canvassed shoulders 7½c; breakfast bacon 9c. Lard—Pure leaf 8c; leaf 7@7½c; refined 6c.

NEW YORK, December 23—Pork steady and quiet; new mess $11.00@12.00; extra prime $9.50@10.00. Middles dull and easy; short clear 5.90. Lard dull and lower; western steam spot 6.00 bid; city steam 5.50; options, January 6.02, February 6.15 bid; May 6.49.

CHICAGO, December 23—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $7.50. Lard 5.60. Short ribs loose 4.70. Dry salt shoulders boxed 4.25@4.35; short clear sides boxed 5.00@5.10.

CINCINNATI, December 23—Pork dull at $10.00. Lard barely steady; current make 5.52½@5.57½. Bulk meats barely dull; short ribs 4.75@4.87½. Bacon dull; short clear 6.00.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, December 23—Turpentine firm at 35½; rosin firm; strained $1.15; good strained $1.20; tar firm at $1.5_; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; yellow dip $1.20; virgin $1.90.

NEW YORK, December 23—Rosin steady; common to good strained $1.42½@1.47½; turpentine firm and higher at 38½@39.

CHARLESTON, December 23—Turpentine dull at 35½; rosin quiet; good strained $1.20.

SAVANNAH, December 23—Turpentine firm at 38; rosin quiet at $1.15@1.22½.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, December 23.—Apples—Choice $5.50@6.00 ⅌ bbl. Lemons—$5.50@6.00. Oranges—Florida $3.50@3.75. Cocoanuts—5c. Pineapples—$2.50@3.00 ⅌ doz. Bananas—Selected $2.00@2.50. Figs—13@18. Rasins—New California $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Leghorn citron—20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c; Brazil 15c; filberts 11½c; walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, fancy hand picked 5@7c; North Carolina 5@6c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, December 23.—Eggs 24c. Butter—Western creamery 25@28c; choice Tennessee 20@22c; other grades 12½c. Live poultry—Hens 25@28c; young chickens, large 20@25c; small 12@14c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 13½@15c; ducks 15c; chickens 13½@14½c. Irish potatoes $4.00 ⅌ bbl. Sweet potatoes 50c ⅌ bushel. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $4.50 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage 1½@2c ⅌ lb. Almeria grapes, 50 lb packages $6.50@7.50.

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SHERIFF'S SALES FOR JANUARY, 1891—Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1891, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, towit:

A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, and the improvements thereon, being that lot of land known as No. 89 Whitehall street, and being part of land lot No. 77, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, the same fronting 25 feet on Whitehall street and running back same width 175 feet to Broad street, bounded by the property of Collier and Gress. Levied on as the property of G. V. Gress to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from superior court of Fulton county in favor of Atlanta Land Improvement Company vs. James P. Harrison, William B. Lowe, A. B. Steel and G. V. Gress.

Also at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta and in land lot No. 46 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, the same being part of lot No. 2, of block No. 9, according to the subdivision of said city, fronting a street, extending north and south fifty-six feet and extending to property known as James Whitfield's one hundred feet, more or less, the same having been conveyed to Henry Davis by Dock Davis and Maria Gates, on the 20th day of August, 1877. Levied on as the property of Henry Davis, Sylvia Davis and Joel R. Davis to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Jackson & King vs. Henry Davis, Sylvia Davis and Joel R. Davis. Notice given tenant in possession.

Also at the same time and place, the lands and tenements of Dennis Parks, and especially of that piece of land described and bounded as follows: North by Markham street 40 feet, more or less; south by Ransom Miller's lot, south by an alley, or Dove street, 40 feet, more or less, and on the west by Celia Thomas's lot, and being part of land lot No. 84, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of Dennis Parks to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Martha Page vs. Dennis Parks.

Also at the same time and place, one lot commencing on the south side of Baker street, Atlanta, 95 feet west of Calhoun street, and running along Baker street 50 feet, thence south one hundred feet to the starting point. Also two lots on Asbestus street, Atlanta, commencing ninety-five feet west of Calhoun street, on the south side of Asbestus street, running west one hundred feet, thence south seventy feet, thence east one hundred feet, thence north seventy feet to starting point. Also one lot on Ponce DeLeon avenue, Atlanta, about one hundred and sixty feet front, running back along Fort street to North avenue. All this property being property conveyed by M. J. Wellingham, of Chattanooga, Tenn., to George F. Montgomery, some time during April, 1888. Levied on as the property of George F. Montgomery to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Empire Lumber Company vs. George F. Montgomery.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 51 in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, described as follows: Fronting thirty feet on the south side of Cain street, and extending back south along an alley eighty feet, being lot No. thirty-four (34) of the second subdivision of the aforesaid property. Levied on as the property of Sarah N. Harrison, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from the city court of Atlanta to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of Morris Rich vs. Sarah N. Harrison.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in Fulton county, Georgia, on the northwest side of the Macon railroad and the Newnan wagon road and running back northwest from a stake corner on said road, four hundred and twenty feet, thence west of south eight hundred and twenty-five feet, thence east along the land line six hundred and ninety feet, thence north of east along the road three hundred and fifty-five feet to beginning corner, containing about seven and one-half acres, being a part of land lot 119, 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia; the same being levied on for purchase money of the same; levied on as the property of Jerome Silvey, administrator of F. J. Bomar, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of P. E. McCool, administrator of J. A. McCool vs. Jerome Silvey, administrator of F. J. Bomar. Sold at the risk of former purchaser.

Also at the same time and place, one ice box and fresh meat cooler; levied upon as the property of R. R. Percell and J. C. Percell, to satisfy a fi. fa. from Fulton superior court in favor of Wm. A. Holbrook vs. R. R. Percell and J. C. Percell.

L. P. THOMAS, Sheriff.

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Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*No. 3, from Savannah ..... 6 45 am	*No. 2, to Savannah ..... 7 10 am
*No. 15, from Barnesville.. 8 00 am	*No. 14, to Macon ..... 11 30 am
*No. 11, from Macon ..... 11 00 am	*No. 12, to Macon ..... 2 15 pm
No. 1, from Savannah ..... 5 35 pm	*No. 16, to Barnesville... 5 30 pm
No. 13, from Macon ..... 10 00 pm	*No. 4, to Savannah ..... 7 10 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chat'ga* 6 48am	To Chattanooga* 7 50am
From Marietta.. 8 35am	To Marietta 11 45am
From Rome 11 05am	To Chattanooga* 1 35pm
From Chat'ga* 1 45pm	To Rome 3 45pm
From Marietta.. 2 58pm	To Marietta 4 35pm
From Chat'ga* 6 40pm	To Chattanooga* 6 26pm
From Chat'ga* 1 45am	To Chattanooga* 11 10pm
From Mariett ‡ 10 30am	To Mariett ‡ 4 00pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Mont'm'y* 6 50am	To Opelika 7 20am
From West Pt.. 10 20am	To Selma* 1 20pm
From Selma* 1 30pm	To West Point.. 4 25pm
From Opelika... 5 35pm	To Montgomery 11 00pm

EAST TENN., VA. & GA. R'Y.

*No. 14, from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ..... 10 35 am	*No. 12, for Rome, New York, Cincinnati, Kn'xville and Memphis, and Ala. points ... 11 45 pm
*No. 13, from New York, Knoxville, Nashville and Cin'nati .. 6 45 pm	*No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati, New York and Memphis ..... 11 50 am
*No. 11, from Cincinnati Nashville and Knoxville ..... 5 15 am	*No. 11, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ..... 5 _0 am
*No. 12, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick, Macon.. 8 35 pm	*No. 13, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ..... 7 00 p m
No. 15 from Chattanooga, Gadsden, Anniston and Rome ..... 2 25 pm	No. 16, for Rome, Anniston, Selma and Chattanooga ..... 7 00 a m

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From August*. 6 30am	To August* 8 00am
From Covin't'n.. 7 55am	To Decatur 8 55am
From Decatur.. 10 15am	To Clarkston 12 10pm
From Augusta*. 1 00pm	To Augusta* 2 45pm
From Clarkston. 2 20pm	To Clarkston 3 25pm
From Clarkston. 4 50pm	To Covington... 6 20pm
From August*. 5 45pm	To August* ... 11 15pm

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and Danville Railroad.)

From Lula ..... 7 50 am	To Washington*. 7 10am
From Wash'ton* 11 00am	To Lula 4 30pm
From Wash'ton* 9 40pm	To Washington*. 6 00pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

From Gre'n'ille*. 6 05am	To Birm'gham*. 1 13pm
From Tal'poosa*. 8 30am	To Tallpoosa*.. 5 00pm
From Birm'm*.. 2 00pm	To Greenville*.. 10 45pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Fort Valley ..... *10 20 a m	To Fort Valley. *3 00 pm

*Daily. ‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.
Time Card in effect December 7, 1890.

Atl'nta to Florida	No. 2	No. 4	No. 12	No. 14
Lv Atlanta	7 10am	7 10pm	2 15pm	11 30am
Ar Griffin	8 37am	8 51pm	4 00pm	12 55pm
Ar Macon Junc.	10 30am	11 00pm	6 05pm	3 30pm
Ar Macon	10 45am	11 00pm	6 15pm	3 40pm
Lv Macon	10 20am	....	7 00pm	4 00pm
Lv Macon Junc.	10 40am	....	7 08pm	4 09pm
Ar Albany	2 50pm	....	11 30pm	8 10pm
Ar Thomasville	5 40pm	....	....	....
Ar Waycross	....	....	5 20am	....
Ar Brunswick	....	....	7 40am	....
Ar Jacksonville	....	....	8 30am	....

Pullman cars on No. 12 to Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE TO ATLANTA.

	No. 1	No. 3	No. 11	No. 13
Lv Jacksonville	....	....	6 30pm	....
Lv Brunswick	....	....	6 50pm	....
Lv Waycross	....	....	9 50pm	....
Lv Thomasville	....	....	....	8 30am
Ar Albany	7 00am	....	1 50am	11 00am
Ar Macon	10 55am	....	6 10am	5 30pm
Lv Macon	1 45pm	3 15am	7 00am	6 05pm
Ar Griffin	4 00pm	5 18am	9 20am	8 32pm
Ar Atlanta	5 35pm	6 45am	11 00am	10 00pm

Pullman car on No. 11, to Atlanta.

ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH.

	No. 2	No. 4		
Lv Atlanta	7 10am	7 10pm	....	....
Lv Griffin	8 37am	8 51pm	....	....
Ar Macon	10 45am	11 00pm	....	....
Lv Macon	11 00am	11 30pm	....	....
Ar Savannah	5 55pm	6 30am	....	....
Ar Jacksonville	8 30am	12 00 m	....	....

Palace sleeping cars on No. 4 to Savannah; Pullman, Savannah to Jacksonville.

SAVANNAH TO ATLANTA.

	No. 1	No. 3		
Lv Jacksonville	6 30pm	1 00pm	....	....
Lv Savannah	6 40am	8 10pm	....	....
Ar Macon	1 20pm	3 15am	....	....
Ar Griffin	4 00pm	5 18am	....	....
Ar Atlanta	5 35pm	6 45am	....	....

Pullman cars, Jacksonville to Savannah; Palace sleeping cars, Savannah to Atlanta.

ATLANTA TO COLUMBUS VIA GRIFFIN.

		No. 2	No. 12	
Lv Atlanta	....	7 10am	2 15pm	....
Ar Griffin	....	8 37am	4 00pm	....
Lv Griffin	....	8 35am	4 15pm	....
Ar Columbus	....	11 30am	7 10pm	....

Through coach between Atlanta and Columbus on Nos. 1 and 12.

All Trains above run Daily. Barnesville accom lv Atlanta 5:30 p. m., ar Barnesville 8:10 p. m. Time card for Hapeville trains can be obtained from

SAM B. WEBB, Trav. Pass. Agent,
H. S. McCLESKY, Pass. Agent,
No. 11 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
ET. CHARLTON, Genl Pass. Agt, Savannah, Ga.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

(ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE DIVISION)

Only twenty-nine hours transit Atlanta to New York.

Time Table in effect Nober 2d. vem 1890.

	No. 51, Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 55 Daily.
Lv Atlanta (C T)	6 00 p m	7 10 a m	
Lv Greenville	12 44 p m	2 00 p m	12 50 pm
Lv Spartanburg	1 49 p m	3 05 p m	1 57 pm
Ar Charlotte	4 25 p m	5 30 p m	4 50 pm
Ar Salisbury	6 02 a m	7 05 p m	6 40 pm
Ar Greensboro	7 47 a m	8 40 p m	8 55 pm
Ar Danville	9 32 a m	10 20 p m	10 50 pm
Ar Lynchburg	12 25 p m	12 55 a m	1 55 am
Ar Charlottesville	2 30 p m	3 10 a m	4 50 am
Ar Washington	7 10 p m	6 53 a m	9 45 am
Ar Baltimore	8 50 p m	8 20 a m	12 04 pm
Ar Philadelphia	3 20 a m	10 47 a m	2 20 pm
Ar New York	6 20 a m	1 20 p m	4 50 pm
Ar Boston	3 30 p m	9 00 p m	11 06 pm

Leave Danville	11 15 p m	9 56 am
Arrive Richmond	5 00 a m	3 15 pm
" Norfolk	12 05 n'n	....
Leave Spartanburg	....	3 40 pm
Arrive Hendersonville	....	6 45 pm
" Asheville	....	7 00 pm
" Hot Springs	....	8 40 pm
Leave Greensboro	11 15 p m	9 30 am
Arrive Durham	6 05 a m	12 07 pm
" Raleigh	8 55 a m	1 10 pm
" Goldsboro	12 40 p m	2 35 pm

LULA ACCOMMODATION.
Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time)	4 30 p m
Arrive Gainesville (city time)	6 44 p m
Arrive Lula (city time)	7 12 p m

ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

	Daily No. 53.	D'y ex'pt No. 41.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 10 a m	4 30 p m
Arrive Athens (city time)	11 20 a m	9 25 p m
No. 40 arrives from Lula		7 50 am
No. 50 arrives from Washington		*11 00 am
No. 52 arrives from Washington		* 9 40 pm

No. 53 connects at Cornelia daily, and No. 8 Wednesday and Saturday, for Tallulah Falls.

Pullman Sleeping-Car Service.

No. 50 has Pullman Sleeper New York to Atlanta.

No. 52, Pulman Sleeper Washington to New Orleans and Washington to Birmingham.

No. 51, Pullman Sleeper Atlanta to New York.

No. 53, Pullman Sleeper New Orleans to Washing, D. C., and Birmingham to Washington.

Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, and No. 13 Kimball house.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Washington, D. C.
L. L. McCLESKEY, Div. Pass. Ag't, Atlanta, Ga.
C. E. SERGEANT, Passenger Agent.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD

GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION.

The completion of this important thoroughfare to Greenville and Arkansas City on the Mississippi river, gives the southeastern states a direct and short line to the west, southwest and northwest.

All under one management from Washington, D. C., to the Mississippi river

November, 1890.		No. 50. Daily.	No. 52 Daily.	No. [illegible] Daily
Lv Atlanta	....	1 13 pm	10 45 pm	5 00 pm
Lv Austell	....	2 10 pm	11 35 pm	5 52 pm
Ar Lithia Sp'gs	....	2 16 pm	11 41 pm	5 58 pm
Ar Tallapoosa	....	3 59 pm	1 29 am	7 40 pm
Ar Anniston	....	5 37 pm	3 14 am	....
Ar Birming'm	....	8 30 pm	6 10 am	....
Ar Columbus	....	....	1 45 pm	....
Ar West Point	....	....	2 49 pm	....
Ar Winona	....	....	5 50 pm	....
Ar Greenwood	....	....	7 05 pm	....
Ar Greenville	....	....	10 00 pm	....

K. C., M. & B. CONNECTIONS.

Lv Birmingham	9 00 pm	7 00 am	....
Ar Tupelo	2 25 am	1 12 pm	....
Ar Holly Spring	4 42 am	3 30 pm	....
Ar Memphis	6 30 am	5 00 pm	....
Ar Little Rock	1 25 pm	11 00 pm	....
Ar Springfield	10 50 pm	8 10 am	....
Ar Kansas City	6 40 am	5 25 pm	....

QUEEN AND CRESCENT CONNECTIONS.

Lv Birmingham	11 35 pm	3 55 pm	....
Ar Tuscaloosa	1 36 am	6 07 pm	....
Ar Meridian	4 55 am	10 30 pm	....
Ar New Orleans	11 30 am	7 00 am	....
Ar Jackson	9 10 am	3 50 am	....
Ar Vicksburg	11 25 am	6 00 am	....
Ar Shreveport	9 15 pm	....	....

TRAINS ARRIVE ATLANTA.

6:05 a. m.—From Greenville, Birmingham, Anniston and the west. No. 53.

2:00 p. m.—From Birmingham, Anniston and the west. No. 5_.

8:20 a. m.—From Tallapoosa, Lithia Springs and local. No. 55.

Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars between Washington, D. C., and Birmingham, Ala., without change on 52 and 53. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Memphis on 50 and 51. FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS Birmingham to Memphis and Kansas City without change, connecting with 52 and 53. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Shreveport, without change via trains 50 and 51.

A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt.
ALEX. S. THWEATT, Gen'l Trav. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.
S. H. HARDWICK, Gen. Pas. Agent, Birmingham, Ala.
SOL HAAS, Traffic M'g'r, Richmond, Va.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work: should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

—USE—

Hickey's Magic Hairaline

For the prevention of baldness, removing dandruff and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing for the hair. Treatise on the scalp and its diseases sent free on application. For sale by all druggists and by the manufacturer. E. J. HICKEY,
nov 1 d1y Nos. 212, 214 8th St., Augusta, Ga.

W AND A. COMMISSION.

HON. N. J. HAMMOND, OF ATLANTA, IS PRESIDENT.

They Meet Again on the 23d of February. What Arrangements Were Made, and What Will Be Done.

N. J. Hammond, of Atlanta, is president of the Western and Atlantic commission.

The selection is pre-eminently a good one, and must go far toward securing for the verdict of the commission, whatever that may be, popular confidence and consent.

Mr. Cooper Nesbitt, of Dade county, was made sergeant-at-arms.

Mr. Ferry, of DeKalb, was made stenographer of the commission.

The Meeting.

Every member of the commission was present before 11 o'clock.

The oath required of them was administered by Chief Justice Logan E. Bleckley.

The organization of the board was then completed.

Besides the commissioners there were present, Senator Joseph E. Brown, Major E. B. Stahlman, Major Joseph B. Cumming and Mr. Julius L. Brown, attorneys for the lessees; President J. W. Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, and Superintendent R. A. Anderson, of the Western and Atlantic.

Ex-Attorney General Anderson was present, representing the state in the absence of Judge Lester.

The Western and Atlantic Claim.

The first question was—When can the lessees have their claim in readiness to be submitted to the commission?

The lessees pointed out that all the inventories and appraisements made heretofore were made by the state.

"It would be manifestly unfair," they said, "for us to be bound in any way by these ex-parte papers. To present our case properly we should have an accurate inventory of our own. It required about sixty days for the last board of appraisers and examiners to complete their work. We should be allowed about the same length of time."

After considerable discussion, it was agreed that all the claims of the lessees should be submitted in writing to Colonel Hammond, president of the board, on the 10th of February.

The State's Claim.

It is the duty of Judge Anderson then to "submit all counter-claims on behalf of the state against the said lessees."

Judge Anderson showed that this could not be done until the claim of the lessees was submitted and he had full knowledge of the same; and that it would be impossible to say in advance how much time he would need to prepare these counter-claims of the state.

So no definite time was set for the submission of the state's claim.

The Governor Not In It.

Governor Northen, of course, has nothing to do with the work of the commission at this stage.

He was not present at the meeting yesterday.

Their Next Meeting.

The time for the next meeting of the commission was set for February 23d.

No reasonable estimate could be given now of the time that will be required for the commission to do its work.

Major Stahlman estimated it at thirty days.

The limit is fixed in the resolution—"shall conclude its labors by June 1, 1891."

Waiting on the Lessees.

No business can be done by the commission until the claims of the lessees and the counter-claims of the state are before it.

And first, of course, the claims of the lessees.

The Lessees and the Rolling Stock.

"Our intention," said Senator Brown yesterday, "is to return to the state road exactly what we received from it in lease twenty years ago, car for car, engine for engine and everything else in like proportion. When we took the road we received forty-four engines, eight or ten of which have since been condemned, and now they lay in the roundhouse valued only as scrap iron. There are now in commission fifty-nine engines, nearly all of which are in first-class condition. Thus, there is a surplus of fifteen engines, which properly belong to us.

"At our meeting yesterday with the commission we asked that body to decide what disposition should be made with all stock which could properly be called surplus. After considering the matter the commission decided they had no jurisdiction whatever over property which properly belonged to the old lessees, that they were competent only to decide on the matter of the condition of the road when delivered by the old lessees as compared with its condition when received by them.

"Therefore, we shall sell all this surplus stock and, with the amount received therefor, we shall straighten up the debts of the old company. Whatever amount remains will be divided among the stockholders, and thus the matter will end."

Look out for counterfeits!—Buy the genuine Salvation Oil, the great paine cure. 25 cents.

Miss Emma R. cured an attack of incipient consumption with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

CHRISTMAS FRUITS AND TURKEYS.

A Mammoth Stock on Hand at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s, 61 Broad Street.

Oranges.
Apples.
Cocoanuts.

In fact fruits of all kinds and every description to be found at J. W. Phillips & Co.'s store, 61 S. Broad street.

He has a special consignment for the holidays. These goods must go today. It will be well for merchants throughout the city and surrounding country to send in their orders promptly this morning.

In addition to his fruits he is well supplied with the finest kind of dressed turkeys, which will be sold at very reasonable prices.

ALL FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. **Brown's Iron Bitters** Rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

Tiddledy Winks

at Miller's, 31 Marietta street. dtf

The Finest on Earth

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running Pullman's Perfected Safety Vestibuled Trains, with Chair, Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Car service between Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago, and is the only line running through Reclining Chair Cars between Cincinnati, Keokuk and Springfield, Ill., and Combination Chair and Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Peoria, Ill.

And the Only DIRECT LINE

between Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo, Detroit, the Lake Regions and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio, and the only line entering Cincinnati over twenty-five miles of double track, and from its past record can more than assure its patrons speed, comfort and safety. Tickets on sale everywhere, and see that they read C. H. & D., either in or out of Cincinnati, Indianapolis, or Toledo. E. O. McCormick, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

feb 21 dly

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades and furniture, 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

The New Popular Game

of Tiddledy Winks at John M. Miller's 31 Marietta street. dtf

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Celebrated.

We are carrying a line of spectacles and eye glasses that cannot be discounted in point of excellence. Our prices are in keeping with our

---

False Teeth Lengthen Life.

From The St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Very few people realize how much the dentist has done for mankind. To mention one thing only, the perfection to which the manufacture of false teeth has been carried has practically abolished old age—that is, old in the sense that I used to know it. You see none of the helpless, mumbling old men and women that you formerly did. This is not because the people do not attain the age their parents and grandparents reached, but because the dentist has prevented some of the most unpleasant consequences of advancing years. Men of seventy no longer either look or feel old because they are not deprived of nourishing food at the time when they need it most. Estimates have been made showing that the average length of life has been increased from four to six years by the use of false teeth.

The Battle of Life.

The true hero will endeavor to make the most of life, and to this end the first consideration is a robust constitution. Like a good general on the battle plain, who, when expecting an attack from the enemy, will entrench himself in fortifications, so he, when disease is in the atmosphere or hovering in ambush amid climatic changes, will fortify his system against every encroachment the grim monster may seek to make. Many a grand life has ended for want of timely precaution in the hour of need. When fever and influenza are abroad, when the damp chilly days touch the marrow bones, when effluvia and malaria, walk hand in hand, then it is that the system should be fortified by a use of that superb strengthening tonic alterative of Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla, which keeps the blood pure and the functions regulated, so that disease cannot enter the citadel of life.

Almost Countless.

The variety of articles especially suitable for holiday presents at our store. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

Your Eyes.

Remember that we employ one of the best opticians in the south, and are prepared to fit the most difficult cases of weak and defective eyesight. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Exceptional Values

Can be found in gold-headed canes and umbrellas. Our stock embraces the very newest shapes in handles. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

There's a great difference in lamp-chimneys—depends on the glass. One pops whenever anything happens, sometimes when nothing happens. Another almost never breaks.

Lamp-chimneys are like segars—they cost so little apiece and so much by the year!—the breaking kind. The other sort is like the measles—once is enough.

Can you tell them apart? The unbreakable chimney has a "pearl-top."  The makers, Macbeth & Co. Pittsburgh.

Healthy Kidneys.

No other organs in the human economy perform a more important function than the Kidneys.

The blood cannot be kept pure unless the Kidneys are healthy and active.

Many a bright intellect has been cut down in the full flower of life because the Kidneys were neglected, and the blood was thereby permitted to become poisoned, and diseased. Every derangement of the Kidneys are danger signals, and should be promptly heeded and promptly treated.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Is a true Kidney Tonic, and acts promptly on the Kidneys, Bladder and whole Urinary tract.

Thousands of testimonials can be furnished from those who have tested its virtues.

Read the Following:

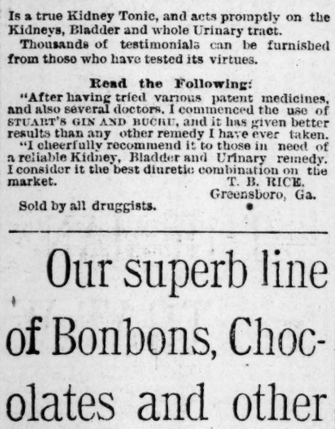
"After having tried various patent medicines, and also several doctors, I commenced the use of STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU, and it has given better results than any other remedy I have ever taken.

"I cheerfully recommend it to those in need of a reliable Kidney, Bladder and Urinary remedy. I consider it the best diuretic combination on the market. T. B. RICE,
Greensboro, Ga.

Sold by all druggists.

Our superb line of Bonbons, Chocolates and other Fine Candies will be made fresh every hour during each day this week. Nunnally's 36 Whitehall St.

DR. COUCH



EXTRACTS TEETH WITHOUT PAIN

By a new process. All persons suffering from decayed teeth should call at once. I will remain

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JEWELER.

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Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

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EVERY THING IN SEASON.
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OUR $2 SHOES

For Ladies and Men are the best made. See our $3 "home-made" Shoes; just what you want for service.

Our $4 and $5 Shoes are hand-made and world-beaters.

Remember we are sole agents for the celebrated Dunlap Hats. Silk Hats sold by us ironed when ever necessary free.

Headquarters for School Shoes.

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35 Peachtree Street,
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DR. BOWES & CO



Southern Medical Dispensary.

21-2 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA.
(Over Jacobs' Pharmacy)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effect of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safety and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis and all of its terrible results totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sore or ulcerated throat and mouth, scrofula, erysipelis permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhea, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE permanently cured without any cutting or caustics, or dilation or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

A SURE CURE to young and middle-aged men who have foolishly wasted their energies.

Dr. Bowes is a graduate of the great University of Michigan, of twenty years's experience, and is strictly reliable. Send six cents in stamps for "Perfect Question List" and book on diseases of men. Enclose stamps for reply to your letter. Call on or address DR. BOWES & CO.,
21½ Marietta, St., Atlanta, Ga.

References: Constitution, Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.
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SOLID PIECES OF Sterling ** Silver

Inlaid in the backs of

SPOONS * * AND FORKS

At Points Most Exposed to Wear AND THEN

PLATED FOUR TIMES AS HEAVY AS Standard Plate.

WARRANTED
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WILL LAST A LIFETIME.
MORE DURABLE THAN LIGHT
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AND NOT
HALF THE COST.

EACH ARTICLE IS STAMPED

"P. STERLING INLAID 'H. P.'"

A full line of the above goods can be seen at
No. 45 Peachtree St.
DOBBS WEY & CO.,
SPECIAL AGENTS.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF the Court of Ordinary, of Thomas county, Georgia, I will sell at public outcry, before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, on the first Tuesday in January, 1891, within the legal hours of sale, the following lot of parcel of land, belonging to the estate of S. Alexander Smith, deceased, towit: Lot No. (121) one hundred and twenty-four, in the (Fourteenth) district of said county, containing two hundred (202½) and two and one-half acres, more or less.

Terms of sale, cash. S. L. HAYES,



CORNER DECATUR AND PRYOR STREETS.

SPECIAL Holiday Announcement.

We will give a discount of 10 per cent off on all our

DINNER SETS

From now until New Year's day. The largest variety of Dinner Sets in the city.

L. A. MUELLER

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY, December 26, 27. MATINEE, Saturday at 2.

The Prosperous Fun-Makers of a Nation,

HENSHAW and TEN BROECK,

And their company of faultless comedians, singers and dancers, presenting the Merrimental Comedy,

"THE NABOBS."

An Operatic Extravaganza, Brimfull of

ALL THAT IS NEW, THAT IS ORIGINAL, THAT IS FUNNY.

And all that is Sparkling and Taking in the Fun-Makers' World, and containing

More and Sweeter Music,
More and Prettier Songs,
More and Brighter Funnyisms,
More and Handsomer Costumes, and
More and Heartier Laughs,

Than any other Comedy yet seen. Nothing but Rollicking Fun from start to finish.

dec-21, 24, 25, 26, 27.

Dr. J. Charles Harrison

Has concluded his lectures at DeGive's opera house, but remains at Folsom's European hotel until Saturday, December 27th.

CONSULTATION FREE DAILY.

Diseases of Men a Specialty.

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We sell the Constitution, and refer to them.
1yr

AN ORDINANCE TO REQUIRE FIRE ESCAPES on certain buildings for the safety and protection of human life.

Be it ordained by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same that, it being necessary for the safety and protection of human life.

Section 1. That all buildings in said city three stories or more in height, not including basements, used as a factory, workshop, lodge room, hotel, boarding house, public hall, or sleeping place, or apartment, shall have thereon suitable and substantial fire escapes of the following character and material. Brackets must not be less than 1½x1¾ inches, wrought iron, placed edgewise, or 1¾ inch angle iron, well braced, and not more than 3 feet apart, and the braces to brackets must be not less ¾ inch square, wrought iron, and must extend two-thirds of the width of the respective brackets or balconies. In all cases the brackets must go through the wall, and be turned down 3inches.

Brackets on new buildings must be set as the walls are being built. When brackets are to be put on old houses, the part going through the wall shall not be less than one inch in diameter, with screw nuts and washers, not less than 5 inches square and ½ inch thick.

Top rails.—The top rail of balcony must be 1¾x1½ inch, wrought iron, and in all cases must go through the walls, and must be secured by nuts and 4-inch washers, at least ¾ inch thick.

Bottom Rails.—Bottom rails must be 1¼ x ⅝ inch, wrought iron, well leaded into the wall. In frame buildings the top rails must go through the studding and be secured on the inside by washers and nuts as above.

Filling-in Bars.—The filling-in bars must be not less than ½ inch round or square, wrought iron, placed not more than 6 inches from centers, and well riveted to the top and botton rails.

Stairs.—The stairs, in all cases, must not be less than 18 inches wide, and constructed of ¼x3½ inch wrought iron sides or strings. Steps to be ⅝ inch round iron, double rungs, ⅞x3 inch flat iron, and well riveted to the strings. The stairs must be secured to a bracket on top, and rest on and be secured to a bracket or extra cross bar at the bottom. All stairs must have a ¾ inch handrail of wrought iron, well braced.

Floors.—The flooring of balconies must be of wrought iron 1¼x¾ inch slats placed not over 1¼ inches apart, and secured to iron buttons 1½x⅝ inch, not over 3 feet apart and riveted at the intersection. The opening for stairways in all balconies shall not be less than 14 inches wide and 30 inches long.

Drop Ladders.—Drop ladders from lower balconies where required shall not be less than 14 inches wide, and shall be 1½x⅜ inch sides and ⅝ inch rungs of wrought iron. In no case shall the ends of balconies extend more than 9 inches over the brackets.

The height of railing around balconies shall not be less than 2 feet 9 inches. A balcony must be at each story.

Sec. 2. The chief of the fire department and building inspectors shall constitute a board of fire escapes, and no fire escape will be accepted without their approval, and they shall have authority to decide the number and location of all fire escapes on buildings.

Sec. 3. This ordinance shall be published in two daily papers for 15 days, then it shall be the duty of the owners of all buildings coming under the requirements of this ordinance to have placed on said building within ninety (90) days after said advertisement, such fire escapes as are required.

Should any owner, agent or tenant in possession of any such building, fail within the time specified in said advertisement to have fire escapes placed on any building as provided for by this ordinance, he or she shall be subject to a fine of not exceeding $100 and costs, and to be imprisoned not exceeding thirteen days, either or both in the discretion of the court, and for each month thereafter until said ordinance shall be complied with. Such owner, agent or tenant in possession shall be subject to the same penalties as aforesaid.

Sec. 4. After fire escapes have been placed on any building as aforesaid in compliance with the provisions of this ordinance and the same shall become unsafe or in need of change or repair in order to make the same safe, the chief or acting chief of the fire department shall serve notice to make such change within ten days and in case of failure of any owner to have such change or repairs made within the time and as required by the notice, he shall for such failure be subject to the same penalty provided in this ordinance to place fire escapes in the first instance.

Sec. 5. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in

For the Three Days

Preceding Christmas you will be busy looking for a Christmas present. How about an Overcoat? If not an Overcoat isn't a suit the thing you want? Examine my immense line of Mufflers, all prices, from 50c up. Neckwear in the greatest profusion. Fine Umbrellas, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc. In fact a great many useful things suitable for Christmas presents for young and old.

GEORGE MUSE,

CLOTHIER

38 Whitehall St.

EVERYTHING

GOES AT

COST.

MEN'S SUITS,

Men's Overcoats, BOYS' SUITS.

We are determined to sell our stock. Come and bring the cash, and buy the

Best Clothing

In Atlanta, without PROFIT to us. We mean it.

E. & A. C. BEALL.

10 Marietta St.

oct 11—d 1y

"STOP THAT COUGH."



CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

Has no equal as a remedy for Coughs and Colds.

A Thorough Croup Preventive.

Colonel T. C. Howard, Atlanta, Ga.: "I have used it in my family, and give it a most cordial endorsement."

Rev. J. T. Edens, formerly pastor of Baptist church, Covington, Ga.: "A few drops of Cheney's Expectorant have given perfect relief to my child when threatened with a severe case of croup."

It Is Pleasant to Take.

For sale by all druggists.
Price 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle.
Prepared by JOHN B. DANIEL,
30 Wall Street,
Atlanta, Ga.

THE LEADERS!

B. & B.

WHOLESALE

FINE WHISKIES.

A very select stock of rare old Rye and Bourbon Whiskies always on hand. Choice foreign Wines, Liquors, etc., a specialty with us. Correspondence solicited.

Bluthenthal & Bickart,

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO



COMMENCING MONDAY.

DECEMBER 15th,

We Will Sell Our

WINTER CLOTHING

—AT THE—

FOLLOWING REDUCED PRICES,

Come Early

—AND—

MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS.

Men's suits reduced from $15 to $10.
" " " " $18 to $14.
" " " " $20 to $15.
" " " " $24 to $18.
Men's Overcoats reduced from $10 to $6.
" " " " $15 to $10.
" " " " $20 to $15.
" " " " $25 to $18.
Children's Suits, age 4 to 14, reduced from $4 to $2.50.
Children's Suits, age 4 to 14, reduced from $5 to $3.50.
Children's Suits, age 4 to 14, reduced from $7 to $5.00.
Children's Suits, age 4 to 14, reduced from $9 to $6.00.
Youth's Suits, age 14 to 18, reduced from $9 to $6.
Youth's Suits, age 14 to 18, reduced from $12 to $8.
Youth's Suits, age 14 to 18, reduced from $15 to $18.

Boys' and Children's Overcoats

—AT—

Your Own Prices This Week

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

41 Whitehall Street.

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. BECH

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

Real Estate Offers.

Ormewood Park lots are offered to persons who will build houses to cost not less than $1,000 on the easiest and most liberal terms of any property on the market. We require a payment of only $100 and will give as long as five years on the balance at 8 per cent interest. The lots are from one-half to three acres each in size and there is no more desirable suburban property about the city. The Dummy line runs through Ormewood park and we can give a lot fronting it if you wish.

Lots high, level and shady.

Beautiful drive into the city. Call and get a plat and examine the property. It will pay you.

$7,250 for the choice of W. Peachtree street, 963 190 feet, facing the beautiful Peters Park property. It lies high and is covered with beautiful oak grove, street paved, water and gas in front of lot. It is very choice.

$1,800 for beautiful Spring street lot 54x160 feet to 10-foot alley. Street in front paved and has on it water, gas and sewer. No better neighborhood in the city, and electric cars only one block.

$6,000 buys the cheapest central corner lot on the market. It is 102x100 feet to 10-foot alley. Lies well. All city improvements in front of it and paid for. Only one block from Peachtree and in just the locality where it would pay handsomely to improve for renting purposes. Liberal terms.

$900 for vacant lot 54x110 feet on Formwalt street near Richardson. Nicely graded. Only one block from dummy. Strictly first-class locality. Easy terms.

$5,000 for a 2-story, 9-room residence on lot 72x120 feet. Water and gas. Convenient to Whitehall street and in first-class neighborhood.

$1,000 for beautiful Capitol avenue lot 50x250 feet running to another street, making two good lots. Elevated, shady and level. Very cheap.

$200 per acre for beautiful 25-acre tract with front of 600 feet on Howell Mill road, four and one-quarter miles from the center of the city. All covered with heavy oak grove. Beautiful building site. First-class surroundings. Easy terms. A good investment.

Jones ave., 5-r cottage, lot 50x112 feet, $2,000.

6 acres, West End, Gordon st., dummy line, new 8-r, 2-story residence, stable, servants' house, orchards, grove of oaks, $15,000. Will exchange for cottage home in Atlanta not to cost over $4,000 to $5,000.

Simpson and Fowler st. lot, 105x217 feet, at $2,100

S. Bell st., 4 r house, ½ lot 40x70 feet, north of Hunter st., $1,200.

E. Fair st., 9-r residence and two 2-r houses in rear, lot 46x210 feet, gas, water, $6,000.

Angier ave. lot, 72x250 feet, next rear of Judge Hopkins, for $2,600.

Gilmer st., 6-r house and 4-r house on lot 25x200 feet, $3,500.

Randolph and Lawshe lot, 50x154 feet, for $400.

5 acres Flat Shoals road, with 350 feet front thereon 2-r farm cottage, good well and fence, $2,000. Near McPherson monument.

W. Baker st., 4-r cottage on lot 50x200 feet, with 3-r house in rear on same lot, $2,100.

Whitehall st., 7 rs and kitchen, gas, lot 59x200 feet $5,500.

Rare investments in acreage property on the Fulton County electric line.

Central railroad acreage property, very choice, this side of Anthony Murphy's home place.

West End Lee st. lots, 50x200 feet, at $1,000 each near the Culberson store.

Choice new 8-r, 2-story, modern house, between the Peachtree streets, $8,750.

Edgewood park lots for $450 to $1,000.

5 acres at Edgewood, between Inman park and Edgewood park, and Edgewood ave. through it in the near future.

14 acres for $14,000 on electric line and Ponce de Leon ave.

Calhoun st., 8-r and 2-r cottages, between E. Harris and Cain st., $1,800.

8 lots McMillan st., near Marietta st., $1,750.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobaccos, Snuff, Wines and Liquors

CIDER, ALE, PORTER, BEER, DEMIJOHNS FLASKS, CORKS AND OTHER GOODS BELONGING TO THE WINE AND SPIRIT TRADE.

Fine Wines, Whiskies and Brandies a specialty in this line. Also Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and other Ammunitions. Red Clover, Blue, Orchard, Herds and Timothy Grass Seeds; also Ruta Baga, Seven Top, Purple Top, Flat Dutch, White and Yellow Globe, Aberdeen, Cow Horn, German, Sweet and other brands of Turnip Seed. German Kale and other Fall, Field and Garden Seeds. Fresh and Genuine, and true to name. Empty barrels, half barrels and kegs and a variety of other goods. Prices reasonable. TERMS

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MADDOX.—Died, at the family residence, early Tuesday morning, Mrs. Maddox, wife of Colonel R. F. Maddox. The funeral of Mrs. Maddox will take place from the First M. E. church at 11 o'clock this morning. Interment at Oakland. Friends of the family are invited to attend. The pallbearers will be Messrs. D. N. Speer, George M. Traylor, Hugh T. Inman, William H. Hulsey, W. L. Peel, George Winship, Isaac S. Boyd, W. L. Calhoun.



OPEN UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK TO-NIGHT.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 161½ Whitehall St.



PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.

GOLD SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES, And Gold Eye-Glass Chains for the Holiday Trade. Beautiful designs and large stock. Will gladly exchange after gift is presented if desired.
FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE,
Ophthalmic Opticians,
58 Old Capitol Building, opposite Postoffice.

SCHENCK'S



PULMONIC SYRUP

Fifty years of success is sufficient evidence of the value of Schencks Pulmonic Syrup as a cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness Sore-Throat &c. It contains no opium; is pleasant to the taste.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle. Dr. Schenck's Book on Consumption and its Cure, mailed free. Address
Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia.

SANTA CLAUS

CONTINUES TO SEND

NEW XMAS GIFTS

TO HIS EMPORIUM AT

W. B. GLOVER'S,

— 104 WHITEHALL STREET. —

READ HIS LIST OF

TOYS, PLUSH GOODS, Etc.

Novelties in brass, latest styles and designs.
Gents' Traveling Cases in leather.
Gents' Shaving Cases in leather or plush.
Handsome Books of Etchings and Engravings.
Elegant Photograph Albums in leather and plush.
Elegant Family Bibles, full padded morocco.

Unframed pictures	from 50c to	$10 00
Toilet sets	from 75c to	20 00
Shaving cases	from 75c to	10 00
Work boxes	from 75c to	10 00
Albums	from 75c to	10 00
Manicure cases	from 50c to	15 00
Gift Books and Booklets	from 25c to	10 00
Dolls of all styles	from 5c to	5 00
Doll Carriages	from 75c to	2 00
Doll Pianos	from 75c to	5 00
Doll Trunks	from 75c to	2 50
Doll Cribs and Beadsteads	from 35c to	1 50
Doll Chairs	from 35c to	1 00
Doll Tea Sets	from 10c to	2 00
Wagons	from 75c to	7 50
Games of all kinds	from 5c to	5 00

W. B. GLOVER,

104 Whitehall St., Cor. Mitchell.
dec14-dt-dec26

A. J. WEST. H. F. WEST.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

Real Estate and Loans,

1 Pryor St. Kimball House—Telephone 103.

38 ACRES PEACHTREE ROAD AT BUCKHead, $3,000.
10 acres 1 mile south of Kirkwood, on the new dummy line to Decatur, $3,000.
76 acres 4 miles from carshed $125 per acre.
88 acres 3½ miles from carshed, $225 per acre.
47 acres North Atlanta, near Peachtree, $425 per acre.
50-acre farm, Clarkston, Ga. R. R., $1,500.
Choice home lots West Peachtree, $50 per front foot.
Choicest lots left on Peachtree, $100 per front foot.
5-room house, Spring street, $2,000.
83x200, 6-room house, West Peachtree, $3,500.
145x330, Peachtree street, $14,500.
Here is a chance to make a lot for a nice home clear—a lovely shaded tract, fenced—West Peachtree, will make four large lots, all for $10,000; three of them if sold separately will bring the money.
2-story brick store, Marietta street, corner, $4,000.
8 acres, Emmett street, city limits, $8,000.
8 handsome Ponce de Leon avenue lots, next to Dr. Hobbs's beautiful home, cheap.
10 acres West End, $10,000.
10 acres, between East Point and Hapeville, on Central R. R., $3,000.
We have all classes of property, vacant and improved, city and country, timber and mineral. To make money for our customers is to make money and reputation for ourselves. Our experience and knowledge of Atlanta property enables us to do this, as every man with whom we have dealt will testify. Bring in your list of property you wish sold in time to get benefit of our new year's plan of advertising. Mr. Walker Dunson, of the Atlanta Trust and Banking, will be with us from the 1st of January, next.
A. J. WEST & CO.

Exceptional Values

can be found in gold-headed canes and umbrellas. Our stock embraces the very newest shapes in handles. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

THIS IS NEWSBOYS' DAY

THE CHRISTMAS TREE AND DINNER AT 1 O'CLOCK.

The Newsboys Will Meet at The Constitution Office at 12 O'clock—The Arrangements for Today.

This is the day for the newsboy's Christmas tree and dinner, and both will be ready at 1 o'clock.

The presents began coming in yesterday morning, and we hope to have them all in by 10 o'clock this morning. The contributors are doing handsomely both in quantity and quality. Several who had agreed to send a half dozen presents sent a dozen, and one firm who agreed to send twelve articles sent twenty-eight.

The presents actually booked were about enough to go round twice, but from the full measure coming in we hope there will be three or four for each boy.

In addition to articles already contributed several new contributions came in yesterday. Early in the morning Mr. D. E. Luther, the popular southern agent for Cassell & Co., sent a note to Mr. Clark Howell, offering a dozen story books for the boys. Mrs. Augustus May sent in a handsome budget of good things, including an unusually handsome checkerboard, several pairs of gloves, several pocket knives, games and a unique money bank made in the form of a house with a kicking mule, that goes through an acrobatic performance every time the spotted dog comes out from under the crib.

The presents so far received are nearly all useful articles, but in great variety. There are such things as scarfs, purses to hold the nickels which a newsboy needs to make change, etc.

Send Your Presents Early This Morning.

It will be hard for the deputy Santa Clauses to collect everything by an early hour this morning and every contributor who can possibly do so is requested to send his presents to THE CONSTITUTION office the first thing when he goes down town this morning. It is important that this be done early, for it will take several hours to arrange and distribute the presents, and the tree must be ready by 1 o'clock, sharp.

The Programme.

Newsboys are not much on programme. They don't believe in red tape. Nevertheless, they like to see a thing done well, and they will be glad to see some of their friends present and hear a few of them talk—after dinner. There must't be any words wasted until that is over. The speeches must be few and short—none longer than five minutes.

The friends of the newsboys are cordially invited to be present and witness the good time. It will be a delightful thing to see 250 boys made uproariously happy.

The Newsboys.

The newsboys names are on file in the headquarters of Santa Claus. They are expected to appear at THE CONSTITUTION office at noon, receive tickets and be organized in companies, so that they may march to their respective halls in good order. They will be divided into companies, each in charge of one of the older newsboys, and all directed by Mr. Fred Allen, THE CONSTITUTION circulation manager, whom they all know.

The Colored Newsboys.

Great preparations will be made for the colored newsboys at Mystic hall, where their Christmas tree and dinner will be in charge of Carrie Steele, ably assisted by some of her colored friends.

Bishop Turner, who is interested in every good work, has been requested to be present and make the boys a short talk. The other colored ministers and friends of the newsboys are invited, and a royal time is expected.

Nervous debility, poor memory, diffidence, sexual weakness, pimples, opium habit cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists, by mail 10 cents. Miles Med., Co., Elkhart, Ind.

NOTICE

To All Parties Who Contemplate Going to Louisiana or Texas.

The Queen and Crescent route is the shortest, quickest, cheapest and best line to all points west. I do not ask you to look at our map to prove to you that our line is the shortest. You can take the map of all other lines leading to Texas and you will see that they give us almost an air-line from Atlanta to Fort Worth, Tex., passing through Birmingham, Meridian, Vicksburg and Shreveport, or New Orleans. This line being the shortest, of course it is the quickest, and it being the quickest, you know it is the cheapest, and being the cheapest it is the best line.

Why, just think of this, only two changes of cars Atlanta to Fort Worth, Tex., on all of our regular trains. The Queen and Crescent route makes special low rates to all emigrants moving west. Emigrants going this line are put in first-class coaches, baggage checked through to destination. One hundred and fifty pounds of baggage checked free with each whole ticket; seventy-five pounds to each half ticket. Agents of this line will meet emigrants at the nearest railroad station with through tickets and through check, and will accompany them to Atlanta and see that they are put on the fast limited train for the west. Parties desiring information, such as maps, books and time cards, also county maps of Arkansas and Texas, and all other information, can obtain same by writing to or calling on S. C. RAY,
So. East. Pass. Agent Queen and Cresent Route,
17 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. dec 16 dtf

Almost Countless.

The variety of articles especially suitable for holiday presents at our store. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

Too Many Stiff Hats.

We must clear them out. For one week we'll sell for cash any stiff hat in the store at our regular price less 20 per cent. Come at once. Business. A. O. M. Gay & Son, Hatters, 18 Whitehall street. dec 16 dtf 10p

Plush parlor suites only $25 this morning at Snook's great clearing out sales; 2,000 fancy chairs just opened; beautiful designs; half price. 3t

A Splendid Opportunity to See Gorgeous St. Augustine and Matchless Ponce de Leon.

There will be a charity ball given in Ponce de Leon hotel on the evening of January 8th, on which occasion that peerless hostelry will be thrown upen to the public. The rate from all points on the E. T., V. & G. Ry. to St. Augustine and return will be only one fare for the round trip, tickets to be sold on January 7th and good for five days. When you consider the privileges that will be allowed on that occasion in this queen of all hotels, you will readily see the importance of taking advantage of these low rates. Leave Atlanta 7 o'clock p. m., arrive St. Augustine following morning.
B. W. WREEN, General Passenger Agent.
CHAS. N. KIGHT, A. G. P. A.
Atlanta, Ga.
dec24d3t

Perfect Map showing World's Fair site, 13 cents. Chicago Map Co., 4 LaSalle avenue, Chicago.

The largest assortment of useful Xmas presents at Snook's great clearance sale. Everything must be sold. Parlor suits, chamber suites, dining room suits, half price. Nothing like them anywhere in the south. Must be sold. 3

Special Scarf Sale.

For one week. Don't persuade yourself, it's just as well to come later. Come later and fare well, come now and fare better. A. O. M. Gay & Son, 18 Whitehall. dec 16-dtf.

Your Eyes.

Remember that we employ one of the best opticians in the south, and are prepared to fit the most difficult cases of weak and defective eyesight. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

Diamonds! Diamonds!

Buy your diamonds from us; you will get good value for the amount you invest. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street.

25 folding beds at half price at this great clearance sale—a beautiful Xmas present. P. H. Snook. 3t

Elegant and Expensive.

We have an elegant stock of expensive goods; also the cheapest trustworthy goods obtainable. One point we must emphasize: Our prices are unquestionably the lowest. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street.

Don't fail to visit P. H. Snook's furniture warerooms this morning at the beginning of his great clearance sale. The stock is the finest ever shown in Atalnta. You can buy useful Xmas presents at half price. 3t

Wonders

Are wrought by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor in restoring gray hair to its original color, promoting a new growth, preventing the hair from falling, keeping it soft, silky, and abundant, and the scalp cool, healthy, and free from dandruff or humors. The universal testimony is that this preparation has no equal as a dressing, and is, therefore, indispensable to every well-furnished toilet.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for some time and it has worked wonders for me. I was troubled with dandruff and was rapidly becoming bald; but since using the Vigor my head is perfectly clear of dandruff, the hair has ceased coming out, and I now have a good growth, of the same color as when I was a young woman. I can heartily recommend any one suffering from dandruff or loss of hair to use Ayer's Hair Vigor as a dressing."—Mrs. Lydia O. Moody, East Pittston, Me.

"Some time ago my wife's hair began to come out quite freely.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

not only prevented my wife from becoming bald, but it also caused an entirely new growth of hair. I am ready to certify to this statement before a justice of the peace."—H. Hulsebus, Lewisburgh, Iowa.

"Some years ago, after a severe attack of brain fever, my hair all came out. I used such preparations for restoring it as my physicians ordered, but failed to produce a growth of hair. I then tried, successively, several articles recommended by druggists, and all alike fell short of accomplishing the desired result. The last remedy I applied was Ayer's Hair Vigor, which brought a growth of hair in a few weeks. I think I used eight bottles in two years; more than was necessary as a restorative, but I liked it as a dressing, and have continued to use it for that purpose. I believe Ayer's Hair Vigor possesses virtues far above those of any similar preparation now on the market."—Vincent Jones, Richmond, Ind.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

DRINK EXCELSIOR SPRINGS MO. "Regent" WATERS "Sulpho-Saline"
Nature's Tonic, Diuretic and Uric Solvent.
SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES BY
HOYT & THORN, Agents, 90 Whitehall St.
sep20—d3m sat tues wed n rm

Woodward & Mountain

36 & 38 W. Alabama St.,

(Maddox, Rucker & Co. Bank Building.)

Real Estate Dealers.

We handle no property except that which we own as a whole or in part, or that which we absolutely control. If you want to deal with principals, call on us. If you have good property for sale, it will pay you to place it in our hands. We are building the electric line to West End and McPherson Barracks, and own or control nearly all the property contiguous to the line that is for sale. We control more good investment property than any house in the city.

We offer 356 acres along the route of the New Belt Line, now being surveyed, between Van Winkle's and the Central railroad. This will pay 200 per cent inside of two years.

20 lots on Piedmont avenue and Myrtle street, north of Ponce de Leon avenue. Choice property.

134 lots in Arlington Heights, on Green's Ferry avenue, between Chestnut and Ashby streets. Capitalists can double their money on above within six months.

32 lots fronting the electric line in the south part of the city.

A choice vacant lot, nicely shaded, on West Peachtree, near North avenue, 94x190. This fronts Peters park.

50 lots on East Fair street dummy line—"very cheap."

29 acres fronting the Barracks Electric line, in lots of from 4 to 10 acres.

30 choice lots in Ormwood park, at low prices to home-seekers.

We have lots and acreage everywhere and for all classes of people.

Come to see us.

nov6-dly-Sp WOODWARD & MOUNTAIN.

BROWN & WATSON,

REAL ESTATE

14 E. Alabama Street.

We want a five-room house on south side of city to rent for about $12 per month.

We want any bargains you may have to offer in city subruban property. We offer the following:

$1500—Handsome lot on Merritt's avenue, near Peachtree—a snap.

$2000 per acre, near Highland avenue.

$1000 per lot on South Pryor street, very handsome, 52x150.

$6000—76x330 with good house, on Ponce de Leon.

$100 per lot near Van Winkle's; lot 50x180.

$750 per acre on Angier Springs road, two miles from carshed.

$5500—Two stores on Wheat street, rented and paying good interest.

$4500—110x501, McAfee and Fowler streets, south of Technological school; a bargain.

Phosphate lands—a large tract of Florida phosphate lands, thoroughly tested and desirable. Correspondence solicited.

A long list of investment property paying 12 to 16 per cent. List your property with us, and we will advertise—sell it for you.

BROWN & WATSON,

14 EAST ALABAMA STREET.

dec 14-d1y.

G. W. ADAIR-AUCTIONEER

Central 12-Room House With Large Lot.

I WILL SELL BEFORE THE COURTHOUSE door, on Tuesday, 6th January, 1891, at 11 o'clock, sharp, a lot on Ivy street, fronting 55 feet and extending back 252 feet, upon which is a 3-story, 12-room, brick house, known as Nos. 231 and 233.

This property is very central; close to Peachtree street, and is in every way desirable for a home or for an investment.

I will sell it absolutely for what it will bring. Titles perfect. Terms: Half cash, balance 12 months, with 8 per cent.

Call and examine the property and attend the sale.

G. W. ADAIR.

ANSLEY BROS.,

REAL ESTATE.

$1600—GEORGIA AVENUE LOT, 50x150, between Crew and Washington. One of the cheapest.
$900—Cooper street lot, 50x160, near Crumley.
$3,000—2 beautiful Forest avenue lots, 53½x150.
$2,650—Courtland avanue lot, 50x200, near Forest avenue.
$2,500—Jackson street lot, 50x150. Cheap.
$2,000—Calhoun street, 5-room house and lot.
$7,000—Elegant central corner lot, 75x100.
$1,700—Orange street 5-room house and lot.
$1,250—Capitol avenue lot, 50x250; shaded. Cheap.
$1,550—Pulliam street lot. A big bargain.
$4,200—69½x175, on Boulevard. A beauty.
$1,500—60-foot front lot on Boulevard. Cheap.
$3,000—Whshington street corner lot, 60x150.
$5,000—Beautiful West Peachtree lot, well located.
$5,000—9-room house and corner lot, Courtland avenue.
$6,000—6-room West Harris street house and lot.
$6,000—6-room Luckie street house and lot. Large lot.
$750—Ormond street lot, near Capitol avenue.
$5,600—House, 8 rooms and lot, Ellis, near Peachtree.
$5,500—West Peachtree house and lot, near in.
$1,800—Pine street lot, near Courtland.
$4,500—Walker street 8-room house and lot.

DECATUR PROPERTY.

$2,500—5-room house and acre lot, near depot.
$4,500—11½ acres and 5-room cottage, near Georgia railroad, and in town of Decatur.
$6,000—Elegant grape farm, just below Decatur, in ½ mile of railroad station.
$3,000—20 acres land in 100 feet of railroad, just out of corporate limits.
$3,000—56 acres north of Decatur, about ½ mile. Fine orchard and grapes.
$250 per acre—land this side Decatur, near railroad. Property sold adjoining at $416 acre. Office, 10 East Alabama street.

A. J. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.
SCOTT & LIEBMAN,
Real Estate and Renting Agents, 20 Peachtree Street—Telephone 1075.

$8000 FOR 100x200 CLOSE IN, ON WEST Peachtree street.
$4,500 for 50x245 to 10 foot alley, on Washington street. Five years time to pay for it.
$4,000 for 3½ acres, on Lambert and Johns streets.
$2,500 for 100x175 on North avenue, running back to Inman avenue.
$5,500 for a 13-room brick house, lot 60x210, on Butler street.
$2,100 for two small houses, corner, lot 100x100, Georgia avenue.
$2,100 for a 4-room house, on nice lot, on North avenue.
$2,500 for factory and buildings, lot 148x72, on Ellis street.
$3,200 for 14-room house, on lot 60x110, with alley, on Plum street.
$1,500 for 5-room house, lot 65x150, on Gilmore street.
$325 gets lot 40x85, on McDonald street, near S. Boulevard.
$1,500 gets store, 3 and 2-room house, lot 49x130, on Plum street.
$4,000 gets 6-room house, nearly one acre ground, fronting Ga. R. R. and Tennell street.
$1,100 for new 3-room house, lot 120x140, on Longley avenue.
$3,500 gets 4-room house, lot 50x100, on Spring street.
$8,500 gets 9-room house, lot 70x210, on Houston street. Easy terms.
$5,000 gets 8-room house, lot 72x152, on Ivy street.
$850 for 3-room house, lot 50x120, on Mays street.
$850 gets 3-room house, lot 50x100, on Emma street.
$1,500 for a 3 and 4-room house, lot 100x100, on Tennell street.
$1,200 for 2 and 4-room house, lot 50x130, on Howell street.
$640 for 3-room house, lot 34x142, on Valentine street.

Call to see us; we always take pleasure in showing the property we have on our books.
SCOTT & LIEBMAN, No. 20 Peachtree St.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,

No 5 S. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

In a week or two the usual influx of northern people will begin to arrive, and from advices the number of investors much larger than usual. The people of the northern and eastern states are rapidly turning their attention to the great opportunities offered capital in the south, and Atlanta being the center of greatest development, we confidently anticipate a large movement in real estate during the coming months.

Those who may wish to dispose of their property, if they will favor us with description and price, will have it advertised free of charge and exceptional opportunities of disposing of it. All classes of real estate are in demand, especially acreage and desirable houses.

We offer the following bargains:

38½ acres 3 miles from center of city, close to belt line, $3,500.

6 lots on Calhoun street, fine shade and graded, $35 per foot.

10 lots on Myrtle street, adjoining above, $20 per foot. These are the choicest residence lots on the market at the price offered.

5 acres near McPherson barracks and close to electric line, lays beautifully, $2,250.

47 acres close to Peachtree road and belt line $425 per acre.

Grist mill, cotton gin, water power, 3-room dwelling, 10 acres land, 10 miles from city and near railroad, $1,200.

Mr. H. C. Pendleton has charge of city property list and will be pleased to show customers anything they may want in that line, and will consider it a favor if his friends will call upon him.
ROBERT MILLER, Manager. L. McINTOSH WARD, Secretary and Treasurer

NOTICE!

REAL ESTATE CHANGE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE THIRD INterest of William A. Sprague, in the real estate and renting business of B. S. Drake & Co., we will hereafter conduct the business under the firm name of Drake & Owens. We have, what we consider a bargain, in the way of a fruit farm and vineyard, consisting of thirty acres, a portion of which lies within the incorporate limits of Hawkinsville, Ga.; six acres in scuppernong grapes, five acres in Le Conte pears, 300 wild goose plum trees; also, peaches, apples, figs, apricots, mulberries, pecans, etc. The improvements are: New 5-room house, kitchen and servants' house, wine house and barn, stables, etc. Call for price and fuller description.

$1,500 for 2 3-room cottages on electric line; now renting for $180 per annum; buy these.

$5,000 lot, 78x135, between the two Peachtrees, on North avenue.

$8,500 will buy a modern home on Luckie street; close in; 7 rooms; one-half cash.

$2,000—New 6-room house, Stonewall street.

$6,000—Come and see what we offer in the way of 10 cottages on a lot, 235x360 feet, fronting on Hunnicutt, Mills and Parker streets, near West Peachtree; pays about $660 per annum.

$4,500—We have a neat house on Baker street, near electric line on Courtland avenue; 6 rooms.

$3,150—North avenue, 106x163, 4-room cottage; well shaded, stables, etc.

We have 3 4-room cottages on Magnolia street and 5 lots adjoining that there is a spec in, as party is anxious to sell.

Big bargains in lots at West End. Come in and see us about them. We have a rushing demand for all classes of property for rent, and all who have vacant property should place it in our hands

DRAKE & OWENS,

5 West Alabama St.

INSTRUCTION.

SOUTHERN SCHOOL OF

SHORT-HAND!

18 E. HUNTER ST., ATLANTA, GA.

We have a special teacher for our Typewriting Department. We teach everything necessary to a practical writer. Our pupils read their notes with ease. Our system (Graham's) is the most popular in the United States. We have had from one to three applications daily, for competent stenographers. We have pupils located in all parts of the United States and in Mexico. Demand for shorthand writers increasing continuously. We have the most elegant and commodious quarters in the south. Classes day and night. We make no charge for obtaining positions for our pupils. Send for catalogue.

A. C. BRISCOE, Manager.
L. W. ARNOLD, Assistant Manager.
MISS ALICE TULLER, Principal Type writing Department.

CRICHTON'S

Short-hand School

49 Whitehall St., Atlanta.

If you want to learn shorthand, the first thing to be done is to select a school; one that has some standing; remembering always, that idle boasts are easily made, but teaching shorthand is an art, a science, a business.

Examine carefully into the claims of teachers and select one as carefully as you would a physician.

Our catalogue will be sent free to any address, and if we do not prove that we are capable of meeting your requirements you have lost nothing whatever.

HIRSCH BROS.,

Holiday Clothing Sale.

Only two weeks more before Christmas, and stock taking time, and until then Clothing is going to move at a lively gate. Never before have we been in such fine trim for a big holiday business and we are having it. Come around and bring the boys with you. Our Prices are interesting.

OVERCOATS REDUCED.	MEN'S SUITS REDUCED.	BOYS' SUITS REDUCED.	CHILDREN'S SUITS REDUCED.

HIRSCH BROS.,
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

SCIPLE SONS,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CEMENT FIRE BRICK FIRE CLAY FIRE CLAY FLUE LINING STOVE LINING DRAIN PIPE STOVE FLUES SEWER PIPE PLASTER PARIS MARBLE DUST CHIMNEY TOPS COAL LIME

OFFICE, NO. 8 LOYD; YARDS, CORNER FAIR STREET AND C. R. R.

GEO. S. BROWN, President. BARRINGTON J. KING, Sec. and Treas

THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMP'NY



Manufacturers and Dealers in

Mill Supplies, Machinery, Tools, WROUGHT IRON PIPE, Fitting and Brass Goods.

Agents for "Gilbert" Wood Split Pulleys. All sizes in Stock.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PASSENGER SCHEDULE GEORGIA SOUTHERN AND FLORIDA RAILROAD
Suwanee River route to Florida. Taking effect November 2, 1890. Standard time, 30th meridian.

GOING SOUTH.				GOING NORTH.	
2 15 p m	6 55 a m	Leave	Atlanta	Arrive	10 10 p m / 11 00 a m
6 15 p m	10 53 a m	Arrive	Macon	Leave	5 55 p m / 7 00 a m
7 00 p m	11 00 a m	Leave	Macon	Arrive	5 32 p m / 6 38 a m
9 36 p m	2 02 p m	Arrive	Cordele	Arrive	2 52 p m / 4 08 a m
11 02 p m	3 23 p m	Arrive	Tifton	Arrive	1 25 p m / 2 27 a m
12 50 a m	5 01 p m	Arrive	Valdosta	Arrive	11 55 a m / 12 50 p m
2 55 a m	7 06 p m	Arrive	Lake City	Arrive	9 45 a m / 10 22 p m
6 25 a m	8 90 p m	Arrive	Jacksonville	Leave	7 30 a m / 7 05 a m
5 50 a m	10 15 p m	Arrive	Palatka	Arrive	6 45 a m / 7 10 p m
10 10 a m	.....	Arrive	St. Augustine	Leave	..... / 3 30 p m

Trains arrive and depart from union depots in Macon and Palatka and F. C. & P. depot at Jacksonville. Pullman sleeping cars on night trains. Connection northbound and southbound is made in Macon, with trains of Central and E. T., V. & G. railroads.
A. C. KNAPP, Traffic Manager. J. T. HOGUE, General Passenger Agent. L. J. HARRIS, Ticket Agent, Union Depot.
HENRY BURNS, C. T. and P. A. No. 516, Mulberry St., Macon, Ga.
C. C. RODES, Jr., Soliciting Agent, 6 Kimball Block, Atlanta, Ga.
L. C. CONOVA, C. T. A. R. T. RICHD, A. P. A. gent, Union Depot, Palatka, Fla.
JAMES MENZIES, Southeastern Agent, 98 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla.

FIREWORKS!

Don't buy your Fireworks before seeing our immense stock.

BEERMANN & SILVERMAN.

THE MAN THAT WAITED IS LUCKY!

We are manufacturers and can therefore bring fine Clothing to Atlanta and present it to the retail trade at lower prices than any one else. All the middleman's profit is saved. That goes to you.

Ordinarily you buy things here at 10 per cent to 20 per cent cheaper than elsewhere. The logic is clear, the fact is plain.

To add extra zest and increased impetus to December's closing days, we shall begin at once a general discount sale which will include every article of Clothing that the store or stock contains, Custom Tailoring and all.

Old prices certainly represented low values and dashed every transaction with a bargain sauce.

That makes this new 10 per cent discount allowed all the more remarkable. Choose as you please 90 cents will from now on possess the potency of $1. The public has confidence in our statements. Hence a discount sale of this character advertised by us invariably commands immediate and interested attention.

EISEMAN BROS.,

17-19 Whitehall Street.

VOL. XXII.

THE GAG

THE RELIEF PR... WILL NEV...

EIGHT REPUBLICAN...

A Judge's Fight with... Reed's Whisky P... News from the H...

WASHINGTON, Dece... There was any amount... senate this morning ove... tion, and the financial b... Few senators of either ... that the gag rule can b... as not less than eight re... opposed to it. These n... cott, Teller, Plumb, St... well and Cameron. If ... vent the gag resolution ... day again. They will ... sven its consideration.

And the financial bill ... created in the western c... intention of the ... free coinage in i... called up, has caused th... party to think it best to ... to take care of themsel... Everything, they say, w... and the country will be ... be if a free coinage law ... would rather see the for... else fail, than have free ...

Speaker Reed's W...

Speaker Reed purch... supply of Christmas goo... hailing from a prohibiti... quart bottles of old rye ... paid $100. The ordina... buy whisky at $8 a gall... speaker's extravagance ... conjecture what the ... with this large supply o... but some one has been ... gest that he intends ... celebrate the president'... Blaine, the veto of t... building bill.

A Judge's Fight ...

Senator McMillen, ... markably good story ... Detroit, who was nom... preme court to su... deceased.

"Some time ago," sa... Brown built a new ho... moved in he was awak... some one in his room. ... saw a man who wore a ... told him very coolly th... that he had called to ... personal property, and ... place where he kept h...

"Seeing that he ... the mercy of the intru... man the desired infor... was in the middle of h... of jewelry lying on the ... Brown, attracted the l... turned to take it up, a... this opportunity to ope... stand that stood by th... grabbing a revolver, ... burglar, who at once ... door.

He succeeded in re... the stairs, with J... pursuit. The judg... again and by ... burglar had reached th... and returned the fire. ... aroused those in the ... neighbors, and the men ... until each revolver wa... time the police and nei... appearance, but the bur... ing. Tracks of blood s... wounded, and shortly a... to his lair, but his condi... he died before he could ...

A Veto fo...

President Harrison ... and Mr. Milliken a Chi... which was not appro... sent to the senate a ve... public building bill. ... this bill once, and now t... likewise, and for the sam... will have to await an... Harrison failed to sign ... but he has a week longer ... it will become a law with...

Baby McKee's ...

Baby McKee and his ... big Christmas turkey all ... white house tomorrow. ... ficers, except Mr. Wana... here. Mr. Wanamaker ... delphia this afternoon.

Personal ...

Mr. Grimes, Mr. Bynu... Pierce of Tennessee, and ... congressmen leave Frid... North Carolina where the ... holidays duck-shooting.

Charles O. Force has be... master at Valdosta.

Mr. John C. Calhoun ... through today en route f...

Senator Morga...

Morgan called up his res... committee on privileges an... section 31 of the election bi... tended that it was not now ... that resolution, except up... Mr. Morgan said that duri... senate, about fourteen years ... been in vogue. He likened ... of the senate to the conditi... Damocles, with a single hai... pended over his head. Yes... of Rhode Island had ... over the senate—over the gr... chusetts, Ohio and New Yo... informed the senate that at ... —not of the proper commit... committee—free speech w... But these threats were no... phants and cowards, but to ... rights, and knowing dare n...

Efforts to confine speech ... grace from the senators who ... her for almost twenty years. ... ing cloture in various forms ... twenty years of quiet agreem... a senator from Ohio sudden... cloture by implication. This ... threat.

Mr. Sherman made the ... Mr. Morgan was not ... floor, but the presid... otherwise, and Mr. Morga... marks. If, he said, a sword ... heads of sycophants and co... something in it, but when t... representatives of sovereign ... the action would be met in ... by the indignant protest ag... wrongfulness, and its impro... thought that he was leading ... would apply as well to financ... election bill. He was doing ... moving a buffalo on whose ... movement is in the hands of ... who were aspirants for the p...

Pending further debate, th... arrived, and McPherson c... against the election bill.

The senate, at 2:45 o'clock ... Hoar, adjourned till Saturda... understanding that at that ... dent shall declare the senate ... day at noon.